# Eyewitness Identification Best Practices

Role in Wrongful Convictions,
National Movement on Best Practices
&
Roadmaps to Reform

# **Eyewitness Misidentification & Wrongful Convictions**



Name: Jimmy Ray Bromgard

Location: Billings, MT

Convicted: 1987 Exonerated: 2002 Years in Prison: 15

Causes: Eyewitness Mis-ID, Improper Forensic Science

#### **Mis-ID Cases by the Numbers**

**72%** = Percentage of DNA exoneration cases involving witness misidentification.

**239**= # of DNA exonerations involving mis-ID.

**96**= # of mis-ID cases where real perpetrator was later identified.

**102**= # of additional crimes committed by real perpetrators in mis-ID cases, including 64 rapes and 17 murders.

#### **Own-Race Bias**

- ➤ Meta-analysis of over 5,000 witnesses found that people 50% more likely to misidentify someone of a different race than their own.
- ▶44% of mis-ID cases involved witness erroneously identifying person of a different race.
- Massachusetts Supreme requires jury instructions on cross racial mis-ID.

#### **Benefits of Reform**

### **For Law Enforcement**

- **Fewer filler picks** & fewer witnesses "burned for future use."
- Focuses law enforcement resources on the right person during investigations.
- Protects officers against defense challenges.

### For the Public

- Avoiding civil payouts, which saves taxpayer dollars: Jimmy Ray Bromgard settled with state of Montana for \$3.8 million.
- **Enhances public safety** by helping to convict the guilty and protect the innocent.
- ▶ **Increases public confidence** in the criminal justice system.

# **Achieving Uniform Statewide Adoption**

### 13 States Adopted 'Core Four' Reforms

Connecticut, Colorado, Georgia, Maryland, New Jersey, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Rhode Island, Texas, Wisconsin, West Virginia, Vermont.

#### 12 States Including Montana Have Statewide Model Policies

## **Ways of Achieving Uniform Statewide**

- 1. Voluntary Adoption: Rhode Island (2010)
- 2. Model Policy Statute: Colorado (2014), Maryland (2014), Texas (2011), Vermont (2014), West Virginia (2014), Wisconsin (2006)
- **3. Prescriptive Statute**: Connecticut (2011), Georgia (2015), North Carolina (2008), Ohio (2010).

#### **Elements of Successful Effort**

- Require Written Policies/Development of Model Policy: Requirement that all agencies have a written policy that minimally comports with best practices.
- Tracking Compliance: In the absence of a law, need an entity that will collect and review agency policies to ensure they are in compliance with best practices.
- Training in best practices for new recruits & veterans.
- ▶ <u>Roadmap & Timeline</u> for implementation.

# Resources that Innocence Project Can Provide

#### **Costs**

- Training is the only significant cost.
- Fiscal notes in 11 states with laws estimated costs as "none" or "minimal."

### **Resources Provided by Innocence Project**

- 1. Regional training sessions w/Chief Bill Brooks
- 2. Mailing model policy & implementation tools to agencies
- 3. Mailing & assessing compliance surveys

#### **Recommendations for Montana**

#### **Goal**:

Uniform adoption of key practices in MLEA policy throughout the state.

## **Options**:

Model policy legislation for 2017 session

OR

Voluntary adoption plan with legislation as back up.