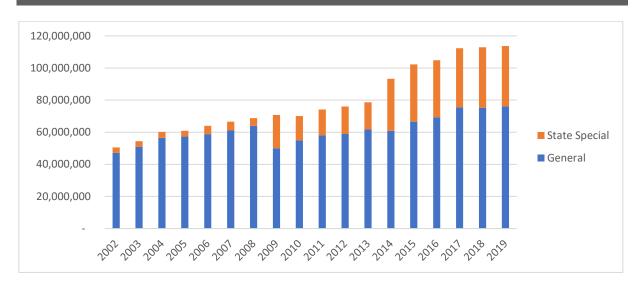
HJ 35: INSURANCE TAX

GENERAL FUND RANK: #5

REVENUE COLLECTION HISTORY



INSURANCE TAX OVERVIEW

- Tax on net insurance premiums, including surplus lines insurance: 2.75%
 - o Tax on net premiums for legal professional liability insurance: 0.75%
 - o Distribution: 67% to General Fund, 33% to Healthy Montana Kids expanded enrollment
- Fire insurance premium tax: 2.5%
 - o Deposited in General Fund, 5% annually transferred to pension trust fund
- Captive insurance tax and reinsurance tax, min. tax \$5,000/max. tax \$100,000:
 - O Direct premiums: 0.4% on first \$20 million, 0.3% above \$20 million
 - o Reinsurance premiums: 0.225% first \$20 million, 0.15% next \$20 million, 0.05% \$40 million+
 - O Distributed: 95% to General Fund, 5% to Captive Insurance account
- Effective July 1, 2019: Tax of 1% of premiums of health service corporations (not subject to 2.75% premium tax); deposited in Montana HELP Act special revenue account
- Annual license fee of \$1,900 per insurer to conduct business in Montana, various additional fees, deposited in State Auditor administration account
- Surplus lines stamping fee of up to 1% of premium, set by Commissioner commensurate with expenses of regulating surplus lines (currently 0.25% for paper submissions), deposited in account for regulating surplus lines

DISTRIBUTION OF INSURANCE TAX REVENUE

Type of Insurance	Account	Amount
Fire	General Fund	100% (5% annually transferred to pension trust fund)
Captive insurance and reinsurance	General Fund	95%
	Captive Insurance account	5%
Health Service Corporations	HELP Act account	100%
License and other fees	State Auditor account	100%
Surplus lines stamping fee	Surplus Lines Regulation account	100%
All others	General Fund	67%
	Healthy Montana Kids expanded enrollment	33%

MAJOR LEGISLATIVE ACTIONS, 2001-2019

Year	Bill	Description	Estimated General Fund Impact*
2001	SB 373	Allows captive insurance companies, provides for a tax on direct premiums and a reinsurance tax, minimum \$5,000 tax	\$10,000
2005	<u>SB 134</u>	\$100,000 maximum aggregate tax for a captive insurance company	\$0
2007	<u>SB 161</u>	Distributes 5% of captive insurance tax and reinsurance tax to captive insurance regulatory and supervision special revenue account	(\$8,000)
2008	<u>I-155</u>	Expands eligibility for Healthy Montana Kids, distributes 33% of insurance premium tax to special revenue account for expanded eligibility	(\$14,622,000)**
2009	<u>HB 160</u>	Revises tax rate on captive insurance direct premiums; prorates captive insurance minimum tax in first year of licensure	(\$7,500)
2009	<u>HB 676</u>	Reduces distribution of insurance premium tax for Healthy Montana Kids expanded eligibility to 16.67% from July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2013	\$9,661,000**
2015	<u>SB 52</u>	Prorates captive insurance minimum tax in year company closes, revises entities included for purpose of maximum aggregate tax	\$40,375
2015	<u>SB 234</u>	Reduces insurance tax on legal professional liability insurance to 0.75%	(\$85,760)
2017	<u>SB 245</u>	Allows dormancy for captive insurer, levies \$1,000 annual dormancy tax	(\$2,850)
2019	HB 658	Provides for 1% tax on premiums for insurance from a health service corporation; deposited in Montana HELP Act special revenue account	\$4,340,000

^{*}General Fund fiscal impact is from fiscal note and is for first year in which legislation is fully implemented.

COMPARISON TO OTHER STATES

Insurance Information Institute

Premium Taxes by State, 2018; Number of Captives by State, 2017-2018

^{**}Provided by Legislative Fiscal Division