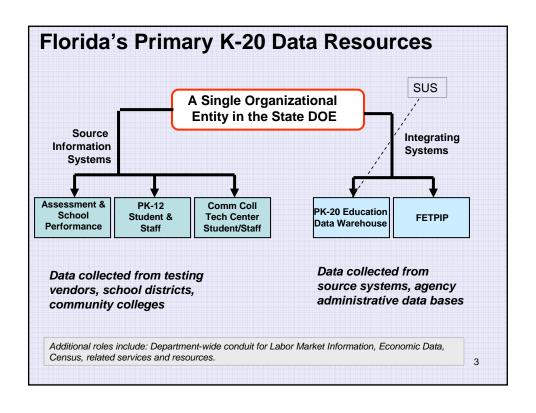
Lessons Learned in Developing and Supporting Florida's Longitudinal Education Data Systems

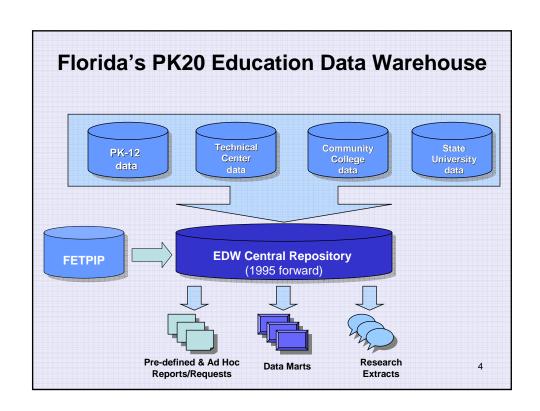
Jay Pfeiffer, Senior Associate MGT of America 2123 Centre Pointe Blvd Tallahassee, Florida 32308 850-386-3191

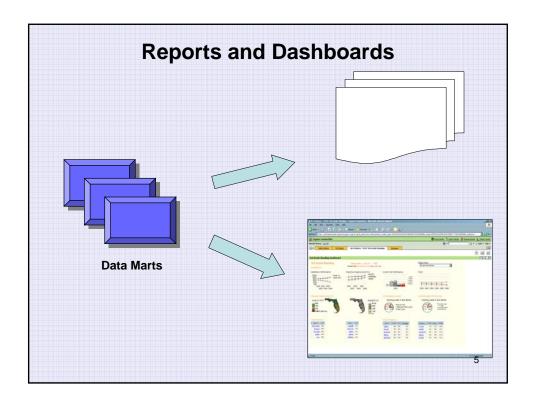
1

Florida's Comprehensive K-20 Data Systems

- The "Systems"
 - Public pre-kindergarten through graduate school with individual student & staff level data for public schools, community colleges, career and technical education, adult education, and the state university system as distinct management information systems.
 - A relatively recent single longitudinal repository combining all of these data across systems and joined with facilities, finance, and financial aid.
 - · Post school employment and non education system program data
- Dependencies
 - System of common course numbers and directories, K12 and postsecondary
 - Statewide articulation agreements and oversight committee
 - A state culture of data sharing
 - A means to follow the records of individual students across geographic areas, education sectors, and into the labor market and related services

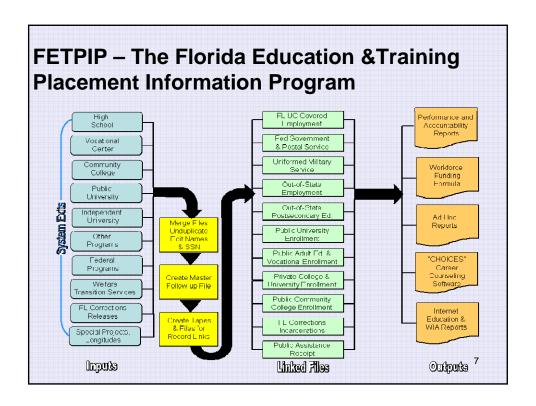






Types of Data in the Education Data Warehouse

- Student demographic, enrollment, educational programs, promotion, attendance, test scores, awards, other characteristics
- **Staff-** Administrators, teachers, academic background, professional development, salaries, courses taught
- Educational Institution types, location, facilities, design and uses
- Courses offerings, student and teacher participation, instruction type
- Financial Aid state/local, loans/grants, disbursement
- Educational Finance budget, expenditures
- Educational Facilities Design, size, use



Types of Data in the FETPIP System

- Students/Former Students Demographic, enrollment, educational programs, promotion, attendance, test scores, awards, other characteristics
- Employment- While or after enrolled, type of business, name of employer, size of employer, Florida only
- Military Enlistment- Branch of service, rank, military occupational specialty, any location
- Federal/Postal Employment Location (anywhere), job code, salary code
- Continuing Education Private and public postsecondary enrollments, adult education and vocational enrollments; postsecondary enrollments outside of Florida

Integrated, Longitudinal Education Data Have Many Uses

Administration

- Funding distribution and Equity
- Performance funding
- Access Planning
- Class Size Planning

Data Marts/Reports

- Program Effectiveness PK20
- Teacher Preparation, Employment Characteristics & Performance
- PK20 Pipeline/Alignment
- · High School Feed Back
- Community College Feedback

Accountability

- · Post school placement
- "K16" Alignment
- · Student "growth"

Research

- •Teacher Preparation and Development Best Practices
- CHOICE Option Evaluations
- Return on Investment
- Evaluating Key Transitions for all Students

0

Integrated, Longitudinal Education Data Have Many Uses - continued

•Research Partnerships

- CALDER at the Urban Institute
- University level research
- Foundations
- Community College Research Center at Columbia University

Classroom Uses

- FACTS.Org, CHOICES
- Contextual Information
- Early Warning Systems
- Transcript Exchanges, K20
- Collaboration

Education-Related Uses

- · Chafee Act, Foster Children
- Welfare Dependency
- Related Programs (Prison Education, Workforce Investment Act)
- Economic Development

Challenges (part 1)

- Administrative data are designed for purposes other than performance measurement
 - Definitions, taxonomies may differ
 - Time periods may differ
 - What is measured may not be exactly what is desired
 - Administrative data change over time
- Owners of Administrative Data have legal, ethical, proprietary obligations
 - They won't naturally want to share
 - "Legal" beliefs may be conjured up
 - Program interests may be different from those of technical staff
 - The "owners" change over time

11

Challenges (part 2)

- Confidentiality of Information
 - Requirements may be different for each data source
 - The issue is complicated by legal issues as well as beliefs
 - Beliefs/requirements may change over time

Weakest Links

- The strength of a system of linked data sets is determined by the weakest of the data resources
- Opponents will focus on the weaknesses
- The data lag actual performance

Support

- On going, reliable funding
- On going, reliable political support
- Cooperative attitude among stake holders
- All involved will change

What has worked for Florida's Education Data Systems?

Assure continuing support

- Statutory authority, provisions, including cross references with core funding from state appropriations
- Provide continuous services to legislative, executive staff
- Work with data owners, stakeholders in decisions about the mechanics of exchanges, processing and reporting results, changes in requirements, changes in technology, problem areas
- Anticipate roles that the system can play in accountability, performance measurement, cost return analysis, evaluation
- Make it easy for stake holders to participate, reduce burdens, provide data in exchange

13

What has worked for Florida?

Exceed requirements for privacy protection

- Establish a lead role for the state education agency
- Surpass all requirements, expectations regarding data security and privacy protection
- Limit uses to aggregate statistical purposes for evaluation, program improvement
- Keep data exchange agreements current and up-to-date
- Continuously brief employees, stake holders on security and confidentiality issues
- Always refer inquiries about particular resources, programs, and policies to the business owners

What has worked for Florida?

Keep up with Changes

- Meet changes, challenges head-on
- A leadership changes, make sure that understanding or, appreciation for data systems are part of transitional process
- Stay current with technology
- Continuously refresh a through understanding of resources, requirements, limitations
- Continuously seek new data resources, expand coverage
- Revise business rules as understanding, conditions change
- Maintain short & long term visions for the effort

15

Summary of Lessons Learned for Florida

- 1. Establish goals and purposes for a state-level education information system.
- **2.** Articulate benefits and risks for everyone involved.
- **3.** To the extent possible build on existing systems, expertise.
- **4.** Pursue opportunities to provide service and share information "Quid pro quo..."

16

Lessons Learned

- **5.** Establish and maintain a culture of data and information integrity.
- **6.** Exceed all requirements dealing with confidentiality and restricted release.
- 7. Secure ongoing support.
- **8.** Recognize that change is constant, keep ahead of it.

17

Lessons Learned

- **9.** Consider organizational structures that will facilitate merging data across educational sectors and joining data with agencies/organizations with related interests.
- 10. Umbrella Lesson: It's never over...

Future Stuff

- Continuous revision of business process and "connection" rules
- Continuous expansion of data system and data element content
- Consolidation of key reporting responsibilities
- Empower business owners within the Department of Education to extract data and customize reports
- Establish working relationships that will empower authorized, external "partner" agencies to join data from external resources, extract joined data, and customize reports
- Develop and adopt restricted access policies and processes for externally conducted research

19