- 2023

1	HOUSE BILL NO. 903	
2	INTRODUCED BY M. HOPKINS	
3		
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING LAWS RELATED TO MARIJUANA;	
5	ADDING PRESCHOOLS TO THE DISTANCE REQUIREMENT FOR A LICENSED PREMISES; ALLOWING A	
6	COMBINED-USE LICENSE TO INCREASE CANOPY TIERS; REVISING THE FEE STRUCTURE FOR	
7	LICENSING OF DISPENSARIES; PROVIDING AN APPROPRIATION; AMENDING SECTIONS 16-12-102, 16-	
8	12-201, 16-12-207, 16-12-223, 16-12-224, AND 16-12-225, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE	
9	EFFECTIVE DATE EFFECTIVE DATES."	
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11	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:	
12		
13	Section 1. Section 16-12-102, MCA, is amended to read:	
14	"16-12-102. Definitions. As used in this chapter, the following definitions apply:	
15	(1) "Adult-use dispensary" means a licensed premises from which a person licensed by the	
16	department may:	
17	(a) obtain marijuana or marijuana products from a licensed cultivator, manufacturer, dispensary, or	
18	other licensee approved under this chapter; and	
19	(b) sell marijuana or marijuana products to registered cardholders, adults that are 21 years of age or	
20	older, or both.	
21	(2) "Affiliate" means a person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls	
22	or is controlled by, or is under common control with, another person.	
23	(3) "Beneficial owner of", "beneficial ownership of", or "beneficially owns an" is determined in	
24	accordance with section 13(d) of the federal Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.	
25	(4) "Canopy" means the total amount of square footage dedicated to live plant production at a	
26	licensed premises consisting of the area of the floor, platform, or means of support or suspension of the plant.	
27	(5) "Consumer" means a person 21 years of age or older who obtains or possesses marijuana or	



- 2023

ı	nanjuana products for personal use from a licensed dispensary but not for resale.
2	(6) "Control", "controls", "controlled", "controlling", "controlled by", and "under common control with"
3	nean the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or
4	policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting owner's interests, by contract, or otherwise.
5	(7) "Controlling beneficial owner" means a person that satisfies one or more of the following:
6	(a) is a natural person, an entity that is organized under the laws of and for which its principal place of
7	ousiness is located in one of the states or territories of the United States or District of Columbia, or a publicly
8	raded corporation, and:
9	(i) acting alone or acting in concert, owns or acquires beneficial ownership of 5% or more of the
10	owner's interest of a marijuana business;
11	(ii) is an affiliate that controls a marijuana business and includes, without limitation, any manager; or
12	(iii) is otherwise in a position to control the marijuana business; or
13	(b) is a qualified institutional investor acting alone or acting in concert that owns or acquires beneficia
14	ownership of more than 15% of the owner's interest of a marijuana business.
15	(8) "Correctional facility or program" means a facility or program that is described in 53-1-202(2) or (3
16	and to which an individual may be ordered by any court of competent jurisdiction.
17	(9) "Cultivator" means a person licensed by the department to:
18	(a) plant, cultivate, grow, harvest, and dry marijuana; and
19	(b) package and relabel marijuana produced at the location in a natural or naturally dried form that
20	has not been converted, concentrated, or compounded for sale through a licensed dispensary.
21	(10) "Debilitating medical condition" means:
22	(a) cancer, glaucoma, positive status for human immunodeficiency virus, or acquired immune
23	leficiency syndrome when the condition or disease results in symptoms that seriously and adversely affect the
24	patient's health status;
25	(b) cachexia or wasting syndrome;
26	(c) severe chronic pain that is a persistent pain of severe intensity that significantly interferes with
27	laily activities as documented by the patient's treating physician;



- 2023

1	(d) intractable nausea or vomiting;
2	(e) epilepsy or an intractable seizure disorder;
3	(f) multiple sclerosis;
4	(g) Crohn's disease;
5	(h) painful peripheral neuropathy;
6	(i) a central nervous system disorder resulting in chronic, painful spasticity or muscle spasms;
7	(j) admittance into hospice care in accordance with rules adopted by the department; or
8	(k) posttraumatic stress disorder.
9	(11) "Department" means the department of revenue provided for in 2-15-1301.
10	(12) (a) "Employee" means an individual employed to do something for the benefit of an employer.
11	(b) The term includes a manager, agent, or director of a partnership, association, company,
12	corporation, limited liability company, or organization.
13	(c) The term does not include a third party with whom a licensee has a contractual relationship.
14	(13) (a) "Financial interest" means a legal or beneficial interest that entitles the holder, directly or
15	indirectly through a business, an investment, or a spouse, parent, or child relationship, to 5% or more of the net
16	profits or net worth of the entity in which the interest is held.
17	(b) The term does not include interest held by a bank or licensed lending institution or a security
18	interest, lien, or encumbrance but does include holders of private loans or convertible securities.
19	(14) "Former medical marijuana licensee" means a person that was licensed by or had an application
20	for licensure pending with the department of public health and human services to provide marijuana to
21	individuals with debilitating medical conditions on November 3, 2020 April 27, 2021.
22	(15) (a) "Indoor cultivation facility" means an enclosed area used to grow live plants that is within a
23	permanent structure using artificial light exclusively or to supplement natural sunlight.
24	(b) The term may include:
25	(i) a greenhouse;
26	(ii) a hoop house; or
27	(iii) a similar structure that protects the plants from variable temperature, precipitation, and wind.
27	(III) a similar structure that protects the plants from variable temperature, precipitation, and wind.



- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Erin Sullivan, 406-444-3594 HB0903.001.001

(16) "Licensed premises" means all locations related to, or associated with, a specific license that is authorized under this chapter and includes all enclosed public and private areas at the location that are used in the business operated pursuant to a license, including offices, kitchens, restrooms, and storerooms.

(17) "Licensee" means a person holding a state license issued pursuant to this chapter.

- (18) "Local government" means a county, a consolidated government, or an incorporated city or town.(19) "Manufacturer" means a person licensed by the department to convert or compound marijuana
- into marijuana products, marijuana concentrates, or marijuana extracts and package, repackage, label, or relabel marijuana products as allowed under this chapter.
- (20) (a) "Marijuana" means all plant material from the genus Cannabis containing tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) or seeds of the genus capable of germination.
- (b) The term does not include hemp, including any part of that plant, including the seeds and all derivatives, extracts, cannabinoids, isomers, acids, salts, and salts of isomers, whether growing or not, with a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more than 0.3% on a dry weight basis, or commodities or products manufactured with hemp, or any other ingredient combined with marijuana to prepare topical or oral administrations, food, drink, or other products.
- (c) The term does not include a drug approved by the United States food and drug administration pursuant to section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 301, et seg.
- (21) "Marijuana business" means a cultivator, manufacturer, adult-use dispensary, medical marijuana dispensary, combined-use marijuana licensee, testing laboratory, marijuana transporter, or any other business or function that is licensed by the department under this chapter.
- (22) "Marijuana concentrate" means any type of marijuana product consisting wholly or in part of the resin extracted from any part of the marijuana plant.
- (23) "Marijuana derivative" means any mixture or preparation of the dried leaves, flowers, resin, or byproducts of the marijuana plant, including but not limited to marijuana concentrates and other marijuana products.
- (24) "Marijuana product" means a product that contains marijuana and is intended for use by a consumer by a means other than smoking. The term includes but is not limited to edible products, ointments,



- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Erin Sullivan, 406-444-3594 HB0903.001.001

1 tinctures, marijuana derivatives, and marijuana concentrates. 2 (25) "Marijuana transporter" means a person that is licensed to transport marijuana and marijuana 3 products from one marijuana business to another marijuana business, or to and from a testing laboratory, and 4 to temporarily store the transported retail marijuana and retail marijuana products at its licensed premises, but 5 is not authorized to sell marijuana or marijuana products to consumers under any circumstances. 6 (26) "Mature marijuana plant" means a harvestable marijuana plant. 7 (27) "Medical marijuana" means marijuana or marijuana products that are for sale solely to a 8 cardholder who is registered under Title 16, chapter 12, part 5. 9 (28) "Medical marijuana dispensary" means the location from which a registered cardholder may obtain 10 marijuana or marijuana products. 11 (29) "Outdoor cultivation" means live plants growing in an area exposed to natural sunlight and 12 environmental conditions including variable temperature, precipitation, and wind. 13 (30) "Owner's interest" means the shares of stock in a corporation, a membership in a nonprofit 14 corporation, a membership interest in a limited liability company, the interest of a member in a cooperative or in 15 a limited cooperative association, a partnership interest in a limited partnership, a partnership interest in a 16 partnership, and the interest of a member in a limited partnership association. 17 (31) "Paraphernalia" has the meaning provided for "drug paraphernalia" in 45-10-101. 18 (32) "Passive beneficial owner" means any person acquiring an owner's interest in a marijuana 19 business that is not otherwise a controlling beneficial owner or in control. 20 (33) "Person" means an individual, partnership, association, company, corporation, limited liability 21 company, or organization. 22 (34) "Qualified institutional investor" means: 23 (a) a bank or banking institution including any bank, trust company, member bank of the federal 24 reserve system, bank and trust company, stock savings bank, or mutual savings bank that is organized and 25 doing business under the laws of this state, any other state, or the laws of the United States; 26 (b) a bank holding company as defined in 32-1-109; 27 (c) a company organized as an insurance company whose primary and predominant business activity



- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Erin Sullivan, 406-444-3594 HB0903.001.001

1 is the writing of insurance or the reinsuring of risks underwritten by insurance companies, and that is subject to 2 regulation or oversight by the insurance department of the office of the state auditor or a similar agency of 3 another state, or any receiver or similar official or any liquidating agent for such a company, in their capacity as 4 such an insurance company; 5 (d) an investment company registered under section 8 of the federal Investment Company Act of 6 1940. as amended: 7 (e) an employee benefit plan or pension fund subject to the federal Employee Retirement Income 8 Security Act of 1974, excluding an employee benefit plan or pension fund sponsored by a licensee or an 9 intermediary holding company licensee that directly or indirectly owns 10% or more of a licensee; 10 (f) a state or federal government pension plan; or 11 (g) any other entity identified by rule by the department. 12 (35) "Registered cardholder" or "cardholder" means a Montana resident with a debilitating medical 13 condition who has received and maintains a valid registry identification card. 14 (36) "Registry identification card" means a document issued by the department pursuant to 16-12-503 15 that identifies an individual as a registered cardholder. 16 (37) (a) "Resident" means an individual who meets the requirements of 1-1-215. 17 (b) An individual is not considered a resident for the purposes of this chapter if the individual: 18 (i) claims residence in another state or country for any purpose; or 19 (ii) is an absentee property owner paying property tax on property in Montana. 20 (38) "Seedling" means a marijuana plant that has no flowers and is less than 12 inches in height and 21 12 inches in diameter. 22 (39) "State laboratory" means the laboratory operated by the department of public health and human 23 services to conduct environmental analyses. 24 (40) "Testing laboratory" means a qualified person, licensed under this chapter that: 25 (a) provides testing of representative samples of marijuana and marijuana products; and 26 (b) provides information regarding the chemical composition and potency of a sample, as well as the 27 presence of molds, pesticides, or other contaminants in a sample.



- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Erin Sullivan, 406-444-3594 HB0903.001.001

(41) (a) "Usable marijuana" means the dried leaves and flowers of the marijuana plant that are appropriate for the use of marijuana by an individual.

(b) The term does not include the seeds, stalks, and roots of the plant. (Subsection (15)(b)(ii) terminates October 1, 2023--sec. 117(1), Ch. 576, L. 2021.)"

Section 2. Section 16-12-201, MCA, is amended to read:

"16-12-201. Licensing of cultivators, manufacturers, and dispensaries. (1) (a) Between January 1, 2022, and June 30, 2023, the department may only accept applications from and issue licenses to former medical marijuana licensees that were licensed by or had an application pending with the department of public health and human services on November 3, 2020 April 27, 2021, and are in good standing with the department and in compliance with this chapter, rules adopted by the department, and any applicable local regulations or ordinances as of January 1, 2022.

- (b) The department shall begin accepting applications for and issuing licenses to cultivate, manufacture, or sell marijuana or marijuana products to applicants who are not former medical marijuana licensees under subsection (1)(a) on or after July 1, 2023.
- (2) (a) The department shall adopt rules to govern the operation of former medical marijuana licensees and facilitate the process of transitioning former medical marijuana licensees to the appropriate license under this chapter with a minimum of disruption to business operations.
- (b) Beginning January 1, 2022, a former medical marijuana licensee may sell marijuana and marijuana products to registered cardholders at the medical tax rate set forth in 15-64-102 and to consumers at the adult-use marijuana tax rate set forth in 15-64-102 under the licensee's existing license in a jurisdiction that allows for the operation of marijuana businesses pursuant to 16-12-301 until the former medical marijuana licensee's next license renewal date, by which time the former medical licensee must have applied for and obtained the appropriate licensure under this chapter to continue operations, unless an extension of time is granted by the department.
- (c) (i) Except as provided in subsection (2)(c)(ii), for the purpose of this subsection (2), "appropriate licensure" means a cultivator license, medical marijuana dispensary license, adult-use dispensary license, and,



- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Erin Sullivan, 406-444-3594 HB0903.001.001

if applicable, a manufacturer license.

- (ii) A former medical marijuana licensee who sells marijuana and marijuana products exclusively to registered cardholders is not required to obtain an adult-use dispensary license.
- (3) The department may amend or issue licenses to provide for staggered expiration dates. The department may provide for initial license terms of greater than 12 months but no more than 23 months in adopting staggered expiration dates. Thereafter, licenses expire annually. License fees for the license term implementing staggered license terms may be prorated by the department."

Section 3. Section 16-12-207, MCA, is amended to read:

"16-12-207. Licensing as privilege -- criteria. (1) A cultivator license, manufacturer license, adultuse dispensary license, medical marijuana dispensary license, combined-use marijuana license, marijuana transporter license, or any other license authorized under this chapter is a privilege that the state may grant to an applicant and is not a right to which an applicant is entitled. In making a licensing decision, the department shall consider:

- (a) the qualifications of the applicant; and
- (b) the suitability of the proposed licensed premises, including but not limited to cultivation centers, dispensaries, and manufacturing facilities.
- (2) The department may deny or revoke a license based on proof that the applicant made a false statement in any part of the original application or renewal application.
- (3) (a) The department shall deny a cultivator license, manufacturer license, adult-use dispensary license, or medical marijuana license if the applicant's proposed licensed premises:
- (i) is situated within a zone of a locality where an activity related to the use of marijuana conflicts with an ordinance, a certified copy of which has been filed with the department;
 - (ii) is not approved by local building, health, or fire officials as provided for in this chapter; or
- (iii) is within 500 feet of and on the same street as a building used exclusively as a church, synagogue, or other place of worship, or as a school or postsecondary school other than a commercially operated school, or as a child-care facility licensed or registered by the department of public health and human



- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Erin Sullivan, 406-444-3594 HB0903.001.001

services, unless the locality requires a greater distance. This distance must be measured in a straight line from the center of the nearest entrance of the place of worship or school to the nearest entrance of the licensee's premises. This subsection (3)(a)(iii) does not apply if the application is for license renewal and the licensed premises was established before the church, synagogue, or other place of worship or school or postsecondary school or child-care facility existed on the same street.

- (b) For the purposes of this subsection (3), "school" and "postsecondary school" have the meanings provided in 20-5-402 includes public and private preschools.
- (c) The provisions of subsection (3)(a)(iii) apply to new license applications submitted on or after [the effective date of this section].
- (4) A licensee may not sell or otherwise transfer marijuana or marijuana products through a driveup window, except that a dispensary may hand-deliver marijuana or marijuana products to a registered cardholder in a vehicle that is parked immediately outside the subject dispensary.
- (5) A marijuana business may not dispense or otherwise sell marijuana or marijuana products from a vending machine or allow such a vending machine to be installed at the interior or exterior of the premises.
- (6) A marijuana business may not utilize the United States postal service or an alternative carrier other than a licensed marijuana transporter to transport, distribute, ship, or otherwise deliver marijuana or marijuana products.
- (7) A marijuana business may not provide free marijuana or marijuana products or offer samples of marijuana or marijuana products.
- (8) Marijuana or a marijuana product may not be given as a prize, premium, or consideration for a lottery, contest, game of chance, game of skill, or competition of any kind.
- (9) (a) Except as provided in subsection (9)(c), an adult-use dispensary or medical marijuana dispensary must have a single, secured entrance for patrons and shall implement strict security measures to deter and prevent the theft of marijuana and unauthorized entrance in accordance with department rule.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (9)(c), a marijuana business that is not an adult-use dispensary or medical marijuana dispensary must implement security measures in accordance with department rule to deter and prevent the theft of marijuana and unauthorized entrance.



- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Erin Sullivan, 406-444-3594 HB0903.001.001

1	(c)	The provisions of this subsection (9) do not supersede any state or local requirements relating	
2	to minimum numbers of points of entry or exit or any state or local requirements relating to fire safety.		
3	(10)	Each marijuana business shall install a video monitoring system that must, at a minimum:	
4	(a)	allow for the transmission and storage, by digital means, of a video feed that displays the	
5	interior and ext	erior of the cannabis establishment; and	
6	(b)	be capable of being recorded as prescribed by the department.	
7	(11)	An adult-use dispensary or medical marijuana dispensary may not operate between the hours	
8	of 8 p.m. and 9	a.m. daily.	
9	(12)	A person under 21 years of age is not permitted inside a marijuana business unless the person	
10	is a registered	cardholder."	
11			
12	Section	n 4. Section 16-12-223, MCA, is amended to read:	
13	"16-12	-223. Licensing of cultivators. (1) (a) The department shall license cultivators according to a	
14	tiered canopy	system. Except as provided in subsection (6), all cultivation that is licensed under this chapter	
15	may only occu	at an indoor cultivation facility.	
16	(b)	Except as provided in subsection (6), the system shall must include, at a minimum, the	
17	following licens	se types:	
18	(i)	A micro tier canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 250 square feet at one indoor	
19	cultivation facility.		
20	(ii)	A tier 1 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 1,000 square feet at one indoor cultivation	
21	facility.		
22	(iii)	A tier 2 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 2,500 square feet at up to two indoor	
23	cultivation facil	ities.	
24	(iv)	A tier 3 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 5,000 square feet at up to three indoor	
25	cultivation facilities.		
26	(v)	A tier 4 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 7,500 square feet at up to four indoor	



cultivation facilities.

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Drafter: Erin Sullivan, 406-444-3594

- 2023 68th Legislature 2023

1	(b)	\$2,500 for a cultivator with a tier 1 canopy license;
2	(c)	\$5,000 for a cultivator with a tier 2 canopy license;
3	(d)	\$7,500 for a cultivator with a tier 3 canopy license;
4	(e)	\$10,000 for a cultivator with a tier 4 canopy license;
5	(f)	\$13,000 for a cultivator with a tier 5 canopy license;
6	(g)	\$15,000 for a cultivator with a tier 6 canopy license;
7	(h)	\$17,500 for a cultivator with a tier 7 canopy license;
8	(i)	\$20,000 for a cultivator with a tier 8 canopy license;
9	(j)	\$23,000 for a cultivator with a tier 9 canopy license;
10	(k)	\$27,000 for a cultivator with a tier 10 canopy license;
11	(1)	\$32,000 for a cultivator with a tier 11 canopy license; and
12	(m)	\$37,000 for a cultivator with a tier 12 canopy license.

(6) A former medical marijuana licensee who engaged in outdoor cultivation before November 3, 2020, may continue to engage in outdoor cultivation."

not be applied separately to each indoor cultivation facility used for cultivation under the licensure level.

The fee required under this part may be imposed based only on the tier of licensure and may

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Section 5. Section 16-12-224, MCA, is amended to read:

- "16-12-224. Licensing of dispensaries. (1) Except as provided in 16-12-201(2), an applicant for a dispensary license shall demonstrate that the local government approval provisions in 16-12-301 have been satisfied in the jurisdiction where each proposed dispensary is located if the proposed dispensary would be located in a county in which the majority of voters voted against approval of Initiative Measure No. 190 in the November 3, 2020, general election.
- (2) When evaluating an initial or renewal application, the department shall evaluate each proposed dispensary for compliance with the provisions of 16-12-207 and 16-12-210.
- (3) An adult-use dispensary licensee may operate at a shared location with a medical marijuana dispensary if the adult-use dispensary and medical marijuana dispensary are owned by the same person.



HB0903.001.001

- 2023

1	(4)	A medical marijuana dispensary is authorized to sell exclusively to registered cardholders	
2	marijuana, marijuana products, and live marijuana plants.		
3	(5)	An adult-use dispensary is authorized to sell marijuana, marijuana products, and live marijuana	
4	plants to consu	umers or registered cardholders.	
5	(6)	(a) The department shall charge a dispensary license fee for an initial application and at each	
6	renewal.		
7	<u>(b)</u>	The dispensary license fee is \$5,000 for each the first location that a licensee operates as an	
8	adult-use dispe	ensary or a medical marijuana dispensary. The dispensary license fee increases cumulatively by	
9	\$5,000 for eac	h additional location under the same license.	
10	(7)	The department may adopt rules:	
11	(a)	for inspection of proposed dispensaries;	
12	(b)	for investigating owners or applicants for a determination of financial interest; and	
13	(c)	establishing or limiting the THC content of the marijuana or marijuana products that may be	
14	sold at an adul	t-use dispensary or medical marijuana dispensary.	
15	(8)	(a) Marijuana and marijuana products sold at a dispensary are regulated and sold on the basis	
16	of the concentration of THC in the products and not by weight.		
17	(b)	Except as provided in subsection (8)(c), for purposes of this chapter, a single package is limited	
18	to:		
19	(i)	for marijuana sold as flower, 1 ounce of usable marijuana. The total potential psychoactive	
20	THC of marijua	ana flower may not exceed 35%.	
21	(ii)	for a marijuana product sold as a capsule, no more than 100 milligrams of THC per capsule	
22	and no more th	nan 800 milligrams of THC per package.	
23	(iii)	for a marijuana product sold as a tincture, no more than 800 milligrams of THC;	
24	(iv)	for a marijuana product sold as an edible or a food product, no more than 100 milligrams of	
25	THC. A single	serving of an edible marijuana product may not exceed 10 milligrams of THC.	
26	(v)	for a marijuana product sold as a topical product, a concentration of no more than 6% THC and	
27	no more than 8	300 milligrams of THC per package;	



- 2023

1	(vi)	for a marijuana product sold as a suppository or transdermal patch, no more than 100	
2	milligrams of THC per suppository or transdermal patch and no more than 800 milligrams of THC per package;		
3	and		
4	(vii)	for any other marijuana product, no more than 800 milligrams of THC.	
5	(c)	A dispensary may sell marijuana or marijuana products having higher THC potency levels than	
6	described in su	ubsection (8) to registered cardholders.	
7	(9)	A licensee or employee is prohibited from conducting a transaction that would result in a	
8	consumer or registered cardholder exceeding the personal possession amounts set forth in 16-12-106 and 16-		
9	12-515."		
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11	Section	n 6. Section 16-12-225, MCA, is amended to read:	
12	"16-12	-225. Combined-use marijuana licensing requirements. (1) The department may issue a	
13	total of eight co	ombined-use marijuana licenses to entities that are:	
14	(a)	a federally recognized tribe located in the state; or	
15	(b)	a business entity that is majority-owned by a federally recognized tribe located in the state.	
16	(2)	A combined-use marijuana license consists of one tier 1 canopy cultivator license and one	
17	dispensary license allowing for the operation of a dispensary. Cultivation and dispensary facilities must be		
18	located at the same licensed premises.		
19	<u>(3)</u>	Initial licensure and annual fees for a combined-use license is \$7,500.	
20	(3) (4)	A combined-use marijuana licensee shall operate its cultivation and dispensary facilities on	
21	land that is located:		
22	(a)	within 150 air-miles of the exterior boundary of the associated tribal reservation or, for the Little	
23	Shell Chippewa	a tribe only, within 150 air-miles of the tribal service area; and	
24	(b)	in a county that has satisfied the local government approval provisions in 16-12-301 if the	
25	majority of vote	ers in the county voted against approval of Initiative Measure No. 190 in the November 3, 2020,	
26	general election.		
27	(4) (5)	An applicant under this section must satisfy all licensing requirements under this chapter and is	



- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Erin Sullivan, 406-444-3594 HB0903.001.001

1 subject to all fees and taxes associated with the cultivation and sale of marijuana or marijuana products 2 provided for in this chapter. 3 (5)(6) A license granted under this section must be operated in compliance with all requirements 4 imposed under this chapter. 5 (6)(7) After a tribe or a majority-owned business of that tribe is licensed under this section, that tribe 6 or another majority-owned business of that tribe may not obtain another combined-use license until the prior 7 license is relinquished, lapses, or is revoked by the department." 8 NEW SECTION. Section 7. Appropriation. There is appropriated \$1,000 from the state special 9 10 revenue fund under 16-12-111 to the department of revenue for the biennium ending June 30, 2023, for the 11 purposes of notification to licensees of the provisions of [this act]. 12 NEW SECTION. Section 8. Notification to tribal governments. The secretary of state shall send a 13 14 copy of [this act] to each federally recognized tribal government in Montana. 15 16 COORDINATION SECTION. Section 9. Coordination instruction. If both House Bill No. 128 and 17 [this act] are passed and approved, and if both amend 16-12-223, then [section 20 of House Bill No. 128], 18 amending 16-12-223, is void and [section 5 of this act], amending 16-12-223, must be amended as follows: 19 "16-12-223. Licensing of cultivators. (1) (a) The department shall license cultivators according to a 20 tiered canopy system. Except as provided in subsection (6), all cultivation that is licensed under this chapter 21 may only occur at an indoor cultivation facility. 22 Except as provided in subsection (6), the system shall-must include, at a minimum, the (b) 23 following license types: 24 (i) A micro tier canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 250 square feet at one indoor 25 cultivation facility. 26 (ii) A tier 1 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 1,000 square feet at one indoor cultivation 27 facility.



- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Erin Sullivan, 406-444-3594 HB0903.001.001

1 A tier 2 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 2,500 square feet at up to two indoor (iii) cultivation facilities. 2 3 (iv) A tier 3 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 5,000 square feet at up to three indoor 4 cultivation facilities. 5 A tier 4 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 7,500 square feet at up to four indoor (v) 6 cultivation facilities. 7 A tier 5 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 10,000 square feet at up to five indoor (vi) 8 cultivation facilities. 9 A tier 6 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 13,000 square feet at up to five indoor (vii) 10 cultivation facilities. 11 (viii) A tier 7 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 15,000 square feet at up to five indoor 12 cultivation facilities. 13 A tier 8 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 17,500 square feet at up to five indoor (ix) 14 cultivation facilities. A tier 9 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 20,000 square feet at up to six indoor 15 (x) 16 cultivation facilities. 17 (xi) A tier 10 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 30,000 square feet at up to seven indoor 18 cultivation facilities. 19 (xii) A tier 11 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 40,000 square feet at up to eight indoor 20 cultivation facilities. 21 A tier 12 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 50,000 square feet at up to nine indoor (xiii) 22 cultivation facilities. 23 A cultivator shall demonstrate that the local government approval provisions in 16-12-301 have (c) 24 been satisfied for the jurisdiction where each proposed indoor cultivation facility or facilities is or will be located 25 if a proposed facility would be located in a county in which the majority of voters voted against approval of 26 Initiative Measure No. 190 in the November 3, 2020, general election. 27 (d) When evaluating an initial or renewal license application, the department shall evaluate each



- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Erin Sullivan, 406-444-3594 HB0903.001.001

1 proposed indoor cultivation facility for compliance with the provisions of 16-12-207 and 16-12-210. 2 (e) (i) Except as provided in subsection (1)(e)(iii), a cultivator who has reached capacity under the 3 existing license may apply to advance to the next licensing tier in conjunction with a regular renewal application 4 by demonstrating that: 5 (A) the cultivator is using the full amount of canopy currently authorized; 6 the tracking system shows the cultivator is selling at least 80% of the marijuana produced by (B) 7 the square footage of the cultivator's existing license over the 2 previous quarters or the cultivator can 8 otherwise demonstrate to the department that there is a market for the marijuana it seeks to produce; and 9 (C) its proposed additional or expanded indoor cultivation facility or facilities are located in a 10 jurisdiction where the local government approval provisions contained in 16-12-301 have been satisfied or that 11 they are located in a county in which the majority of voters voted to approve Initiative Measure No. 190 in the 12 November 3, 2020, general election. 13 (ii) Except as provided in subsection (1)(e)(iii), the department may increase a licensure level by 14 only one tier at a time. (iii) Between January 1, 2022, and June 30, 2023, a cultivator may increase its licensure level by more 15 16 than one tier at a time, up to a tier 5 canopy license, without meeting the requirements of subsections 17 (1)(e)(i)(A) and (1)(e)(i)(B). 18 A cultivator under a combined-use license may increase its licensure level by more than one <u>(iii)</u> 19 tier at a time, up to a tier 5 canopy license, without meeting the requirements of subsections (1)(e)(i)(A) and 20 (1)(e)(i)(B). 21 The department shall conduct an inspection of the cultivator's registered premises and (iv) 22 proposed premises within 30 days of receiving the application and before approving the application. 23 (f) A marijuana business that has not been issued a license before July 1, 2023 July 1, 2025, must 24 be initially licensed at a tier 2 canopy license or lower. 25 (2) The department is authorized to create additional tiers as necessary. 26 (3) The department may adopt rules: 27 for inspection of proposed indoor cultivation facilities under subsection (1); (a)



- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Erin Sullivan, 406-444-3594 HB0903.001.001

1	(b)	for investigating owners or applicants for a determination of financial interest; and
2	(c)	in consultation with the department of agriculture and based on well-supported science, to
3	require license	es to adopt practices consistent with the prevention, introduction, and spread of insects,
4	diseases, and	other plant pests into Montana.
5	(4)	Initial licensure and annual fees for these licensees are:
6	(a)	\$1,000 for a cultivator with a micro tier canopy license;
7	(b)	\$2,500 for a cultivator with a tier 1 canopy license;
8	(c)	\$5,000 for a cultivator with a tier 2 canopy license;
9	(d)	\$7,500 for a cultivator with a tier 3 canopy license;
10	(e)	\$10,000 for a cultivator with a tier 4 canopy license;
11	(f)	\$13,000 for a cultivator with a tier 5 canopy license;
12	(g)	\$15,000 for a cultivator with a tier 6 canopy license;
13	(h)	\$17,500 for a cultivator with a tier 7 canopy license;
14	(i)	\$20,000 for a cultivator with a tier 8 canopy license;
15	(j)	\$23,000 for a cultivator with a tier 9 canopy license;
16	(k)	\$27,000 for a cultivator with a tier 10 canopy license;
17	(I)	\$32,000 for a cultivator with a tier 11 canopy license; and
18	(m)	\$37,000 for a cultivator with a tier 12 canopy license.
19	(5)	The fee required under this part may be imposed based only on the tier of licensure and may
20	not be applied	separately to each indoor cultivation facility used for cultivation under the licensure level.
21	(6)	A former medical marijuana licensee who engaged in outdoor cultivation before November 3,
22	2020, may con	tinue to engage in outdoor cultivation."
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COORDINATION SECTION. Section 10. Coordination instruction. If both House Bill No. 128 and [this act] are passed and approved, and if both amend 16-12-201, then [section 11 of House Bill No. 128], amending 16-12-201, is void and [section 2 of this act], amending 16-12-201, must be amended as follows:

"16-12-201. Licensing of cultivators, manufacturers, and dispensaries. (1) (a) Between January



- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Erin Sullivan, 406-444-3594 HB0903.001.001

1, 2022, and June 30, 2023 June 30, 2025, the department may only accept applications from and issue licenses to former medical marijuana licensees that were licensed by or had an application pending with the department of public health and human services on November 3, 2020 April 27, 2021, and are in good standing with the department and in compliance with this chapter, rules adopted by the department, and any applicable local regulations or ordinances as of January 1, 2022.

- (b) The department shall begin accepting applications for and issuing licenses to cultivate, manufacture, or sell marijuana or marijuana products to applicants who are not former medical marijuana licensees under subsection (1)(a) on or after July 1, 2023 July 1, 2025.
- (2) (a) The department shall adopt rules to govern the operation of former medical marijuana licensees and facilitate the process of transitioning former medical marijuana licensees to the appropriate license under this chapter with a minimum of disruption to business operations.
- (b) Beginning January 1, 2022, a former medical marijuana licensee may sell marijuana and marijuana products to registered cardholders at the medical tax rate set forth in 15-64-102 and to consumers at the adult-use marijuana tax rate set forth in 15-64-102 under the licensee's existing license in a jurisdiction that allows for the operation of marijuana businesses pursuant to 16-12-301 until the former medical marijuana licensee's next license renewal date, by which time the former medical licensee must have applied for and obtained the appropriate licensure under this chapter to continue operations, unless an extension of time is granted by the department.
- (c) (i) Except as provided in subsection (2)(c)(ii), for the purpose of this subsection (2), "appropriate licensure" means a cultivator license, medical marijuana dispensary license, adult-use dispensary license, and, if applicable, a manufacturer license.
- (ii) A former medical marijuana licensee who sells marijuana and marijuana products exclusively to registered cardholders is not required to obtain an adult-use dispensary license.
- (3) The department may amend or issue licenses to provide for staggered expiration dates. The department may provide for initial license terms of greater than 12 months but no more than 23 months in adopting staggered expiration dates. Thereafter, licenses expire annually. License fees for the license term implementing staggered license terms may be prorated by the department."



- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Erin Sullivan, 406-444-3594 HB0903.001.001

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2	COORDINATION SECTION. Section 11. Coordination instruction. If both House Bill No. 128 and		
3	[this act] are passed and approved, and if both amend 16-12-102, then [section 3 of House Bill No. 128],		
4	amending 16-12-102, is void and [section 1 of this act], amending 16-12-102, must be amended as follows:		
5	"16-12-102. Definitions. As used in this chapter, the following definitions apply:		
6	(1) "Adult-use dispensary" means a licensed premises from which a person licensed by the		
7	department may:		
8	(a) obtain marijuana or marijuana products from a licensed cultivator, manufacturer, dispensary, or		
9	other licensee approved under this chapter; and		
10	(b) sell marijuana or marijuana products to registered cardholders, adults that are 21 years of age or		
11	older, or both.		
12	(2) "Affiliate" means a person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls		
13	or is controlled by, or is under common control with, another person.		
14	(3) "Beneficial owner of", "beneficial ownership of", or "beneficially owns an" is determined in		
15	accordance with section 13(d) of the federal Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.		
16	(4) "Canopy" means the total amount of square footage dedicated to live plant production at a		
17	licensed premises consisting of the area of the floor, platform, or means of support or suspension of the plant.		
18	(5) "Consumer" means a person 21 years of age or older who obtains or possesses marijuana or		
19	marijuana products for personal use from a licensed dispensary but not for resale.		
20	(6) "Control", "controls", "controlled", "controlling", "controlled by", and "under common control with"		
21	mean the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or		
22	policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting owner's interests, by contract, or otherwise.		
23	(7) "Controlling beneficial owner" means a person that satisfies one or more of the following:		
24	(a) is a natural person, an entity that is organized under the laws of and for which its principal place of		
25	business is located in one of the states or territories of the United States or District of Columbia, or a publicly		
26	traded corporation, and:		
27	(i) acting alone or acting in concert, owns or acquires beneficial ownership of 5% or more of the		



- 2023

1	owner's inte	rest of a marijuana business;
2	(ii)	is an affiliate that controls a marijuana business and includes, without limitation, any manager; or
3	(iii)	is otherwise in a position to control the marijuana business; or
4	(b)	is a qualified institutional investor acting alone or acting in concert that owns or acquires beneficial
5	ownership o	of more than 15% of the owner's interest of a marijuana business.
6	(8)	"Correctional facility or program" means a facility or program that is described in 53-1-202(2) or (3)
7	and to which	n an individual may be ordered by any court of competent jurisdiction.
8	(9)	"Cultivator" means a person licensed by the department to:
9	(a)	plant, cultivate, grow, harvest, and dry marijuana; and
10	(b)	package and relabel marijuana produced at the location in a natural or naturally dried form that
11	has not bee	n converted, concentrated, or compounded for sale through a licensed dispensary.
12	(10)) "Debilitating medical condition" means:
13	(a)	cancer, glaucoma, positive status for human immunodeficiency virus, or acquired immune
14	deficiency syndrome when the condition or disease results in symptoms that seriously and adversely affect the	
15	patient's he	alth status;
16	(b)	cachexia or wasting syndrome;
17	(c)	severe chronic pain that is a persistent pain of severe intensity that significantly interferes with
18	daily activiti	es as documented by the patient's treating physician;
19	(d)	intractable nausea or vomiting;
20	(e)	epilepsy or an intractable seizure disorder;
21	(f)	multiple sclerosis;
22	(g)	Crohn's disease;
23	(h)	painful peripheral neuropathy;
24	(i)	a central nervous system disorder resulting in chronic, painful spasticity or muscle spasms;
25	(j)	admittance into hospice care in accordance with rules adopted by the department; or
26	(k)	posttraumatic stress disorder.
27	(11)	"Department" means the department of revenue provided for in 2-15-1301.



- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Erin Sullivan, 406-444-3594 HB0903.001.001

1 (12) (a) "Employee" means an individual employed to do something for the benefit of an employer. 2 (b) The term includes a manager, agent, or director of a partnership, association, company, 3 corporation, limited liability company, or organization. 4 (c) The term does not include a third party with whom a licensee has a contractual relationship. 5 (13) (a) "Financial interest" means a legal or beneficial interest that entitles the holder, directly or 6 indirectly through a business, an investment, or a spouse, parent, or child relationship, to 5% or more of the net 7 profits or net worth of the entity in which the interest is held. 8 (b) The term does not include interest held by a bank or licensed lending institution or a security 9 interest, lien, or encumbrance but does include holders of private loans or convertible securities. 10 (14) "Former medical marijuana licensee" means a person that was licensed by or had an application 11 for licensure pending with the department of public health and human services to provide marijuana to 12 individuals with debilitating medical conditions on November 3, 2020 April 27, 2021. (15) (a) "Indoor cultivation facility" means an enclosed area used to grow live plants that is within a 13 14 permanent structure using artificial light exclusively or to supplement natural sunlight. 15 (b) The term may include: 16 (i) a greenhouse: 17 (ii) a hoop house; or 18 (iii) a similar structure that protects the plants from variable temperature, precipitation, and wind. 19 (16) "Licensed premises" means all locations related to, or associated with, a specific license that is 20 authorized under this chapter and includes all enclosed public and private areas at the location that are used in 21 the business operated pursuant to a license, including offices, kitchens, restrooms, and storerooms. 22 (17) "Licensee" means a person holding a state license issued pursuant to this chapter. 23 (18) "Local government" means a county, a consolidated government, or an incorporated city or town. 24 (19) "Manufacturer" means a person licensed by the department to convert or compound marijuana 25 into marijuana products, marijuana concentrates, or marijuana extracts and package, repackage, label, or 26 relabel marijuana products as allowed under this chapter. 27 (20) (a) "Marijuana" means all plant material from the genus Cannabis containing



- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Erin Sullivan, 406-444-3594 HB0903.001.001

tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) or seeds of the genus capable of germination.

- (b) The term does not include hemp, including any part of that plant, including the seeds and all derivatives, extracts, cannabinoids, isomers, acids, salts, and salts of isomers, whether growing or not, with a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more than 0.3% on a dry weight basis, or commodities or products manufactured with hemp, or any other ingredient combined with marijuana to prepare topical or oral administrations, food, drink, or other products.
- (c) The term does not include a drug approved by the United States food and drug administration pursuant to section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 301, et seq.
- (21) "Marijuana business" means a cultivator, manufacturer, adult-use dispensary, medical marijuana dispensary, combined-use marijuana licensee, testing laboratory, marijuana transporter, or any other business or function that is licensed by the department under this chapter.
- (22) "Marijuana concentrate" means any type of marijuana product consisting wholly or in part of the resin extracted from any part of the marijuana plant.
- (23) "Marijuana derivative" means any mixture or preparation of the dried leaves, flowers, resin, or byproducts of the marijuana plant, including but not limited to marijuana concentrates and other marijuana products.
- (24) "Marijuana product" means a product that contains marijuana and is intended for use by a consumer-by a means other than smoking. The term includes but is not limited to edible products, ointments, tinctures, marijuana derivatives, and marijuana concentrates, including concentrates intended for use by smoking or vaping.
- (25) "Marijuana transporter" means a person that is licensed to transport marijuana and marijuana products from one marijuana business to another marijuana business, or to and from a testing laboratory, and to temporarily store the transported retail marijuana and retail marijuana products at its licensed premises, but is not authorized to sell marijuana or marijuana products to consumers under any circumstances.
 - (26) "Mature marijuana plant" means a harvestable marijuana plant.
- (27) "Medical marijuana" means marijuana or marijuana products that are for sale solely to a cardholder who is registered under Title 16, chapter 12, part 5.



- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Erin Sullivan, 406-444-3594 HB0903.001.001

1 (28) "Medical marijuana dispensary" means the location from which a registered cardholder may obtain 2 marijuana or marijuana products. 3 (29) "Outdoor cultivation" means live plants growing in an area exposed to natural sunlight and 4 environmental conditions including variable temperature, precipitation, and wind. 5 (30) "Owner's interest" means the shares of stock in a corporation, a membership in a nonprofit 6 corporation, a membership interest in a limited liability company, the interest of a member in a cooperative or in 7 a limited cooperative association, a partnership interest in a limited partnership, a partnership interest in a 8 partnership, and the interest of a member in a limited partnership association. 9 (31) "Paraphernalia" has the meaning provided for "drug paraphernalia" in 45-10-101. 10 (32) "Passive beneficial owner" means any person acquiring an owner's interest in a marijuana 11 business that is not otherwise a controlling beneficial owner or in control. 12 (33) "Person" means an individual, partnership, association, company, corporation, limited liability 13 company, or organization. 14 (34) "Qualified institutional investor" means: 15 (a) a bank or banking institution including any bank, trust company, member bank of the federal 16 reserve system, bank and trust company, stock savings bank, or mutual savings bank that is organized and 17 doing business under the laws of this state, any other state, or the laws of the United States; 18 (b) a bank holding company as defined in 32-1-109; 19 (c) a company organized as an insurance company whose primary and predominant business activity 20 is the writing of insurance or the reinsuring of risks underwritten by insurance companies, and that is subject to 21 regulation or oversight by the insurance department of the office of the state auditor or a similar agency of 22 another state, or any receiver or similar official or any liquidating agent for such a company, in their capacity as 23 such an insurance company; 24 (d) an investment company registered under section 8 of the federal Investment Company Act of 25 1940, as amended; 26 (e) an employee benefit plan or pension fund subject to the federal Employee Retirement Income 27 Security Act of 1974, excluding an employee benefit plan or pension fund sponsored by a licensee or an



- 2023

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Erin Sullivan, 406-444-3594 HB0903.001.001

1	intermediary holding company licensee that directly or indirectly owns 10% or more of a licensee;
2	(f) a state or federal government pension plan; or
3	(g) any other entity identified by rule by the department.
4	(35) "Registered cardholder" or "cardholder" means a Montana resident with a debilitating medical
5	condition who has received and maintains a valid registry identification card.
6	(36) "Registry identification card" means a document issued by the department pursuant to 16-12-503
7	that identifies an individual as a registered cardholder.
8	(37) (a) "Resident" means an individual who meets the requirements of 1-1-215.
9	(b) An individual is not considered a resident for the purposes of this chapter if the individual:
10	(i) claims residence in another state or country for any purpose; or
11	(ii) is an absentee property owner paying property tax on property in Montana.
12	(38) "Seedling" means a marijuana plant that has no flowers and is less than 12 inches in height and
13	12 inches in diameter.
14	(39) "State laboratory" means the laboratory operated by the department of public health and human
15	services to conduct environmental analyses.
16	(40)(39) "Testing laboratory" means a qualified person, licensed under this chapter that:
17	(a) provides testing of representative samples of marijuana and marijuana products; and
18	(b) provides information regarding the chemical composition and potency of a sample, as well as the
19	presence of molds, pesticides, or other contaminants in a sample.
20	(41)(40) (a) "Usable marijuana" means the dried leaves and flowers of the marijuana plant that are
21	appropriate for the use of marijuana by an individual.
22	(b) The term does not include the seeds, stalks, and roots of the plant. (Subsection (15)(b)(ii)
23	terminates October 1, 2023sec. 117(1), Ch. 576, L. 2021.)"
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NEW SECTION. Section 12. Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are

severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its applications,

the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid applications.

- 2023

5

68th Legislature 2023 Drafter: Erin Sullivan, 406-444-3594 HB0903.001.001

NEW SECTION. Section 13. Effective date dates. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), [This this act] is effective on passage and approval.

(2) [Section 3] is effective January 1, 2024.

- END -





- 27 -