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1	HOUSE BILL NO. 903
2	INTRODUCED BY M. HOPKINS
3	
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING LAWS RELATED TO MARIJUANA;
5	ADDING PRESCHOOLS TO THE DISTANCE REQUIREMENT FOR A LICENSED PREMISES; ALLOWING A
6	COMBINED-USE LICENSE TO INCREASE CANOPY TIERS; REVISING THE FEE STRUCTURE FOR
7	LICENSING OF DISPENSARIES; REQUIRING A REPORT TO THE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS
8	<u>UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS;</u> PROVIDING AN APPROPRIATION; AMENDING SECTIONS <u>16-12-102</u> , <u>16-</u>
9	12-201, 16-12-207, 16-12-223, 16-12-224, AND-16-12-225, AND 16-12-509, MCA; AND PROVIDING AN
10	IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE EFFECTIVE DATES."
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12	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:
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14	Section 1. Section 16-12-102, MCA, is amended to read:
15	"16-12-102. Definitions. As used in this chapter, the following definitions apply:
16	(1) "Adult-use dispensary" means a licensed premises from which a person licensed by the
17	department may:
18	(a) obtain marijuana or marijuana products from a licensed cultivator, manufacturer, dispensary, or
19	other licensee approved under this chapter; and
20	(b) sell marijuana or marijuana products to registered cardholders, adults that are 21 years of age or
21	older, or both.
22	(2) "Affiliate" means a person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls
23	or is controlled by, or is under common control with, another person.
24	(3) "Beneficial owner of", "beneficial ownership of", or "beneficially owns an" is determined in
25	accordance with section 13(d) of the federal Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
26	(4) "Canopy" means the total amount of square footage dedicated to live plant production at a
27	licensed premises consisting of the area of the floor, platform, or means of support or suspension of the plant.



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1	(5) "Co	onsumer" means a person 21 years of age or older who obtains or possesses marijuana or
2	marijuana produ	ucts for personal use from a licensed dispensary but not for resale.
3	(6) "Co	ontrol", "controls", "controlled", "controlling", "controlled by", and "under common control with"
4	mean the posse	ession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or
5	policies of a pers	son, whether through the ownership of voting owner's interests, by contract, or otherwise.
6	(7) "Co	ontrolling beneficial owner" means a person that satisfies one or more of the following:
7	(a) is a	a natural person, an entity that is organized under the laws of and for which its principal place of
8	business is loca	ted in one of the states or territories of the United States or District of Columbia, or a publicly
9	traded corporation	on, and:
10	(i) acti	ing alone or acting in concert, owns or acquires beneficial ownership of 5% or more of the
11	owner's interest	of a marijuana business;
12	(ii) is ar	n affiliate that controls a marijuana business and includes, without limitation, any manager; or
13	(iii) is o	therwise in a position to control the marijuana business; or
14	(b) is a	a qualified institutional investor acting alone or acting in concert that owns or acquires beneficial
15	ownership of mo	ore than 15% of the owner's interest of a marijuana business.
16	(8) "Co	orrectional facility or program" means a facility or program that is described in 53-1-202(2) or (3)
17	and to which an	individual may be ordered by any court of competent jurisdiction.
18	(9) "Cu	ultivator" means a person licensed by the department to:
19	(a) pla	ant, cultivate, grow, harvest, and dry marijuana; and
20	(b) pac	ckage and relabel marijuana produced at the location in a natural or naturally dried form that
21	has not been co	onverted, concentrated, or compounded for sale through a licensed dispensary.
22	(10) "D	ebilitating medical condition" means:
23	(a) car	ncer, glaucoma, positive status for human immunodeficiency virus, or acquired immune
24	deficiency syndr	rome when the condition or disease results in symptoms that seriously and adversely affect the
25	patient's health	status;
26	(b) cad	chexia or wasting syndrome;
27	(c) sev	vere chronic pain that is a persistent pain of severe intensity that significantly interferes with



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<ul> <li>(d) intractable nausea or vomiting;</li> <li>(e) epilepsy or an intractable seizure disorder;</li> <li>(f) multiple sclerosis;</li> <li>(g) Crohn's disease;</li> </ul>	
4 (f) multiple sclerosis;	
5 (g) Crohn's disease;	
6 (h) painful peripheral neuropathy;	
7 (i) a central nervous system disorder resulting in chronic, painful spastici	y or muscle spasms;
8 (j) admittance into hospice care in accordance with rules adopted by the	department; or
9 (k) posttraumatic stress disorder.	
10 (11) "Department" means the department of revenue provided for in 2-15-	1301.
11 (12) (a) "Employee" means an individual employed to do something for the	e benefit of an employer.
12 (b) The term includes a manager, agent, or director of a partnership, ass	ociation, company,
corporation, limited liability company, or organization.	
14 (c) The term does not include a third party with whom a licensee has a co	ontractual relationship.
15 (13) (a) "Financial interest" means a legal or beneficial interest that entitle	es the holder, directly or
indirectly through a business, an investment, or a spouse, parent, or child relations	hip, to 5% or more of the net
profits or net worth of the entity in which the interest is held.	
18 (b) The term does not include interest held by a bank or licensed lending	institution or a security
19 interest, lien, or encumbrance but does include holders of private loans or converti	ole securities.
20 (14) "Former medical marijuana licensee" means a person that was licens	ed by or had an application
for licensure pending with the department of public health and human services to p	rovide marijuana to
individuals with debilitating medical conditions on November 3, 2020 April 27, 2020	ļ.
23 (15) (a) "Indoor cultivation facility" means an enclosed area used to grow	live plants that is within a
24 permanent structure using artificial light exclusively or to supplement natural sunlig	ht.
25 (b) The term may include:	
26 (i) a greenhouse;	
27 (ii) a hoop house; or	



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1	(iii) a similar structure that protects the plants from variable temperature, precipitation, and wind.
2	(16) "Licensed premises" means all locations related to, or associated with, a specific license that is
3	authorized under this chapter and includes all enclosed public and private areas at the location that are used in
4	the business operated pursuant to a license, including offices, kitchens, restrooms, and storerooms.
5	(17) "Licensee" means a person holding a state license issued pursuant to this chapter.
6	(18) "Local government" means a county, a consolidated government, or an incorporated city or town.
7	(19) "Manufacturer" means a person licensed by the department to convert or compound marijuana
8	into marijuana products, marijuana concentrates, or marijuana extracts and package, repackage, label, or
9	relabel marijuana products as allowed under this chapter.
10	(20) (a) "Marijuana" means all plant material from the genus Cannabis containing
11	tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) or seeds of the genus capable of germination.
12	(b) The term does not include hemp, including any part of that plant, including the seeds and all
13	derivatives, extracts, cannabinoids, isomers, acids, salts, and salts of isomers, whether growing or not, with a
14	delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more than 0.3% on a dry weight basis, or commodities or
15	products manufactured with hemp, or any other ingredient combined with marijuana to prepare topical or oral
16	administrations, food, drink, or other products.
17	(c) The term does not include a drug approved by the United States food and drug administration
18	pursuant to section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 301, et seq.
19	(21) "Marijuana business" means a cultivator, manufacturer, adult-use dispensary, medical marijuana
20	dispensary, combined-use marijuana licensee, testing laboratory, marijuana transporter, or any other business
21	or function that is licensed by the department under this chapter.
22	(22) "Marijuana concentrate" means any type of marijuana product consisting wholly or in part of the
23	resin extracted from any part of the marijuana plant.



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(24) "Marijuana product" means a product that contains marijuana and is intended for use by a

(23) "Marijuana derivative" means any mixture or preparation of the dried leaves, flowers, resin, or

byproducts of the marijuana plant, including but not limited to marijuana concentrates and other marijuana

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1 consumer by a means other than smoking. The term includes but is not limited to edible products, ointments, 2 tinctures, marijuana derivatives, and marijuana concentrates. 3 (25) "Marijuana transporter" means a person that is licensed to transport marijuana and marijuana 4 products from one marijuana business to another marijuana business, or to and from a testing laboratory, and 5 to temporarily store the transported retail marijuana and retail marijuana products at its licensed premises, but 6 is not authorized to sell marijuana or marijuana products to consumers under any circumstances. 7 (26) "Mature marijuana plant" means a harvestable marijuana plant. 8 (27) "Medical marijuana" means marijuana or marijuana products that are for sale solely to a 9 cardholder who is registered under Title 16, chapter 12, part 5. 10 (28) "Medical marijuana dispensary" means the location from which a registered cardholder may obtain 11 marijuana or marijuana products. 12 (29) "Outdoor cultivation" means live plants growing in an area exposed to natural sunlight and 13 environmental conditions including variable temperature, precipitation, and wind. 14 (30) "Owner's interest" means the shares of stock in a corporation, a membership in a nonprofit 15 corporation, a membership interest in a limited liability company, the interest of a member in a cooperative or in 16 a limited cooperative association, a partnership interest in a limited partnership, a partnership interest in a 17 partnership, and the interest of a member in a limited partnership association. 18 (31) "Paraphernalia" has the meaning provided for "drug paraphernalia" in 45-10-101. 19 (32) "Passive beneficial owner" means any person acquiring an owner's interest in a marijuana 20 business that is not otherwise a controlling beneficial owner or in control. 21 (33) "Person" means an individual, partnership, association, company, corporation, limited liability 22 company, or organization. 23 (34) "Qualified institutional investor" means: 24 (a) a bank or banking institution including any bank, trust company, member bank of the federal 25 reserve system, bank and trust company, stock savings bank, or mutual savings bank that is organized and



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doing business under the laws of this state, any other state, or the laws of the United States;

(b) a bank holding company as defined in 32-1-109;

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1	(c) a company organized as an insurance company whose primary and predominant business activity
2	is the writing of insurance or the reinsuring of risks underwritten by insurance companies, and that is subject to
3	regulation or oversight by the insurance department of the office of the state auditor or a similar agency of
4	another state, or any receiver or similar official or any liquidating agent for such a company, in their capacity as
5	such an insurance company;
6	(d) an investment company registered under section 8 of the federal Investment Company Act of
7	1940, as amended;
8	(e) an employee benefit plan or pension fund subject to the federal Employee Retirement Income
9	Security Act of 1974, excluding an employee benefit plan or pension fund sponsored by a licensee or an
10	intermediary holding company licensee that directly or indirectly owns 10% or more of a licensee;
11	(f) a state or federal government pension plan; or
12	(g) any other entity identified by rule by the department.
13	(35) "Registered cardholder" or "cardholder" means a Montana resident with a debilitating medical
14	condition who has received and maintains a valid registry identification card.
15	(36) "Registry identification card" means a document issued by the department pursuant to 16-12-503
16	that identifies an individual as a registered cardholder.
17	(37) (a) "Resident" means an individual who meets the requirements of 1-1-215.
18	(b) An individual is not considered a resident for the purposes of this chapter if the individual:
19	(i) claims residence in another state or country for any purpose; or
20	(ii) is an absentee property owner paying property tax on property in Montana.
21	(38) "Seedling" means a marijuana plant that has no flowers and is less than 12 inches in height and
22	12 inches in diameter.
23	(39) "State laboratory" means the laboratory operated by the department of public health and human
24	services to conduct environmental analyses.
25	(40) "Testing laboratory" means a qualified person, licensed under this chapter that:
26	(a) provides testing of representative samples of marijuana and marijuana products; and
27	(b) provides information regarding the chemical composition and potency of a sample, as well as the



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- presence of molds, pesticides, or other contaminants in a sample.
- (41) (a) "Usable marijuana" means the dried leaves and flowers of the marijuana plant that are appropriate for the use of marijuana by an individual.
- (b) The term does not include the seeds, stalks, and roots of the plant. (Subsection (15)(b)(ii) terminates October 1, 2023--sec. 117(1), Ch. 576, L. 2021.)"

**Section 2.** Section 16-12-201, MCA, is amended to read:

"16-12-201. Licensing of cultivators, manufacturers, and dispensaries. (1) (a) Between January 1, 2022, and June 30, 2023, the department may only accept applications from and issue licenses to former medical marijuana licensees that were licensed by or had an application pending with the department of public health and human services on November 3, 2020 April 27, 2021, and are in good standing with the department and in compliance with this chapter, rules adopted by the department, and any applicable local regulations or ordinances as of January 1, 2022.

- (b) The department shall begin accepting applications for and issuing licenses to cultivate, manufacture, or sell marijuana or marijuana products to applicants who are not former medical marijuana licensees under subsection (1)(a) on or after July 1, 2023.
- (2) (a) The department shall adopt rules to govern the operation of former medical marijuana licensees and facilitate the process of transitioning former medical marijuana licensees to the appropriate license under this chapter with a minimum of disruption to business operations.
- (b) Beginning January 1, 2022, a former medical marijuana licensee may sell marijuana and marijuana products to registered cardholders at the medical tax rate set forth in 15-64-102 and to consumers at the adult-use marijuana tax rate set forth in 15-64-102 under the licensee's existing license in a jurisdiction that allows for the operation of marijuana businesses pursuant to 16-12-301 until the former medical marijuana licensee's next license renewal date, by which time the former medical licensee must have applied for and obtained the appropriate licensure under this chapter to continue operations, unless an extension of time is granted by the department.
  - (c) (i) Except as provided in subsection (2)(c)(ii), for the purpose of this subsection (2), "appropriate



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licensure" means a cultivator license, medical marijuana dispensary license, adult-use dispensary license, and, if applicable, a manufacturer license.

- (ii) A former medical marijuana licensee who sells marijuana and marijuana products exclusively to registered cardholders is not required to obtain an adult-use dispensary license.
- (3) The department may amend or issue licenses to provide for staggered expiration dates. The department may provide for initial license terms of greater than 12 months but no more than 23 months in adopting staggered expiration dates. Thereafter, licenses expire annually. License fees for the license term implementing staggered license terms may be prorated by the department."

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#### **Section 3.** Section 16-12-207, MCA, is amended to read:

"16-12-207. Licensing as privilege -- criteria. (1) A cultivator license, manufacturer license, adultuse dispensary license, medical marijuana dispensary license, combined-use marijuana license, marijuana transporter license, or any other license authorized under this chapter is a privilege that the state may grant to an applicant and is not a right to which an applicant is entitled. In making a licensing decision, the department shall consider:

- (a) the qualifications of the applicant; and
- (b) the suitability of the proposed licensed premises, including but not limited to cultivation centers, dispensaries, and manufacturing facilities.
- (2) The department may deny or revoke a license based on proof that the applicant made a false statement in any part of the original application or renewal application.
- (3) (a) The department shall deny a cultivator license, manufacturer license, adult-use dispensary license, or medical marijuana license if the applicant's proposed licensed premises:
- (i) is situated within a zone of a locality where an activity related to the use of marijuana conflicts with an ordinance, a certified copy of which has been filed with the department;
  - (ii) is not approved by local building, health, or fire officials as provided for in this chapter; or
- (iii) is within 500 feet of and on the same street as a building used exclusively as a church, synagogue, or other place of worship, or as a school or postsecondary school other than a commercially



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operated school, or as a child-care facility licensed or registered by the department of public health and human
services, unless the locality requires a greater distance. This distance must be measured in a straight line from
the center of the nearest entrance of the place of worship or school to the nearest entrance of the licensee's
premises. This subsection (3)(a)(iii) does not apply if the application is for license renewal and the licensed
premises was established before the church, synagogue, or other place of worship or school or postsecondary
school or child-care facility existed on the same street.
(1) 5 (1) (2) (3) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)

- (b) For the purposes of this subsection (3), "school" and "postsecondary school" have the meanings provided in 20-5-402 includes public and private preschools.
- (c) The provisions of subsection (3)(a)(iii) apply to new license applications submitted on or after [the effective date of this section].
- (4) A licensee may not sell or otherwise transfer marijuana or marijuana products through a driveup window, except that a dispensary may hand-deliver marijuana or marijuana products to a registered cardholder in a vehicle that is parked immediately outside the subject dispensary.
- (5) A marijuana business may not dispense or otherwise sell marijuana or marijuana products from a vending machine or allow such a vending machine to be installed at the interior or exterior of the premises.
- (6) A marijuana business may not utilize the United States postal service or an alternative carrier other than a licensed marijuana transporter to transport, distribute, ship, or otherwise deliver marijuana or marijuana products.
- (7) A marijuana business may not provide free marijuana or marijuana products or offer samples of marijuana or marijuana products.
- (8) Marijuana or a marijuana product may not be given as a prize, premium, or consideration for a lottery, contest, game of chance, game of skill, or competition of any kind.
- (9) (a) Except as provided in subsection (9)(c), an adult-use dispensary or medical marijuana dispensary must have a single, secured entrance for patrons and shall implement strict security measures to deter and prevent the theft of marijuana and unauthorized entrance in accordance with department rule.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (9)(c), a marijuana business that is not an adult-use dispensary or medical marijuana dispensary must implement security measures in accordance with department



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1	rule to deter and prevent the theft of marijuana and unauthorized entrance.		
2	(c)	The provisions of this subsection (9) do not supersede any state or local requirements relating	
3	to minimum numbers of points of entry or exit or any state or local requirements relating to fire safety.		
4	(10)	Each marijuana business shall install a video monitoring system that must, at a minimum:	
5	(a)	allow for the transmission and storage, by digital means, of a video feed that displays the	
6	interior and ex	terior of the cannabis establishment; and	
7	(b)	be capable of being recorded as prescribed by the department.	
8	(11)	An adult-use dispensary or medical marijuana dispensary may not operate between the hours	
9	of 8 p.m. and 9	a.m. daily.	
10	(12)	A person under 21 years of age is not permitted inside a marijuana business unless the person	
11	is a registered	cardholder."	
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13	Section	on 4. Section 16-12-223, MCA, is amended to read:	
14	"16-12	-223. Licensing of cultivators. (1) (a) The department shall license cultivators according to a	
15	tiered canopy system. Except as provided in subsection (6), all cultivation that is licensed under this chapter		
16	may only occu	r at an indoor cultivation facility.	
17	(b)	Except as provided in subsection (6), the system shall-must include, at a minimum, the	
18	following licens	se types:	
19	(i)	A micro tier canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 250 square feet at one indoor	
20	cultivation faci	ity.	
21	(ii)	A tier 1 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 1,000 square feet at one indoor cultivation	
22	facility.		
23	(iii)	A tier 2 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 2,500 square feet at up to two indoor	
24	cultivation faci	ities.	
25	(iv)	A tier 3 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 5,000 square feet at up to three indoor	
26	cultivation facilities.		
27	(v)	A tier 4 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 7,500 square feet at up to four indoor	



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- 2 (vi) A tier 5 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 10,000 square feet at up to five indoor 3 cultivation facilities.
- 4 (vii) A tier 6 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 13,000 square feet at up to five indoor cultivation facilities.
  - (viii) A tier 7 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 15,000 square feet at up to five indoor cultivation facilities.
  - (ix) A tier 8 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 17,500 square feet at up to five indoor cultivation facilities.
  - (x) A tier 9 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 20,000 square feet at up to six indoor cultivation facilities.
  - (xi) A tier 10 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 30,000 square feet at up to seven indoor cultivation facilities.
  - (xii) A tier 11 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 40,000 square feet at up to eight indoor cultivation facilities.
  - (xiii) A tier 12 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 50,000 square feet at up to nine indoor cultivation facilities.
  - (c) A cultivator shall demonstrate that the local government approval provisions in 16-12-301 have been satisfied for the jurisdiction where each proposed indoor cultivation facility or facilities is or will be located if a proposed facility would be located in a county in which the majority of voters voted against approval of Initiative Measure No. 190 in the November 3, 2020, general election.
  - (d) When evaluating an initial or renewal license application, the department shall evaluate each proposed indoor cultivation facility for compliance with the provisions of 16-12-207 and 16-12-210.
    - (e) (i) Except as provided in subsection (1)(e)(iii), a cultivator who has reached capacity under the existing license may apply to advance to the next licensing tier in conjunction with a regular renewal application by demonstrating that:
- 27 (A) the cultivator is using the full amount of canopy currently authorized;



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1 (B) the tracking system shows the cultivator is selling at least 80% of the marijuana produced by 2 the square footage of the cultivator's existing license over the 2 previous guarters or the cultivator can 3 otherwise demonstrate to the department that there is a market for the marijuana it seeks to produce; and 4 (C) its proposed additional or expanded indoor cultivation facility or facilities are located in a 5 jurisdiction where the local government approval provisions contained in 16-12-301 have been satisfied or that 6 they are located in a county in which the majority of voters voted to approve Initiative Measure No. 190 in the 7 November 3, 2020, general election. 8 (ii) Except as provided in subsection (1)(e)(iii), the department may increase a licensure level by 9 only one tier at a time. 10 (iii) Between January 1, 2022, and June 30, 2023, a cultivator may increase its licensure level by more 11 than one tier at a time, up to a tier 5 canopy license, without meeting the requirements of subsections 12 (1)(e)(i)(A) and (1)(e)(i)(B). A cultivator under a combined-use license may increase its licensure level by more than one 13 14 tier at a time, up to a tier 5 canopy license, without meeting the requirements of subsections (1)(e)(i)(A) and 15 (1)(e)(i)(B). 16 (iv) The department shall conduct an inspection of the cultivator's registered premises and 17 proposed premises within 30 days of receiving the application and before approving the application. 18 (f) A marijuana business that has not been issued a license before July 1, 2023, must be initially 19 licensed at a tier 2 canopy license or lower. 20 The department is authorized to create additional tiers as necessary. (2) 21 (3) The department may adopt rules: 22 for inspection of proposed indoor cultivation facilities under subsection (1); (a) 23 (b) for investigating owners or applicants for a determination of financial interest; and 24 (c) in consultation with the department of agriculture and based on well-supported science, to 25 require licensees to adopt practices consistent with the prevention, introduction, and spread of insects, 26 diseases, and other plant pests into Montana. 27 (4) Initial licensure and annual fees for these licensees are:



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\$1,000 for a cultivator with a micro tier canopy license;

\$23,000 for a cultivator with a tier 9 canopy license;

\$27,000 for a cultivator with a tier 10 canopy license;

\$32,000 for a cultivator with a tier 11 canopy license; and

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2	(b)	\$2,500 for a cultivator with a tier 1 canopy license;
3	(c)	\$5,000 for a cultivator with a tier 2 canopy license;
4	(d)	\$7,500 for a cultivator with a tier 3 canopy license;
5	(e)	\$10,000 for a cultivator with a tier 4 canopy license;
6	(f)	\$13,000 for a cultivator with a tier 5 canopy license;
7	(g)	\$15,000 for a cultivator with a tier 6 canopy license;
8	(h)	\$17,500 for a cultivator with a tier 7 canopy license;
9	(i)	\$20,000 for a cultivator with a tier 8 canopy license;

- (m) \$37,000 for a cultivator with a tier 12 canopy license.
   (5) The fee required under this part may be imposed based only on the tier of licensure and may not be applied separately to each indoor cultivation facility used for cultivation under the licensure level.
- (6) A former medical marijuana licensee who engaged in outdoor cultivation before November 3, 2020, may continue to engage in outdoor cultivation."

**Section 5.** Section 16-12-224, MCA, is amended to read:

"16-12-224. Licensing of dispensaries. (1) Except as provided in 16-12-201(2), an applicant for a dispensary license shall demonstrate that the local government approval provisions in 16-12-301 have been satisfied in the jurisdiction where each proposed dispensary is located if the proposed dispensary would be located in a county in which the majority of voters voted against approval of Initiative Measure No. 190 in the November 3, 2020, general election.

- (2) When evaluating an initial or renewal application, the department shall evaluate each proposed dispensary for compliance with the provisions of 16-12-207 and 16-12-210.
  - (3) An adult-use dispensary licensee may operate at a shared location with a medical marijuana



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1	dispensary if th	e adult-use dispensary and medical marijuana dispensary are owned by the same person.
2	(4)	A medical marijuana dispensary is authorized to sell exclusively to registered cardholders
3	marijuana, mar	ijuana products, and live marijuana plants.
4	(5)	An adult-use dispensary is authorized to sell marijuana, marijuana products, and live marijuana
5	plants to consu	mers or registered cardholders.
6	(6)	(a) The department shall charge a dispensary license fee for an initial application and at each
7	renewal.	
8	<u>(b)</u>	The dispensary license fee is \$5,000 for each the first location that a licensee operates as an
9	adult-use dispe	ensary or a medical marijuana dispensary. The dispensary license fee increases cumulatively by
10	\$5,000 for each	additional location under the same license.
11	(7)	The department may adopt rules:
12	(a)	for inspection of proposed dispensaries;
13	(b)	for investigating owners or applicants for a determination of financial interest; and
14	(c)	establishing or limiting the THC content of the marijuana or marijuana products that may be
15	sold at an adult	t-use dispensary or medical marijuana dispensary.
16	(8)	(a) Marijuana and marijuana products sold at a dispensary are regulated and sold on the basis
17	of the concentr	ation of THC in the products and not by weight.
18	(b)	Except as provided in subsection (8)(c), for purposes of this chapter, a single package is limited
19	to:	
20	(i)	for marijuana sold as flower, 1 ounce of usable marijuana. The total potential psychoactive
21	THC of marijua	na flower may not exceed 35%.
22	(ii)	for a marijuana product sold as a capsule, no more than 100 milligrams of THC per capsule
23	and no more th	an 800 milligrams of THC per package.
24	(iii)	for a marijuana product sold as a tincture, no more than 800 milligrams of THC;
25	(iv)	for a marijuana product sold as an edible or a food product, no more than 100 milligrams of
26	THC. A single s	serving of an edible marijuana product may not exceed 10 milligrams of THC.
27	(v)	for a marijuana product sold as a topical product, a concentration of no more than 6% THC and



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1	no more than 800 milligrams of THC per package;		
2	(vi)	for a marijuana product sold as a suppository or transdermal patch, no more than 100	
3	milligrams of T	HC per suppository or transdermal patch and no more than 800 milligrams of THC per package;	
4	and		
5	(vii)	for any other marijuana product, no more than 800 milligrams of THC.	
6	(c)	A dispensary may sell marijuana or marijuana products having higher THC potency levels than	
7	described in su	ubsection (8) to registered cardholders.	
8	(9)	A licensee or employee is prohibited from conducting a transaction that would result in a	
9	consumer or re	egistered cardholder exceeding the personal possession amounts set forth in 16-12-106 and 16-	
10	12-515."		
11			
12	Section	on 6. Section 16-12-225, MCA, is amended to read:	
13	"16-12	-225. Combined-use marijuana licensing requirements. (1) The department may issue a	
14	total of eight co	ombined-use marijuana licenses to entities that are:	
15	(a)	a federally recognized tribe located in the state; or	
16	(b)	a business entity that is majority-owned by a federally recognized tribe located in the state.	
17	(2)	A combined-use marijuana license consists of one tier 1 canopy cultivator license and one	
18	dispensary lice	ense allowing for the operation of a dispensary. Cultivation and dispensary facilities must be	
19	located at the	same licensed premises.	
20	<u>(3)</u>	Initial licensure and annual fees for a combined-use license is \$7,500.	
21	<del>(3)</del> (4)	A combined-use marijuana licensee shall operate its cultivation and dispensary facilities on	
22	land that is loc	ated:	
23	(a)	within 150 air-miles of the exterior boundary of the associated tribal reservation or, for the Little	
24	Shell Chippew	a tribe only, within 150 air-miles of the tribal service area; and	
25	(b)	in a county that has satisfied the local government approval provisions in 16-12-301 if the	
26	majority of vote	ers in the county voted against approval of Initiative Measure No. 190 in the November 3, 2020,	
27	general election	n.	



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1	(4)(5) An applicant under this section must satisfy all licensing requirements under this chapter and is		
2	subject to all fees and taxes associated with the cultivation and sale of marijuana or marijuana products		
3	provided for in this chapter.		
4	(5)(6) A license granted under this section must be operated in compliance with all requirements		
5	imposed under this chapter.		
6	(6)(7) After a tribe or a majority-owned business of that tribe is licensed under this section, that tribe		
7	or another majority-owned business of that tribe may not obtain another combined-use license until the prior		
8	license is relinquished, lapses, or is revoked by the department."		
9			
10	Section 7. Section 16-12-509, MCA, is amended to read:		
11	"16-12-509. Written certification accompanying statements. (1) The written certification		
12	provided by a physician must be made on a form prescribed by the department and signed and dated by the		
13	physician. The written certification must:		
14	(a) include the physician's name, license number, and office address and telephone number on file		
15	with the board of medical examiners and the physician's business e-mail address, if any; and		
16	(b) the name, date of birth, and debilitating medical condition of the patient for whom the physician is		
17	providing written certification.		
18	(2) A treating physician or referral physician who is providing written certification for a patient shall		
19	provide a statement initialed by the physician that must:		
20	(a) confirm that the physician is:		
21	(i) the patient's treating physician and that the patient has been under the physician's ongoing medical		
22	care as part of a bona fide professional relationship with the patient; or		
23	(ii) the patient's referral physician;		
24	(b) confirm that the patient suffers from a debilitating medical condition;		
25	(c) describe the debilitating medical condition, why the condition is debilitating, and the extent to		



which it is debilitating;

26

27

(d) confirm that the physician has assumed primary responsibility for providing management and

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1	routine care	of the patient's debilitating medical condition after obtaining a comprehensive medical history and			
2	conducting a physical examination, whether in person or, in accordance with subsection (4), through the use of				
3	telemedicin	e, that included a personal review of any medical records maintained by other physicians and that			
4	may have ir	ncluded the patient's reaction and response to conventional medical therapies;			
5	(e)	describe the medications, procedures, and other medical options used to treat the condition;			
6	(f)	confirm that the physician has reviewed all prescription and nonprescription medications and			
7	supplement	s used by the patient and has considered the potential drug interaction with marijuana;			
8	(g)	state that the physician has a reasonable degree of certainty that the patient's debilitating medical			
9	condition w	ould be alleviated by the use of marijuana and that, as a result, the patient would be likely to benefit			
10	from the us	e of marijuana;			
11	(h)	confirm that the physician has explained the potential risks and benefits of the use of marijuana to			
12	the patient;				
13	(i)	list restrictions on the patient's activities due to the use of marijuana;			
14	(j)	specify the time period for which the use of marijuana would be appropriate, up to a maximum of 1			
15	year;				
16	(k)	state that the physician will:			
17	(i)	continue to serve as the patient's treating physician or referral physician; and			
18	(ii)	monitor the patient's response to the use of marijuana and evaluate the efficacy of the treatment;			
19	and				
20	(1)	contain an attestation that the information provided in the written certification and accompanying			
21	statements	is true and correct.			
22	(3)	A physician who is the second physician recommending marijuana for use by a minor shall submit:			
23	(a)	a statement initialed by the physician that the physician conducted a comprehensive review of the			
24	minor's med	dical records as maintained by the treating physician or referral physician;			
25	(b)	a statement that in the physician's professional opinion, the potential benefits of the use of			
26	marijuana would likely outweigh the health risks for the minor; and				
27	(c)	an attestation that the information provided in the written certification and accompanying			



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1	statements is true and correct.
2	(4) A physician who is providing written certification through the use of telemedicine:
3	(a) shall comply with the administrative rules adopted for telemedicine by the board of medical
4	examiners provided for in 2-15-1731; and
5	(b) may not use an audio-only visit unless the physician has first established a physician-patient
6	relationship through an in-person encounter.
7	(5) If the written certification states that marijuana should be used for less than 1 year, the department
8	shall issue a registry identification card that is valid for the period specified in the written certification.
9	(6) The department shall provide the board of medical examiners with the name of any physician
10	who provides a written certification for 39 or more patients within any given calendar year. The board of medica
11	examiners shall review the physician's practices in order to determine whether the practices meet the standard
12	of care. The physician whose practices are under review shall pay the costs of the board's review activities."
13	
14	NEW SECTION. Section 8. Appropriation. There is appropriated \$1,000 from the state special
15	revenue fund under 16-12-111 to the department of revenue for the biennium ending June 30, 2023, for the
16	purposes of notification to licensees of the provisions of [this act].
17	
18	NEW SECTION. Section 9. Notification to tribal governments. The secretary of state shall send a
19	copy of [this act] to each federally recognized tribal government in Montana.
20	
21	COORDINATION SECTION. Section 10. Coordination instruction. If both House Bill No. 128 and
22	[this act] are passed and approved, and if both amend 16-12-223, then [section 20 of House Bill No. 128],
23	amending 16-12-223, is void and [section 5 of this act], amending 16-12-223, must be amended as follows:
24	"16-12-223. Licensing of cultivators. (1) (a) The department shall license cultivators according to a
25	tiered canopy system. Except as provided in subsection (6), all cultivation that is licensed under this chapter
26	may only occur at an indoor cultivation facility.
27	(b) Except as provided in subsection (6), the system shall-must include, at a minimum, the



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1	following license types:			
2	(i)	A micro tier canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 250 square feet at one indoor		
3	cultivation facili	ity.		
4	(ii)	A tier 1 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 1,000 square feet at one indoor cultivation		
5	facility.			
6	(iii)	A tier 2 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 2,500 square feet at up to two indoor		
7	cultivation facili	ities.		
8	(iv)	A tier 3 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 5,000 square feet at up to three indoor		
9	cultivation facili	ities.		
10	(v)	A tier 4 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 7,500 square feet at up to four indoor		
11	cultivation facili	ities.		
12	(vi)	A tier 5 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 10,000 square feet at up to five indoor		
13	cultivation facili	ities.		
14	(vii)	A tier 6 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 13,000 square feet at up to five indoor		
15	cultivation facilities.			
16	(viii)	A tier 7 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 15,000 square feet at up to five indoor		
17	cultivation facilities.			
18	(ix)	A tier 8 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 17,500 square feet at up to five indoor		
19	cultivation facilities.			
20	(x)	A tier 9 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 20,000 square feet at up to six indoor		
21	cultivation facilities.			
22	(xi)	A tier 10 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 30,000 square feet at up to seven indoor		
23	cultivation facilities.			
24	(xii)	A tier 11 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 40,000 square feet at up to eight indoor		
25	cultivation facilities.			
26	(xiii)	A tier 12 canopy license allows for a canopy of up to 50,000 square feet at up to nine indoor		
27	cultivation facilities.			



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1	(c)	A cultivator snall demonstrate that the local government approval provisions in 16-12-301 have			
2	been satisfied	for the jurisdiction where each proposed indoor cultivation facility or facilities is or will be located			
3	if a proposed facility would be located in a county in which the majority of voters voted against approval of				
4	Initiative Meas	ure No. 190 in the November 3, 2020, general election.			
5	(d)	When evaluating an initial or renewal license application, the department shall evaluate each			
6	proposed indo	or cultivation facility for compliance with the provisions of 16-12-207 and 16-12-210.			
7	(e)	(i) Except as provided in subsection (1)(e)(iii), a cultivator who has reached capacity under the			
8	existing license	e may apply to advance to the next licensing tier in conjunction with a regular renewal application			
9	by demonstrat	ing that:			
10	(A)	the cultivator is using the full amount of canopy currently authorized;			
11	(B)	the tracking system shows the cultivator is selling at least 80% of the marijuana produced by			
12	the square foo	tage of the cultivator's existing license over the 2 previous quarters or the cultivator can			
13	otherwise demonstrate to the department that there is a market for the marijuana it seeks to produce; and				
14	(C)	its proposed additional or expanded indoor cultivation facility or facilities are located in a			
15	jurisdiction where the local government approval provisions contained in 16-12-301 have been satisfied or that				
16	they are located in a county in which the majority of voters voted to approve Initiative Measure No. 190 in the				
17	November 3, 2020, general election.				
18	(ii)	Except as provided in subsection (1)(e)(iii), the department may increase a licensure level by			
19	only one tier at a time.				
20	(iii) Between January 1, 2022, and June 30, 2023, a cultivator may increase its licensure level by mor				
21	than one tier a	t a time, up to a tier 5 canopy license, without meeting the requirements of subsections			
22	(1)(e)(i)(A) and	<del>I (1)(e)(i)(B).</del>			
23	<u>(iii)</u>	A cultivator under a combined-use license may increase its licensure level by more than one			
24	tier at a time, υ	up to a tier 5 canopy license, without meeting the requirements of subsections (1)(e)(i)(A) and			
25	(1)(e)(i)(B).				
26	(iv)	The department shall conduct an inspection of the cultivator's registered premises and			
27	proposed prem	nises within 30 days of receiving the application and before approving the application.			



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1	(f)	A marijuana business that has not been issued a license before July 1, 2023 July 1, 2025, must				
2	be initially licensed at a tier 2 canopy license or lower.					
3	(2) The department is authorized to create additional tiers as necessary.					
4	(3)	The department may adopt rules:				
5	(a)	for inspection of proposed indoor cultivation facilities under subsection (1);				
6	(b)	for investigating owners or applicants for a determination of financial interest; and				
7	(c)	in consultation with the department of agriculture and based on well-supported science, to				
8	require licensees to adopt practices consistent with the prevention, introduction, and spread of insects,					
9	diseases, and	other plant pests into Montana.				
10	(4)	Initial licensure and annual fees for these licensees are:				
11	(a)	\$1,000 for a cultivator with a micro tier canopy license;				
12	(b)	\$2,500 for a cultivator with a tier 1 canopy license;				
13	(c)	\$5,000 for a cultivator with a tier 2 canopy license;				
14	(d)	\$7,500 for a cultivator with a tier 3 canopy license;				
15	(e)	\$10,000 for a cultivator with a tier 4 canopy license;				
16	(f)	\$13,000 for a cultivator with a tier 5 canopy license;				
17	(g)	\$15,000 for a cultivator with a tier 6 canopy license;				
18	(h)	\$17,500 for a cultivator with a tier 7 canopy license;				
19	(i)	\$20,000 for a cultivator with a tier 8 canopy license;				
20	(j)	\$23,000 for a cultivator with a tier 9 canopy license;				
21	(k)	\$27,000 for a cultivator with a tier 10 canopy license;				
22	(1)	\$32,000 for a cultivator with a tier 11 canopy license; and				
23	(m)	\$37,000 for a cultivator with a tier 12 canopy license.				
24	(5)	The fee required under this part may be imposed based only on the tier of licensure and may				
25	not be applied	separately to each indoor cultivation facility used for cultivation under the licensure level.				
26	(6)	A former medical marijuana licensee who engaged in outdoor cultivation before November 3,				
27	2020, may con	tinue to engage in outdoor cultivation."				



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COORDINATION SECTION. Section 11. Coordination instruction. If both House Bill No. 128 and [this act] are passed and approved, and if both amend 16-12-201, then [section 11 of House Bill No. 128], amending 16-12-201, is void and [section 2 of this act], amending 16-12-201, must be amended as follows:

"16-12-201. Licensing of cultivators, manufacturers, and dispensaries. (1) (a) Between January 1, 2022, and June 30, 2023 June 30, 2025, the department may only accept applications from and issue licenses to former medical marijuana licensees that were licensed by or had an application pending with the department of public health and human services on November 3, 2020 April 27, 2021, and are in good standing with the department and in compliance with this chapter, rules adopted by the department, and any applicable local regulations or ordinances as of January 1, 2022.

- (b) The department shall begin accepting applications for and issuing licenses to cultivate, manufacture, or sell marijuana or marijuana products to applicants who are not former medical marijuana licensees under subsection (1)(a) on or after July 1, 2023 July 1, 2025.
- (2) (a) The department shall adopt rules to govern the operation of former medical marijuana licensees and facilitate the process of transitioning former medical marijuana licensees to the appropriate license under this chapter with a minimum of disruption to business operations.
- (b) Beginning January 1, 2022, a former medical marijuana licensee may sell marijuana and marijuana products to registered cardholders at the medical tax rate set forth in 15-64-102 and to consumers at the adult-use marijuana tax rate set forth in 15-64-102 under the licensee's existing license in a jurisdiction that allows for the operation of marijuana businesses pursuant to 16-12-301 until the former medical marijuana licensee's next license renewal date, by which time the former medical licensee must have applied for and obtained the appropriate licensure under this chapter to continue operations, unless an extension of time is granted by the department.
- (c) (i) Except as provided in subsection (2)(c)(ii), for the purpose of this subsection (2), "appropriate licensure" means a cultivator license, medical marijuana dispensary license, adult-use dispensary license, and, if applicable, a manufacturer license.
  - (ii) A former medical marijuana licensee who sells marijuana and marijuana products exclusively to



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(3) The department may amend or issue licenses to provide for staggered expiration dates. The department may provide for initial license terms of greater than 12 months but no more than 23 months in adopting staggered expiration dates. Thereafter, licenses expire annually. License fees for the license term implementing staggered license terms may be prorated by the department."

COORDINATION SECTION. Section 12. Coordination instruction. If both House Bill No. 128 and [this act] are passed and approved, and if both amend 16-12-102, then [section 3 of House Bill No. 128], amending 16-12-102, is void and [section 1 of this act], amending 16-12-102, must be amended as follows:

**"16-12-102. Definitions.** As used in this chapter, the following definitions apply:

- (1) "Adult-use dispensary" means a licensed premises from which a person licensed by the department may:
- (a) obtain marijuana or marijuana products from a licensed cultivator, manufacturer, dispensary, or other licensee approved under this chapter; and
- (b) sell marijuana or marijuana products to registered cardholders, adults that are 21 years of age or older, or both.
- (2) "Affiliate" means a person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls or is controlled by, or is under common control with, another person.
- (3) "Beneficial owner of", "beneficial ownership of", or "beneficially owns an" is determined in accordance with section 13(d) of the federal Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- (4) "Canopy" means the total amount of square footage dedicated to live plant production at a licensed premises consisting of the area of the floor, platform, or means of support or suspension of the plant.
- (5) "Consumer" means a person 21 years of age or older who obtains or possesses marijuana or marijuana products for personal use from a licensed dispensary but not for resale.
- (6) "Control", "controls", "controlled", "controlling", "controlled by", and "under common control with" mean the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting owner's interests, by contract, or otherwise.



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1	(7) "Controlling beneficial owner" means a person that satisfies one or more of the following:
2	(a) is a natural person, an entity that is organized under the laws of and for which its principal place of
3	business is located in one of the states or territories of the United States or District of Columbia, or a publicly
4	traded corporation, and:
5	(i) acting alone or acting in concert, owns or acquires beneficial ownership of 5% or more of the
6	owner's interest of a marijuana business;
7	(ii) is an affiliate that controls a marijuana business and includes, without limitation, any manager; or
8	(iii) is otherwise in a position to control the marijuana business; or
9	(b) is a qualified institutional investor acting alone or acting in concert that owns or acquires beneficial
10	ownership of more than 15% of the owner's interest of a marijuana business.
11	(8) "Correctional facility or program" means a facility or program that is described in 53-1-202(2) or (3)
12	and to which an individual may be ordered by any court of competent jurisdiction.
13	(9) "Cultivator" means a person licensed by the department to:
14	(a) plant, cultivate, grow, harvest, and dry marijuana; and
15	(b) package and relabel marijuana produced at the location in a natural or naturally dried form that
16	has not been converted, concentrated, or compounded for sale through a licensed dispensary.
17	(10) "Debilitating medical condition" means:
18	(a) cancer, glaucoma, positive status for human immunodeficiency virus, or acquired immune
19	deficiency syndrome when the condition or disease results in symptoms that seriously and adversely affect the
20	patient's health status;
21	(b) cachexia or wasting syndrome;
22	(c) severe chronic pain that is a persistent pain of severe intensity that significantly interferes with
23	daily activities as documented by the patient's treating physician;
24	(d) intractable nausea or vomiting;
25	(e) epilepsy or an intractable seizure disorder;
26	(f) multiple sclerosis;
27	(g) Crohn's disease;



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1	(h) painful peripheral neuropathy;
2	(i) a central nervous system disorder resulting in chronic, painful spasticity or muscle spasms;
3	(j) admittance into hospice care in accordance with rules adopted by the department; or
4	(k) posttraumatic stress disorder.
5	(11) "Department" means the department of revenue provided for in 2-15-1301.
6	(12) (a) "Employee" means an individual employed to do something for the benefit of an employer.
7	(b) The term includes a manager, agent, or director of a partnership, association, company,
8	corporation, limited liability company, or organization.
9	(c) The term does not include a third party with whom a licensee has a contractual relationship.
10	(13) (a) "Financial interest" means a legal or beneficial interest that entitles the holder, directly or
11	indirectly through a business, an investment, or a spouse, parent, or child relationship, to 5% or more of the net
12	profits or net worth of the entity in which the interest is held.
13	(b) The term does not include interest held by a bank or licensed lending institution or a security
14	interest, lien, or encumbrance but does include holders of private loans or convertible securities.
15	(14) "Former medical marijuana licensee" means a person that was licensed by or had an application
16	for licensure pending with the department of public health and human services to provide marijuana to
17	individuals with debilitating medical conditions on November 3, 2020 April 27, 2021.
18	(15) (a) "Indoor cultivation facility" means an enclosed area used to grow live plants that is within a
19	permanent structure using artificial light exclusively or to supplement natural sunlight.
20	(b) The term may include:
21	(i) a greenhouse;
22	(ii) a hoop house; or
23	(iii) a similar structure that protects the plants from variable temperature, precipitation, and wind.
24	(16) "Licensed premises" means all locations related to, or associated with, a specific license that is
25	authorized under this chapter and includes all enclosed public and private areas at the location that are used in
26	the business operated pursuant to a license, including offices, kitchens, restrooms, and storerooms.
27	(17) "Licensee" means a person holding a state license issued pursuant to this chapter.



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Drafter: Erin Sullivan, 406-444-3594

(18) "Local government" means a county, a consolidated government, or an incorporated city or town.

- (19) "Manufacturer" means a person licensed by the department to convert or compound marijuana into marijuana products, marijuana concentrates, or marijuana extracts and package, repackage, label, or relabel marijuana products as allowed under this chapter.
  - (20) (a) "Marijuana" means all plant material from the genus Cannabis containing tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) or seeds of the genus capable of germination.
  - (b) The term does not include hemp, including any part of that plant, including the seeds and all derivatives, extracts, cannabinoids, isomers, acids, salts, and salts of isomers, whether growing or not, with a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more than 0.3% on a dry weight basis, or commodities or products manufactured with hemp, or any other ingredient combined with marijuana to prepare topical or oral administrations, food, drink, or other products.
  - (c) The term does not include a drug approved by the United States food and drug administration pursuant to section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 301, et seq.
  - (21) "Marijuana business" means a cultivator, manufacturer, adult-use dispensary, medical marijuana dispensary, combined-use marijuana licensee, testing laboratory, marijuana transporter, or any other business or function that is licensed by the department under this chapter.
  - (22) "Marijuana concentrate" means any type of marijuana product consisting wholly or in part of the resin extracted from any part of the marijuana plant.
  - (23) "Marijuana derivative" means any mixture or preparation of the dried leaves, flowers, resin, or byproducts of the marijuana plant, including but not limited to marijuana concentrates and other marijuana products.
  - (24) "Marijuana product" means a product that contains marijuana and is intended for use by a consumer-by a means other than smoking. The term includes but is not limited to edible products, ointments, tinctures, marijuana derivatives, and marijuana concentrates, including concentrates intended for use by smoking or vaping.
  - (25) "Marijuana transporter" means a person that is licensed to transport marijuana and marijuana products from one marijuana business to another marijuana business, or to and from a testing laboratory, and



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1	to temporarily store the transported retail marijuana and retail marijuana products at its licensed premises, but
2	is not authorized to sell marijuana or marijuana products to consumers under any circumstances.
3	(26) "Mature marijuana plant" means a harvestable marijuana plant.
4	(27) "Medical marijuana" means marijuana or marijuana products that are for sale solely to a
5	cardholder who is registered under Title 16, chapter 12, part 5.
6	(28) "Medical marijuana dispensary" means the location from which a registered cardholder may obtain
7	marijuana or marijuana products.
8	(29) "Outdoor cultivation" means live plants growing in an area exposed to natural sunlight and
9	environmental conditions including variable temperature, precipitation, and wind.
10	(30) "Owner's interest" means the shares of stock in a corporation, a membership in a nonprofit
11	corporation, a membership interest in a limited liability company, the interest of a member in a cooperative or in
12	a limited cooperative association, a partnership interest in a limited partnership, a partnership interest in a
13	partnership, and the interest of a member in a limited partnership association.
14	(31) "Paraphernalia" has the meaning provided for "drug paraphernalia" in 45-10-101.
15	(32) "Passive beneficial owner" means any person acquiring an owner's interest in a marijuana
16	business that is not otherwise a controlling beneficial owner or in control.
17	(33) "Person" means an individual, partnership, association, company, corporation, limited liability
18	company, or organization.
19	(34) "Qualified institutional investor" means:
20	(a) a bank or banking institution including any bank, trust company, member bank of the federal
21	reserve system, bank and trust company, stock savings bank, or mutual savings bank that is organized and
22	doing business under the laws of this state, any other state, or the laws of the United States;
23	(b) a bank holding company as defined in 32-1-109;
24	(c) a company organized as an insurance company whose primary and predominant business activity
25	is the writing of insurance or the reinsuring of risks underwritten by insurance companies, and that is subject to
26	regulation or oversight by the insurance department of the office of the state auditor or a similar agency of
27	another state, or any receiver or similar official or any liquidating agent for such a company, in their capacity as



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1	such an insurance company;
2	(d) an investment company registered under section 8 of the federal Investment Company Act of
3	1940, as amended;
4	(e) an employee benefit plan or pension fund subject to the federal Employee Retirement Income
5	Security Act of 1974, excluding an employee benefit plan or pension fund sponsored by a licensee or an
6	intermediary holding company licensee that directly or indirectly owns 10% or more of a licensee;
7	(f) a state or federal government pension plan; or
8	(g) any other entity identified by rule by the department.
9	(35) "Registered cardholder" or "cardholder" means a Montana resident with a debilitating medical
10	condition who has received and maintains a valid registry identification card.
11	(36) "Registry identification card" means a document issued by the department pursuant to 16-12-503
12	that identifies an individual as a registered cardholder.
13	(37) (a) "Resident" means an individual who meets the requirements of 1-1-215.
14	(b) An individual is not considered a resident for the purposes of this chapter if the individual:
15	(i) claims residence in another state or country for any purpose; or
16	(ii) is an absentee property owner paying property tax on property in Montana.
17	(38) "Seedling" means a marijuana plant that has no flowers and is less than 12 inches in height and
18	12 inches in diameter.
19	(39) "State laboratory" means the laboratory operated by the department of public health and human
20	services to conduct environmental analyses.
21	(40)(39) "Testing laboratory" means a qualified person, licensed under this chapter that:
22	(a) provides testing of representative samples of marijuana and marijuana products; and
23	(b) provides information regarding the chemical composition and potency of a sample, as well as the
24	presence of molds, pesticides, or other contaminants in a sample.
25	(41)(40) (a) "Usable marijuana" means the dried leaves and flowers of the marijuana plant that are
26	appropriate for the use of marijuana by an individual.
27	(b) The term does not include the seeds, stalks, and roots of the plant. (Subsection (15)(b)(ii)



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1 terminates October 1, 2023--sec. 117(1), Ch. 576, L. 2021.)" 2 3 NEW SECTION. Section 13. Severability. If a part of [this act] is invalid, all valid parts that are 4 severable from the invalid part remain in effect. If a part of [this act] is invalid in one or more of its applications, 5 the part remains in effect in all valid applications that are severable from the invalid applications. 6 7 NEW SECTION. Section 14. Effective date dates. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), [This this act] is effective on passage and approval. 8 9 (2) [Section 3] is effective January 1, 2024. - END -10

