



Wildfire Mitigation Plan

Wildfire Risk Modeling

Wildfire Risk Informed Decision Making

Managing Wildfire Risk (Now and Future)

Public Communication and Outreach



Wildfire Mitigation Plan

NWE's WMP Journey



Strong Asset Management 2007–2019

Infrastructure programs focused on reliability, asset stabilization and modernization



Wildfire Plan Development 2021

Performed gap analysis through PNUWWG

Development of Established Wildfire Standards



Evolution to WMP 2.0

2024

Evolved EWMP to Wildfire Mitigation Plan (WMP)

Comprehensive plan with established and enhanced wildfire mitigation activities in one document

Hazard Tree Program
Forest Management Program
Joined Pacific Northwest Utility
Wildfire Working Group
(PNUWWG)

Risk Focused Addition 2019

Enhanced Wildfire Mitigation Plan (EWMP) released

Focused on enhancement of established activities and new strategies to mitigation wildfire risk

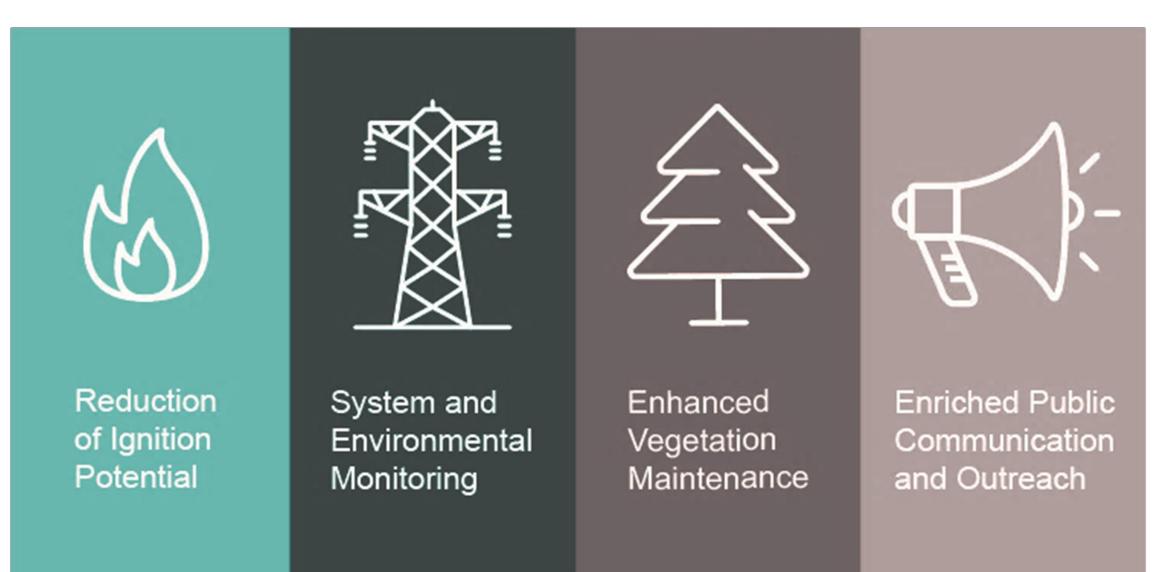
Release of EWMP 1.0 2022

WMP 3.0 released to include other operating areas and provide update on progress

WMP 3.1 released to align to HB490

Current Version WMP 3.1 2025

WMP Objectives



Wildfire Mitigation Plan Summary

Wildfire Mitigation Plan Objectives

_				Reduce Ignition Potential	System & Environmental Monitoring	Vegetation Management	Communication and Outreach
ories	1	Situational Awareness	Monitoring of high risk zones with current forecasts to influence operational decisions	(3)			-
re Mitigation Plan Categories	2	Operational Practices	Adjusting operational practices based on current conditions and Investigation of system performance	(S)			F
	3	System Preparedness	Enhanced proactive maintenance, targeted grid hardening and deployment of technology with the focus of reducing ignition potential	(3)			
	4	Vegetation Management	Proactive efforts to mitigate vegetation contacts, maintain healthy forests and decrease fuel loading			桑	
Wildfire	5	Communication & Outreach	Improved communication and stakeholder outreach on wildfire mitigation efforts and response strategies				

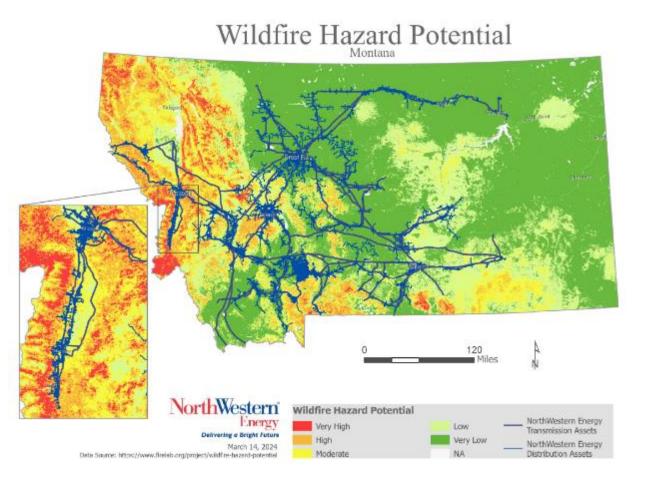
NWE's WMP Meets HB490 Requirements

Identify wildfire risk areas Inspection & operations strategies Vegetation management programs Facility upgrades & preventative measures De-energization & operations modification methods System restoration after de-energization Incremental cost estimates Community outreach & public awareness Coordination with state/local wildfire plans

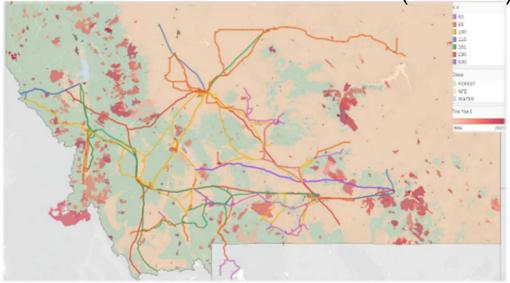


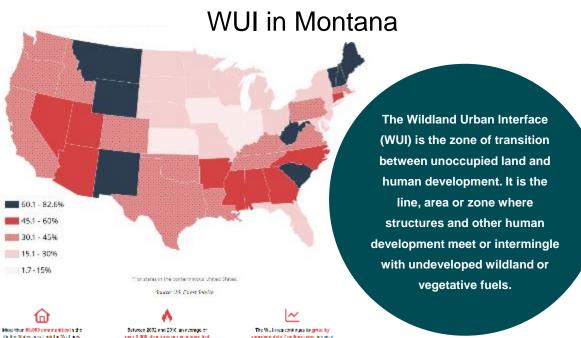
Wildfire Risk Modeling Identifies Cost Effective Solutions

Identifying Risk



1984-2021 Historical MT Wildfires (All Fires)





Infrastructure Resiliency Risk Modeling

System Performance Risk (Probability)



Environmental Risk

(Consequence)



Relative Wildfire Risk

Ignition Probability

- Asset Design
- Voltage
- Phasing
- Attachments
- Asset Health
- Pole Rate
- Outage
- Exceptions
- Slices

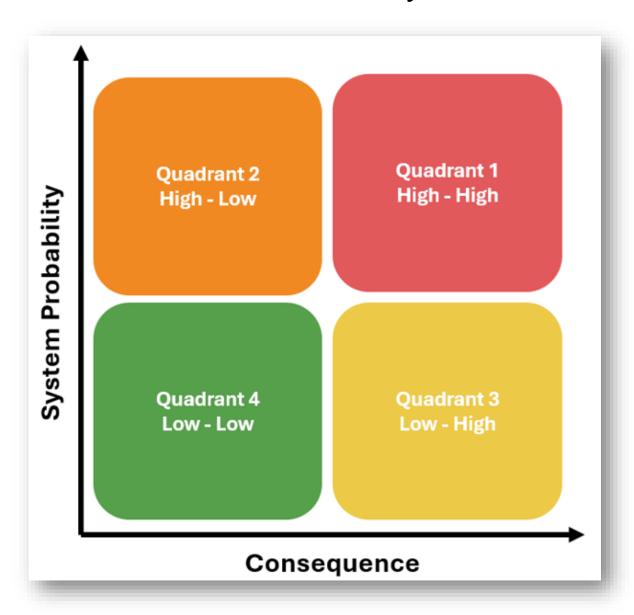
Wildfire Consequence

- Structures
- Timber
- Fire spread volume

Relative Risk by Section

- Location of risk
- Type of risk by quadrant
- Informs risk mitigation decision making

Infrastructure Resiliency Model



High System,
High Consequence

- Impacting System Risk
- · All hardening strategies apply
- Maximum assessments
- Monitor Environmental
- · Highest SA needs

High System, Low Consequence

- Impacting System Risk
- Most hardening strategies apply
- Maximum assessments
- Monitor Environmental
- Medium SA needs

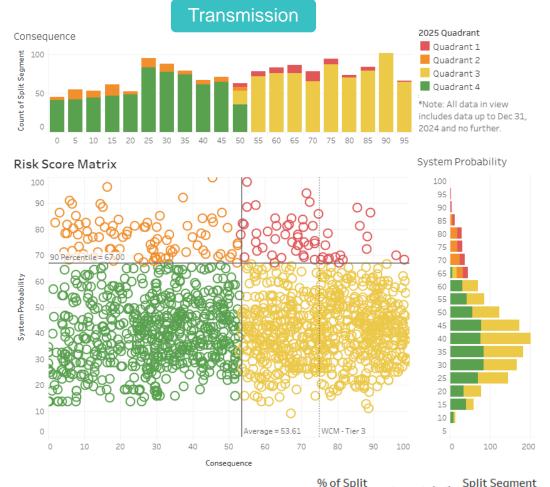
Low System,
High Consequence

- Impacting System Risk
- Technology and Protection strategies
- Normal assessments
- Monitor Environmental
- High SA needs

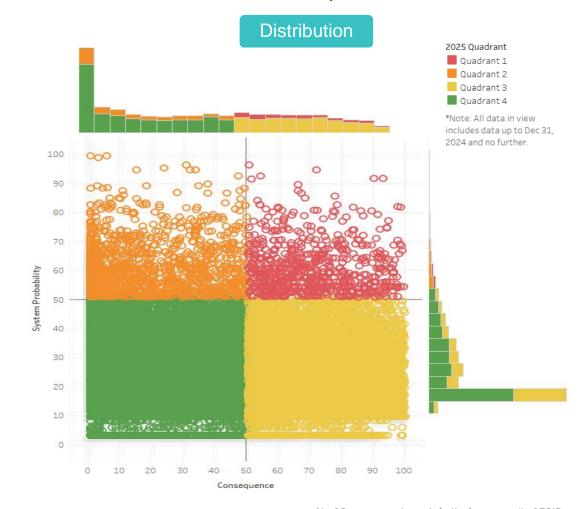
Low System, Low Consequence

- Impacting System Risk
- Normal assessments
- Monitor Environmental
- Low SA needs

Mitigating Risk Quadrants (Transmission & Distribution)

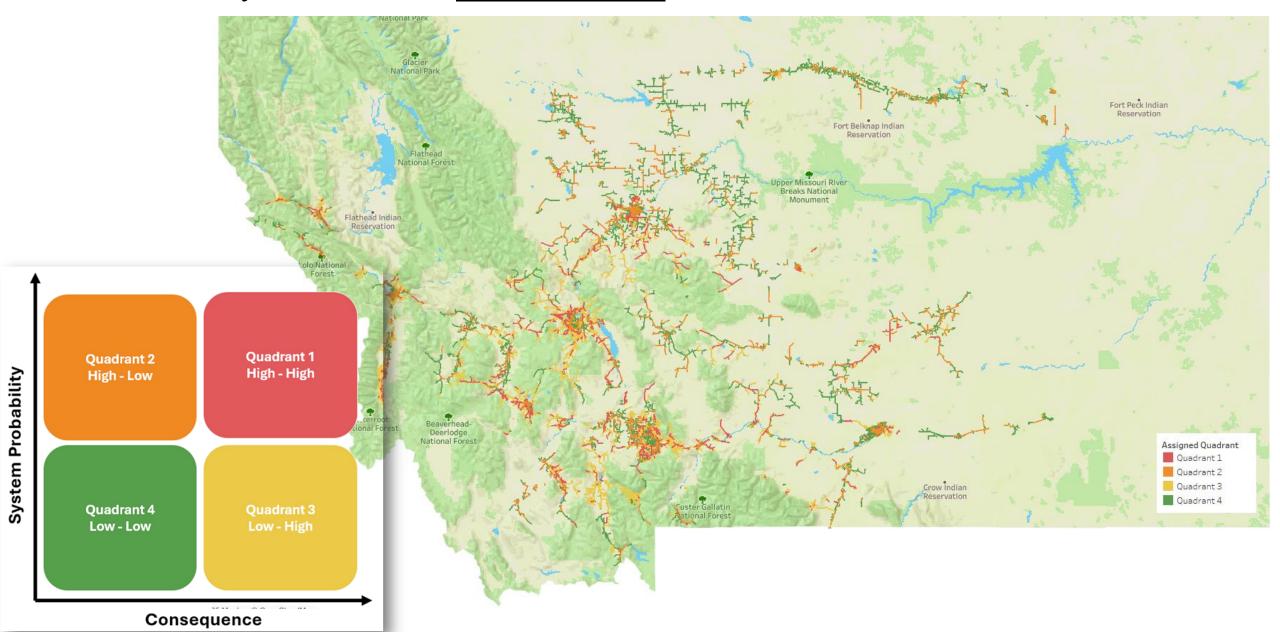


		% of Split Segments	Length (mi)	Split Segment Count
Quadrant 1	High System/High Consequence	3.94%	291	58
Quadrant 2	High System /Low Consequence	6.11%	443	90
Quadrant 3	Low System /High Consequence	48.10%	3,137	708
Quadrant 4	Low System /Low Consequence	41.85%	2,368	616

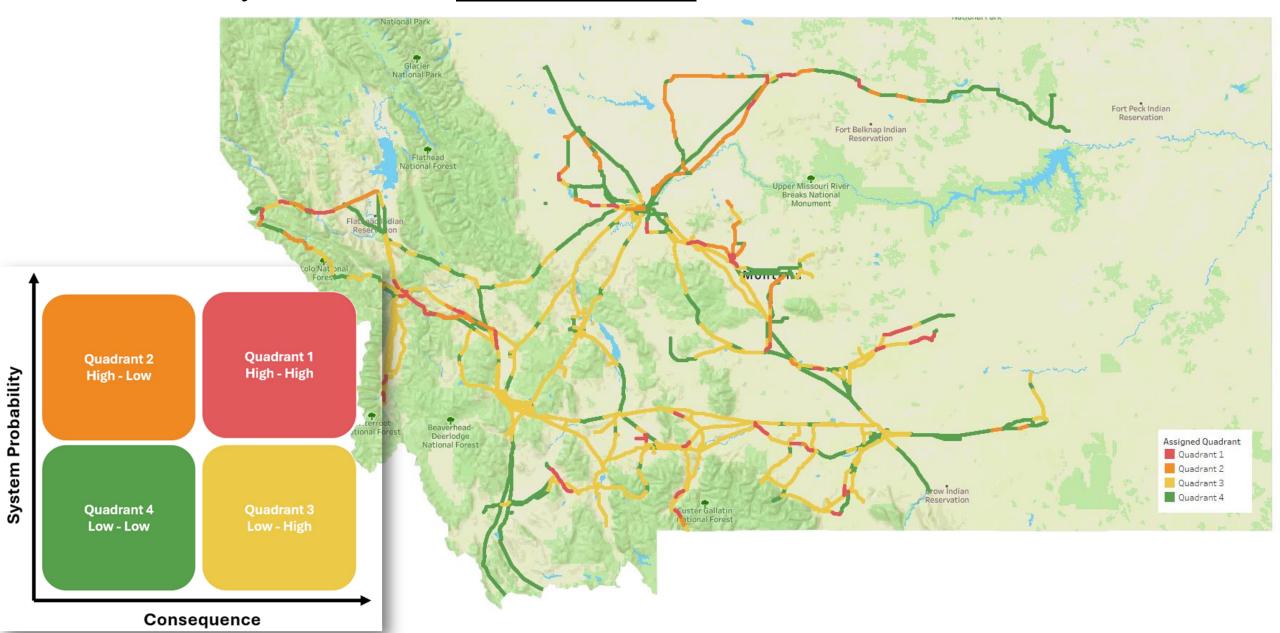


		% of System	Length (miles)	# of ESIDs
Quadrant 1	High System/High Consequence	1.84%	1,609	634
Quadrant 2	High System/Low Consequence	3.93%	2,629	1,350
Quadrant 3	Low System /High Consequence	32.71%	5,697	11,249
Quadrant 4	Low System/Low Consequence	61.52%	8,406	21,153

Wildfire System Risk - <u>Distribution</u>



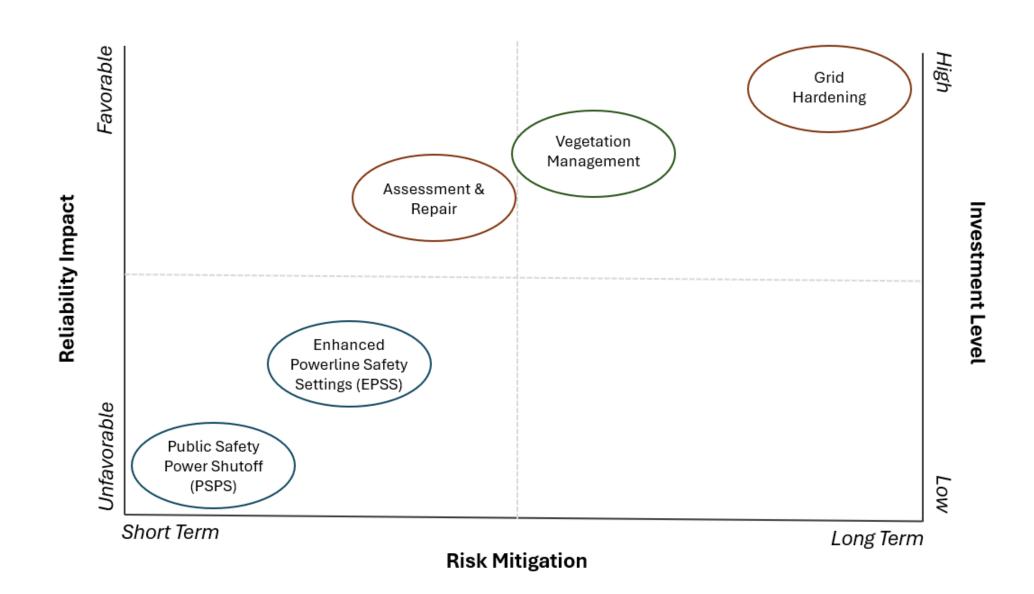
Wildfire System Risk - <u>Transmission</u>



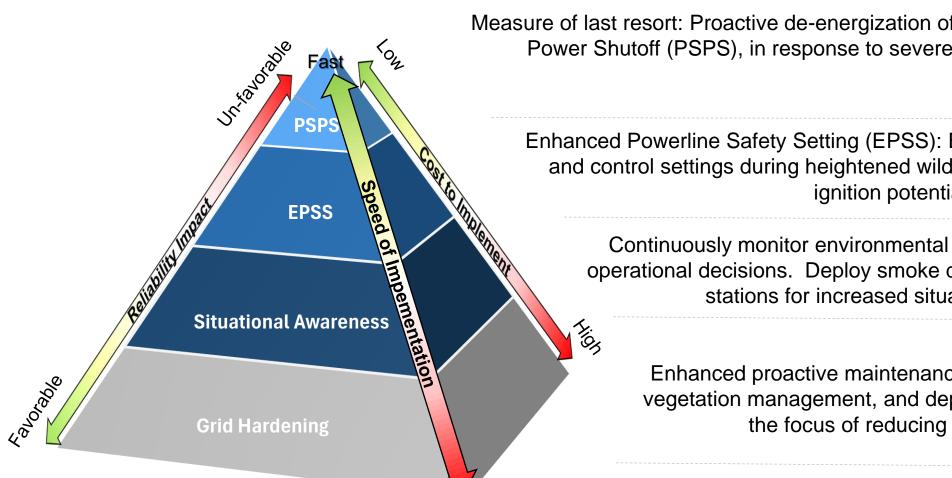


Wildfire Risk Informed Decision Making

Wildfire Risk Mitigation Strategies Impacts



Wildfire Risk Mitigation Strategies Hierarchy



Measure of last resort: Proactive de-energization of electric assets, Public Safety Power Shutoff (PSPS), in response to severe forecasted fire weather

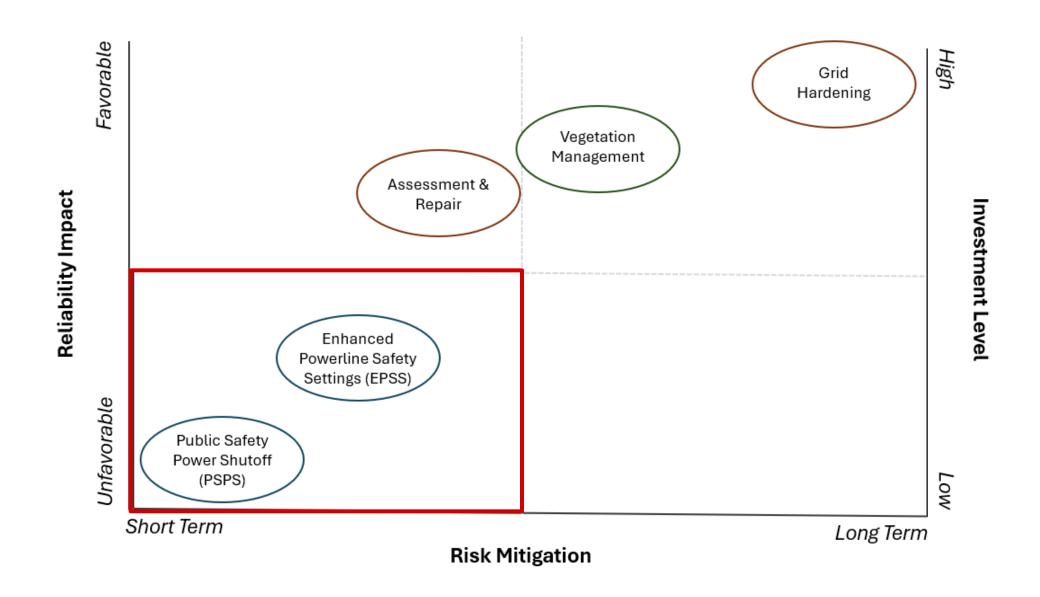
Enhanced Powerline Safety Setting (EPSS): Engineered enhanced protection and control settings during heightened wildfire likely conditions to reduce ignition potential

Continuously monitor environmental conditions to make informed operational decisions. Deploy smoke detection cameras and weather stations for increased situational awareness.

Enhanced proactive maintenance, targeted grid hardening, vegetation management, and deployment of technology with the focus of reducing ignition potential

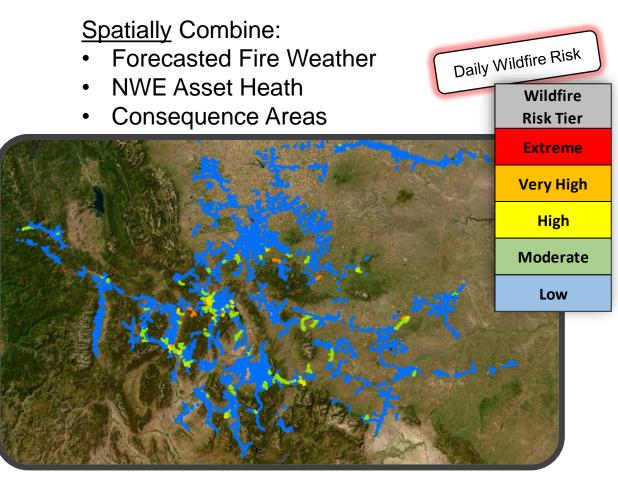
Managing Immediate Wildfire Risk

Wildfire Risk Mitigation Strategies Impacts – Short Term Strategies



Situational Awareness: Dynamic Wildfire Risk Dashboard





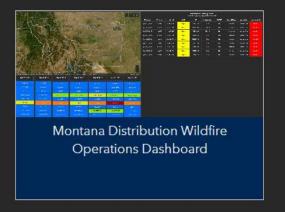
Provides wildfire risk visualization at an operational level

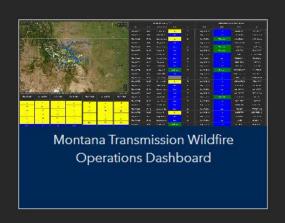
Situational Awareness Dashboards

- ✓ MT Distribution And Transmission Wildfire Risk Dashboards
- ✓ Work Practices Dashboards
- ✓ PSPS Incident Hub
- ✓ Smoke Detection Cameras
- ✓ Weather Stations and Weather Applications

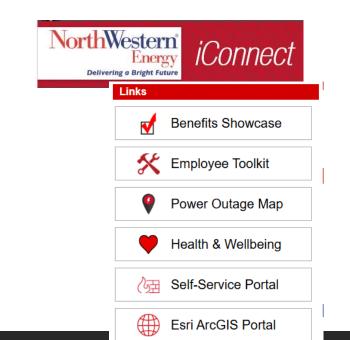
Wildfire Situational Awareness Hub

2025





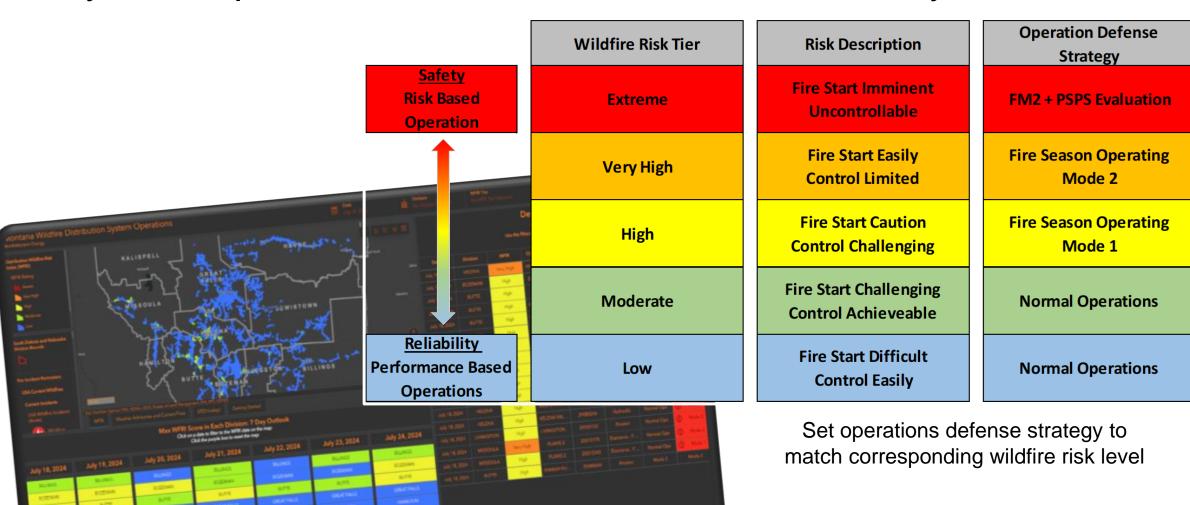




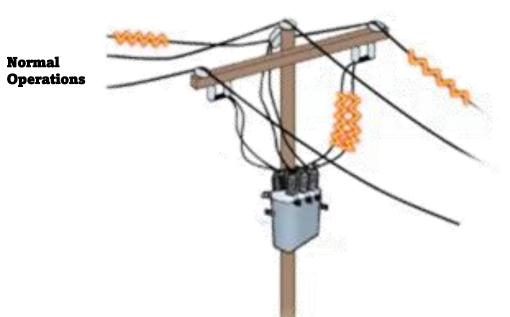


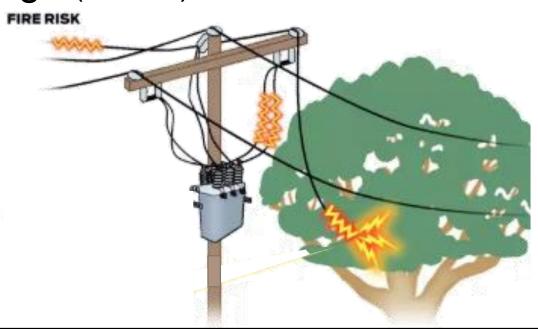
Wildfire Hub

System Operations Defenses- Balances Reliability and Risk



Enhanced Powerline Safety Settings (EPSS)





Situational Awareness

Reliability Based Operations	EPSS RELATED ITEM	Risk Based Operations
Enabled	Enabled Reclose Status	
At Fuse Level	Fault Current Energy	Minimized
Slow	Trip Speed	Fast or Instantaneous
Blown	Fuse Status	Saved
Minimized	Outage Size	Typically Larger 23

Public Safety Power Shutoff (PSPS)

Winter storm:

High outage probability Low ignition probability Low catastrophic fire

Blue Sky Day

System Disruption Weather

Low outage probability Low ignition probability Low catastrophic fire **PSPS**

Summer Wind Storm:

High outage probability High ignition probability High catastrophic fire

Summer Day

Low outage probability High ignition probability Low catastrophic fire

Fire Potential Index

Planned power outage for public safety to prevent major wildfires during periods of severe fire weather.

PSPS is a measure of last resort used to protect our communities from the potential of utility caused catastrophic wildfires

Enhanced Powerline Safety Settings (EPSS)



Elements Impacting Public Safety Power Shutoff Decisions









Plus



Plus



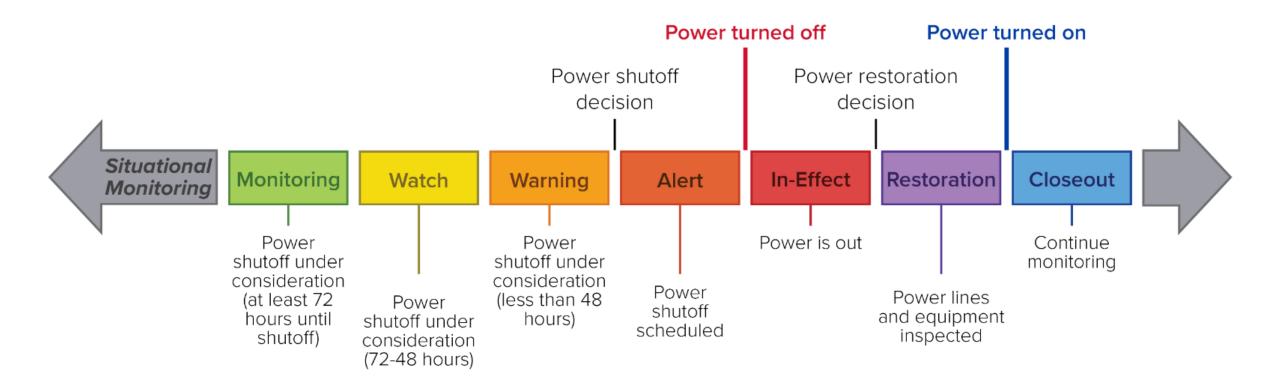
Asset Health

Environment and Weather Conditions

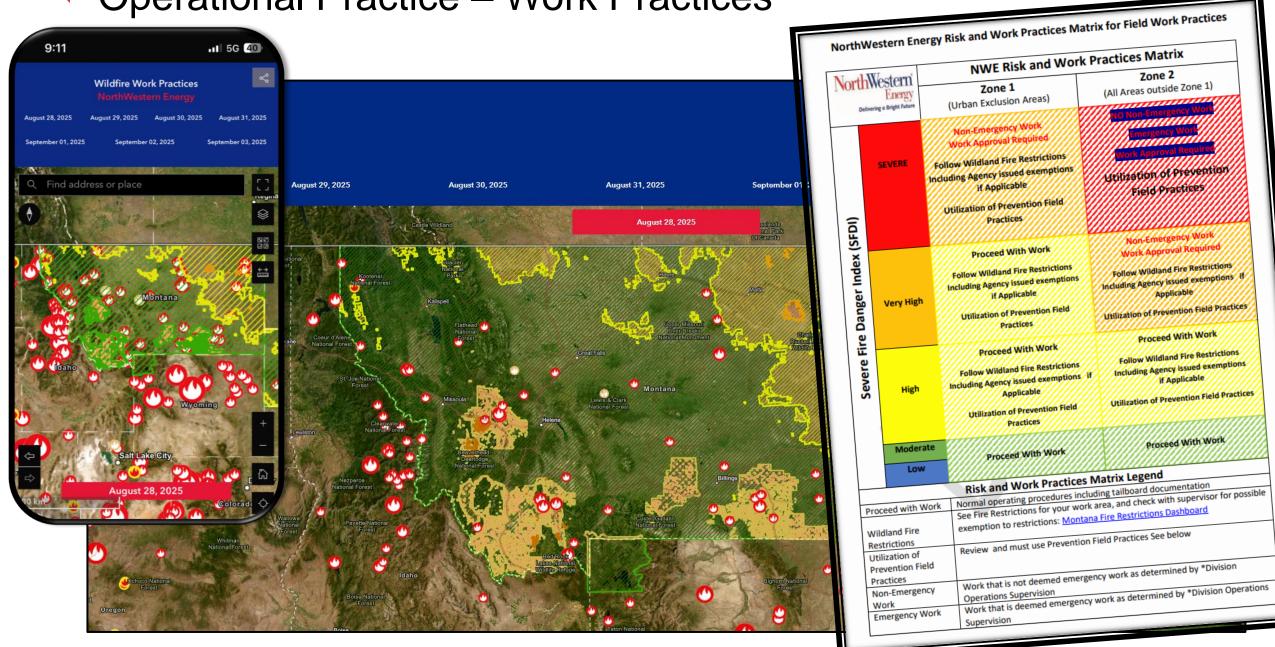
Customer Impact

Public Safety Power Shutoff Decision Process

Our Public Safety Power Shutoff Communication Plan includes a **clearly defined, phased approach** that guides our communications during a PSPS event.



Operational Practice – Work Practices



Situational Awareness: Weather Applications Meteomatics (MetX) **Baron Weather** BARON STORM TRACKER RADAR Snow Lake Shores 23 min Shear 115.1 mph

Situational Awareness: Ai Smoke Detection Cameras

Madison Hill 2

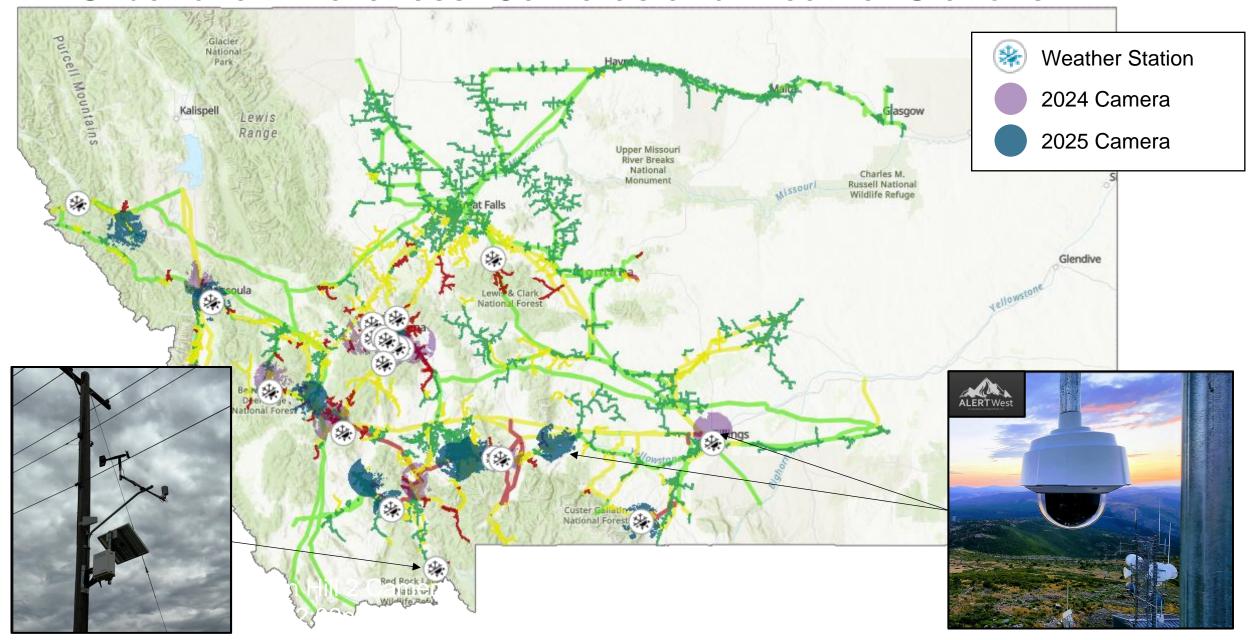
Search cameras

Active Cameras

Active Cameras



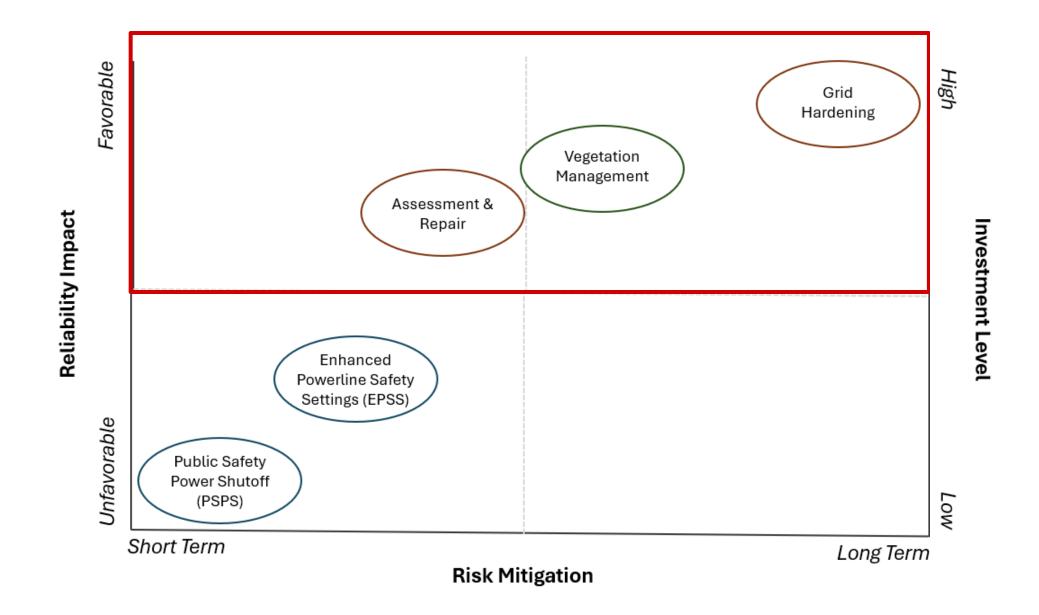
Situational Awareness: Cameras and Weather Stations





Managing Long Term Wildfire Risk

Wildfire Risk Mitigation Strategies Impacts – Long Term Strategies

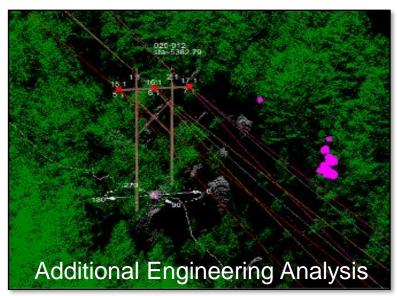


Wildfire System Preparedness: Grid Hardening Programs







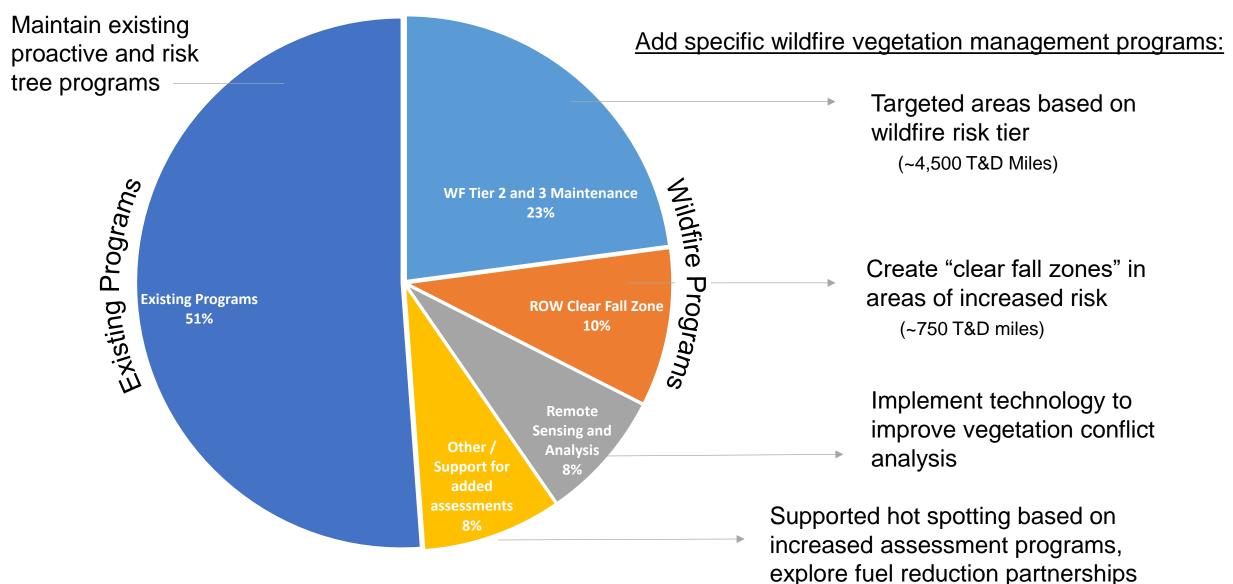




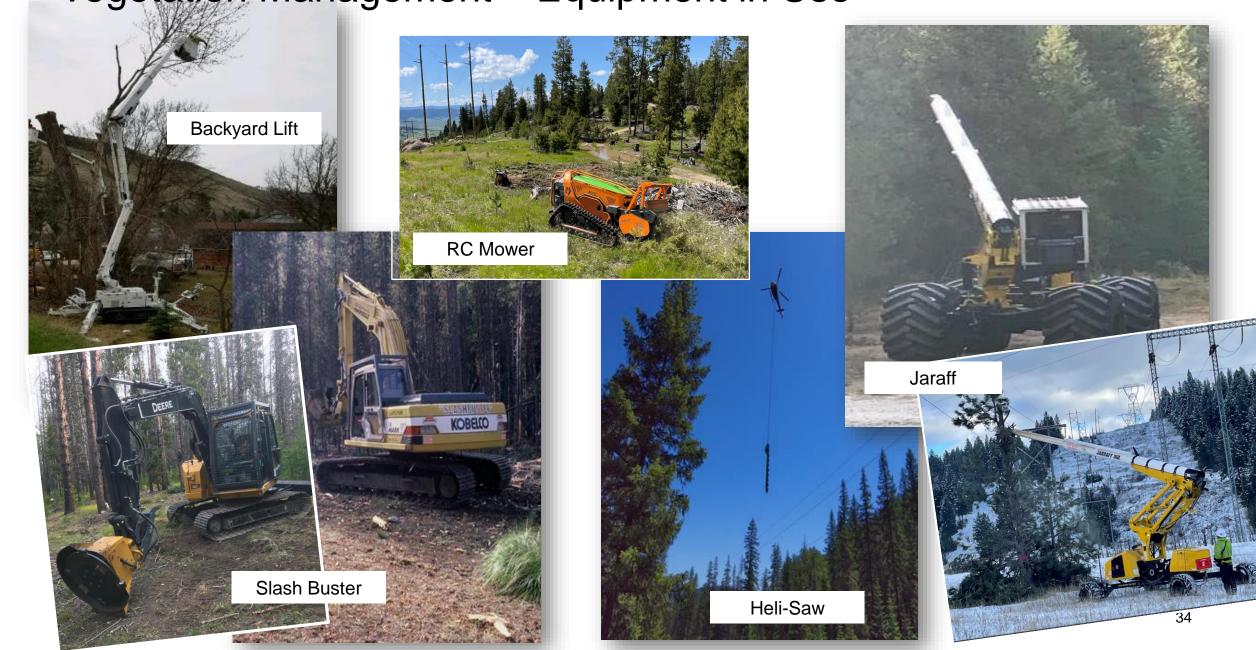
Additional Hardening could include:

- Re-conductor
- Re-routing
- New framing standards
- Line device upgrades
- Assessment repairs
- Communication and Technology upgrades

Vegetation Management – Increasing Maintenance Focus



Vegetation Management – Equipment in Use





Public Communication and Outreach

Revamped Website



A Resilient Electrical Grid

Starting in 2010, NorthWestern Energy began a major investment in our electrical grid. Our vision was for a distribution system that is reliable, able to grow, optimized, responsive to all customers, energy efficient, cost effective and state of the art. While these investments did not focus specifically on wildfire mitigation, effective management of our transmission and distribution assets provided a foundational core to reduce wildfire risk.



Vegetation Management

We have proactive efforts in place to mitigate trees or tree branches falling into power lines, to maintain healthy forests and to decrease fuel loading. This includes doing aerial and ground assessment of our powerlines and removing any vegetation that is at high-risk of causing a wildfire.



Situational Awareness

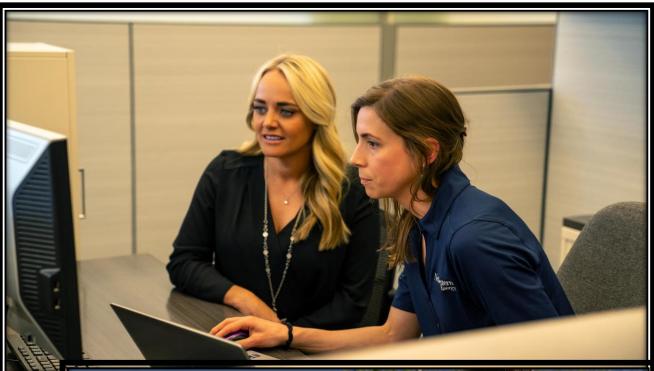
We have a Wildfire Operational department which focuses on monitoring weather forecasts and environmental conditions across our service territory. We're also implementing new field cameras that will allow us to monitor our system and detect wildfires as soon as they start.



Paid Advertising

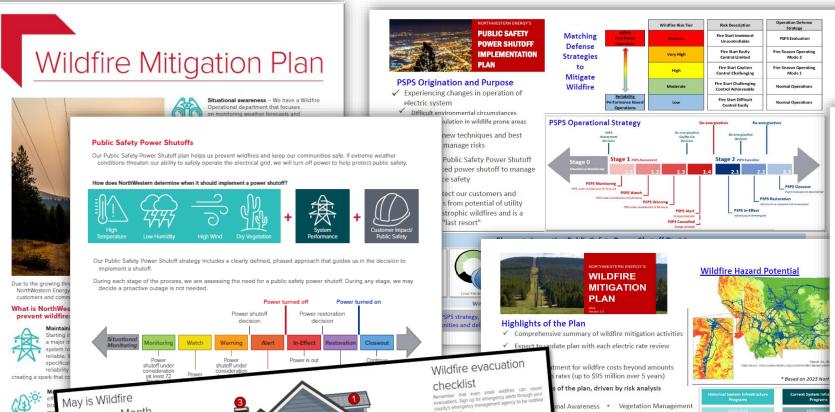








Targeted (e)mailing and Communication Sheets



Awareness Month repared is the best way to protect your family, the and your community. Here are some ways

Update your contact information for alerts

take sure your contact information is up to date with withWestern Energy. Do you have an old landine inber or old email address on file? Now is a great

og in to My Energy Account and update your iformation. While you're there, set your notification information. While you're there, set your notification preferences. You can select to be notified via bard or email about outages, billing and more. This is one of the primary wary you'd be notified of a power outage yr a Public Safety Power Shufort.

Know what to expect during a PSPS



Make your home more fire resilient Research about community destruction from willdrise has shown that embers are the main source of home destruction

respects about community destruction from whater has shown that embers are the main from wildfres. Embers can lightle materials on and adjacent to your home to cause lightlen.

 Install a Class A roof. Your roof has the most surface area, therefore, will catch the most embers. Class A roofs are recent your your mass are major surrance executivements, you used an entire entirests, assess a recent set of rate fire impacts. Class A food materials include metal, the and asphalt composition shingles Keep roof clear of pine needles, leaves, branches and other vegetative debris.

Remove all combustible materials within the first 5 feet around your home. Embers will collect in time zone. r. Netmove all computation materials within the first is feet around your notifie. Enfoyers will council, in this some.
 Remove woody plants, glasses, lumber, woodpiles, much and other combustable materials, install gravel, tock or

Go bag essentials: Important documents D. Non-perishable food and water for 72 hours. Inventory of home contents (consider making a video inventory now, prior to an emergency) D Photographs of the exterior of the house and Enough clothing for 3-5 days Prepare your vehicle: Keep a full gas tank Place essential items in the car If you do not drive, make other arrangements for Close garage door when you leave Inside the home:

1 Close all interior doors if time allows 3 Remove lightweight, non-fire-resistant curtains and other combustible materials from around windows

onal Practice • Public Communication

2020

2019

2017

are increasing due to a longer duration of the Montana wildfire season.

of their distribution and transmission assets in the highest wildfire areas in Montana,

Expect to spend ~\$500 million from

2024 to 2028. The costs for the enhanced

activities were developed as part of the original

2022 plan. The costs for established activities are

not all-inclusive as several are routine tasks that

are not individually tracked.

Season in Montana

Historical Fire Weeks

Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec

reparedness

☐ Turn off all pilot lights ☐ Close fireplace damper Close or block off any doggle-doors

 Lock-up frearms or valuables Prepare pets and animals: D. Have veterinary records and medications in one

D Transport food, water and bowls in easy-to-carry. Have a livestock trailer and reliable vehicle for towing



We are reaching out to you because you own property in an area at high risk of wildfires.

Due to the growing threat of catastrophic wildflres, NorthWestern Energy is exploring new ways to protect our customers and communities from wildfires. Our wildfire specialists have identified your property to be within a high-risk area. Due to living in a high-risk wildfire area, we want to help you prepare for service interruptions and public safety power shutoffs. It is important to understand the steps NorthWestern Energy is taking to protect our customers, property and infrastructure, and the steps you can take to prevent wildfire damage.

Ensure your phone number and email address are shutoff plans at NorthWesternEnergy.com/wildfires

· View our wildfire mitigation and public safety power

Because you are located in a high-risk area, you are more likely to experience a Public Safety Power Shutoff. have fallen into the lines. Once

What is a Public Safety Power Shutoff?

A public safety power shutoff, or PSPS, is when NorthWestern Energy, or another energy company. proactively turns off power to an area where wildfire risk is unacceptably high due to extreme weather conditions, Public Safety Power Shutoffs help us prevent wildfires and keep our communities safe.

When do Public Safety Power Shutoffs occur?

Public Safety Power Shutoffs are used during extreme weather conditions when there is a high risk of an electrical line igniting a wildfire. The primary factors we look at to determine when a Public Safety Power Shutoff is necessary are high temperatures, low humidity, dry vegetation and high wind.

We may turn off power when extreme weather conditions are expected but before they hit an area.

What happens during a Public Safety Power Shutoff event?

Up to 72 hours but at least 48 hours before most Public Safety Power Shutoffs, NorthWestern Energy will notify customers who may be impacted. We will continue to update our customers as we monitor the situation and determine whether a power shutoff is necessary. Before power is turned off, all impacted customers will be contacted via phone and email (if we have your email address on file). Power will remain off until weather conditions have improved to the point where we can safely operate the electrical grid.

Customers will also be notified when their power has been restored.

How long does a Public Safety Power Shutoff last?

Public Safety Power Shutoffs can vary in length. We will not restore power until weather conditions have improved to the point where we can safely operate the electrical grid. After the extreme weather conditions

no branches, trees or other items any damage has been repaired, NorthWestern Energy will restore power. A Public Safety Power Shutoff plus the time to patrol and make repairs, could last several hours or even days depending on the magnitude of the weather event. If storm damage occurs, restoration could take longer.



How will I be notified if there is a Public Safety Power Shutoff in my area?

If you will be impacted by a potential Public Safety Power Shutoff, NorthWestern Energy will notify you directly multiple times throughout the process. You will receive an automated phone call and email from us before power is turned off and after it is restored. You will soon also have the option to receive text

NorthWestern Energy will also post information on our website and social media accounts about Public Safety Power Shutoffs. For the most up-to-date information during an event, visit NorthWesternEnergy.com.

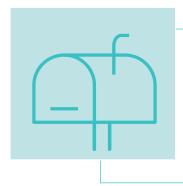
What if I have special medical needs and depend on electricity?

- · Make a plan for medical needs such as refrigerated medicine or electrically powered medical equipment. This could mean finding a place you can go during an outage or using a backup generator.
- · For medical emergencies, call 911.

NorthWestern Energy's top priority is your safety. By implementing these practices and plans in your home and community, you are helping reduce the impacts of wildfires in your area. For more information about Public Safety Power Shutoffs, our Wildfire Mitigation Plan, or Power Outages please visit our website at NorthWesternEnergy.com/wildfire, call one of our have passed, we will patrol electrical lines to make sure customer service representatives at 888-467-2669, or visit us on social media @northwesternenergy.

Learn more about Public Safety Power Shutoffs at NorthWesternEnergy.com/PSPS.

How we communicate about our wildfire mitigation efforts



Mailers

Communities: 234

Estimated reach:

28,638 customers



Social media

Number of posts: 17

Estimated reach: 33,700



Paid media

Platforms: 5

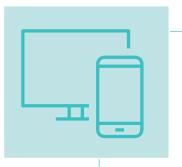
Estimated Reach: **9,331,091**



Community events

Number of events: 17

Engagements: 1,055



Email

Sent: 206,654

Open rate: 39%



Website traffic

to our wildfire safety pages

Page views: 113,876

NWE WMP In Summary

Conclusion – NWE's Wildfire Mitigation Plan



