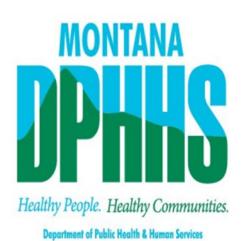
# Montana Suicide Prevention Program



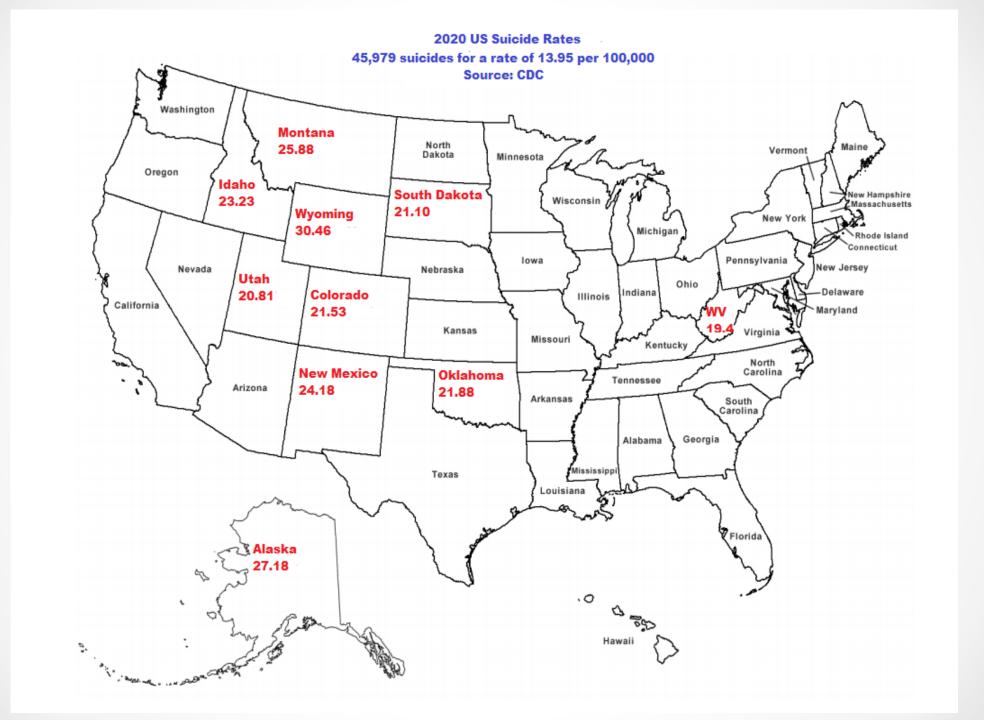
Karl Rosston, LCSW
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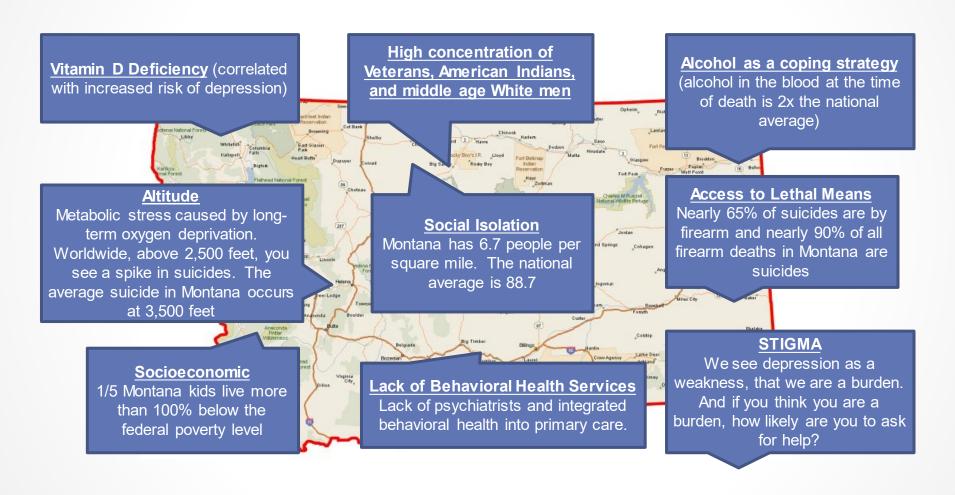
- In 2020 there were 45,979 suicides in the U.S. (129 suicides per day; 1 suicide every 11 minutes). This translates to an annual suicide rate of 14 per 100,000.
- For all age groups, Montana has ranked in the top five for suicide rates in the nation, for the past forty years.
- According to the most recent numbers released by the National Vital Statistics Report for <u>2020</u>, <u>Montana has the 3<sup>rd</sup> highest rate of suicide</u> in the United States (300 suicides for a rate of 25.9).



### Why does Montana have such a high rate of suicide?

It's not one factor, but rather multiple factors all occurring at the same time.

It is a cultural issue.



Content source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control, WISQARS.

#### 2011 - 2020, United States Suicide Injury Deaths and Rates per 100,000

All Races, Both Sexes, All Ages ICD-10 Codes: X60-X84, Y87.0,\*U03

| Number of<br>Deaths |               |       | Age-Adjusted<br>Rate** |
|---------------------|---------------|-------|------------------------|
| 442,258             | 3,213,492,571 | 13.76 | 13.30                  |

### 2011 - 2020, United States Suicide Injury Deaths and Rates per 100,000

Am Indian/AK Native, Both Sexes, All Ages ICD-10 Codes: X60-X84, Y87.0,\*U03

| Number of | Population*** | Crude | Age-Adjusted |
|-----------|---------------|-------|--------------|
| Deaths    |               | Rate  | Rate**       |
| 5,841     | 46,228,040    | 12.64 | 12.59        |

2011 - 2020, Montana Suicide Injury Deaths and Rates per 100,000

All Races, Both Sexes, All Ages ICD-10 Codes: X60-X84, Y87.0,\*U03 2011 - 2020, Montana Suicide Injury Deaths and Rates per 100,000

Am Indian/AK Native, Both Sexes, All Ages ICD-10 Codes: X60-X84, Y87.0,\*U03

| 2011 - 2020, Montana            | 1           |
|---------------------------------|-------------|
| Suicide Injury Deaths and Rates | per 100,000 |

Am Indian/AK Native, Males, Ages 15 to 24 ICD-10 Codes: X60-X84, Y87.0,\*U03

| Number of<br>Deaths | Population*** | Crude<br>Rate | Age-Adjusted<br>Rate** |
|---------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------------|
| 2,663               | 10,378,513    | 25.66         | 25.00                  |
| 2,663               | 10,378,513    | 25.66         |                        |

| Number of<br>Deaths | Population*** | Crude<br>Rate | Age-Adjusted<br>Rate** |
|---------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------------|
| 240                 | 748,201       | 32.08         | 33.75                  |
| 240                 | 748,201       | 32.08         |                        |

| Number of<br>Deaths | Population*** | Crude<br>Rate |
|---------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 60                  | 63,838        | 93.99         |
| 60                  | 63,838        | 93.99         |

#### 2021 Montana Suicides by American Indians

#### N=43

| <u>Gender</u>       |    | Means             |    | Occupation                  |
|---------------------|----|-------------------|----|-----------------------------|
| Males (23%)         | 33 | Firearm           | 17 | Auditor 1                   |
| Females             | 10 | Hanging (43%)     | 20 | Beautician 1                |
|                     |    | Jumping           | 4  | Casino Attendant 1          |
| Veterans            | 1  | Poison            | 2  | CHR Driver 1                |
|                     |    |                   |    | Clerk 1                     |
| Age Range           |    |                   |    | Cook 2<br>Firefighter 1     |
| 11-18               | 8  | Relational Status |    | Gardener 1                  |
| 19-29 (35%)         | 15 | Divorced          | 4  | Labor Foreman 1             |
| 30-39               | 9  | Married           | 4  | Heavy Equipment Operator 2  |
| 40-49               | 4  | Single (72%)      | 31 | Homemaker 2                 |
| 50-59               | 5  | Widowed           | 4  | Horse Trainer 3             |
| 60-85               | 2  | Widowca           |    | House Cleaner 1             |
|                     | _  |                   |    | House Painter 1             |
| County of Residence |    |                   |    | Laborer 7                   |
| Big Horn            | 3  |                   |    | Maintenance Tech 1          |
| Blaine              | 5  |                   |    | Mechanic 1                  |
| Cascade (14%)       | 6  |                   |    | Auto Parts 1                |
| Chouteau            | 1  |                   |    | Rancher 3                   |
| Flathead            | 1  |                   |    | Trucking 1                  |
| Glacier             |    |                   |    | Student 5<br>Food Service 1 |
|                     | 4  |                   |    | Teacher's Aid 1             |
| Hill                | 4  |                   |    | Unknown 3                   |
| Jefferson           | 1  |                   |    | onknown 9                   |
| Lake                | 3  |                   |    |                             |
| Lincoln             | 1  |                   |    |                             |
| Missoula            | 1  |                   |    |                             |
| Phillips            | 2  |                   |    |                             |
| Powell              | 1  |                   |    |                             |
| Roosevelt           | 4  |                   |    |                             |
| Rosebud             | 3  |                   |    |                             |
| Yellowstone         | 3  |                   |    |                             |

### 2020 Youth Suicide Data

| Age (Years) | Sex    | NCHS 'BRIDGED RACE      | County of Residence | Underlying Cause of Death (COD) - Label Added by NCHS                |
|-------------|--------|-------------------------|---------------------|--|
| 11          | FEMALE | ASIAN/ PACIFIC ISLANDER | MISSOULA            | Intentional self-harm by hanging, strangulation and suffocation      |
| 13          | MALE   | WHITE                   | LEWIS & CLARK       | Intentional self-harm by handgun discharge                           |
| 15          | MALE   | WHITE                   | PARK                | Intentional self-harm by handgun discharge                           |
| 15          | MALE   | WHITE                   | BEAVERHEAD          | Intentional self-harm by hanging, strangulation and suffocation      |
| 15          | FEMALE | AMERICAN INDIAN         | YELLOWSTONE         | Intentional self-harm by rifle, shotgun and larger firearm discharge |
| 16          | MALE   | WHITE                   | YELLOWSTONE         | Intentional self-harm by handgun discharge                           |
| 16          | MALE   | AMERICAN INDIAN         | ROOSEVELT           | Intentional self-harm by other and unspecified firearm discharge     |
| 16          | MALE   | WHITE                   | LEWIS & CLARK       | Intentional self-harm by handgun discharge                           |
| 16          | FEMALE | WHITE                   | DEER LODGE          | Intentional self-harm by other and unspecified firearm discharge     |
| 17          | MALE   | WHITE                   | FLATHEAD            | Intentional self-harm by hanging, strangulation and suffocation      |
| 17          | MALE   | WHITE                   | LEWIS & CLARK       | Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to antiepileptic,         |
| 18          | MALE   | AMERICAN INDIAN         | BLAINE              | Intentional self-harm by hanging, strangulation and suffocation      |
| 18          | MALE   | WHITE                   | LEWIS & CLARK       | Intentional self-harm by rifle, shotgun and larger firearm discharge |

#### N=13

White-9 (69%), AI-3 (23%), Asian-1 Male-10 (77%), Female-2 Firearm-8 (62%), Hanging-4 (31%), Overdose-1

L&C-4 \* Yellowstone-2

### 2021 Youth Suicide Data

| Age (Years) | Sex    | NCHS 'BRIDGED RACE      | County of Residence | Underlying Cause of Death (COD) - Label Added by NCHS               |
|-------------|--------|-------------------------|---------------------|---|
| 11          | FEMALE | AMERICAN INDIAN         | GLACIER             | Intentional self-harm by hanging, strangulation and suffocation     |
| 12          | MALE   | WHITE                   | YELLOWSTONE         | Intentional self-harm by hanging, strangulation and suffocation     |
| 12          | MALE   | WHITE                   | GALLATIN            | Intentional self-harm by other and unspecified firearm discharge    |
| 13          | MALE   | WHITE                   | LEWIS & CLARK       | Intentional self-harm by other and unspecified firearm discharge    |
| 14          | MALE   | AMERICAN INDIAN         | CASCADE             | Intentional self-harm by other and unspecified firearm discharge    |
| 14          | MALE   | WHITE                   | FALLON              | Intentional self-harm by other and unspecified firearm discharge    |
| 15          | MALE   | WHITE                   | PARK                | Intentional self-harm by other and unspecified firearm discharge    |
| 15          | MALE   | WHITE                   | LINCOLN             | Intentional self-harm by other and unspecified firearm discharge    |
| 15          | FEMALE | WHITE                   | LEWIS & CLARK       | Intentional self-harm by hanging, strangulation and suffocation     |
| 15          | MALE   | WHITE                   | FLATHEAD            | Intentional self-harm by other and unspecified firearm discharge    |
| 16          | MALE   | WHITE                   | LAKE                | Intentional self-harm by handgun discharge                          |
| 16          | MALE   | WHITE                   | LEWIS & CLARK       | Intentional self-harm by handgun discharge                          |
| 17          | MALE   | WHITE                   | SANDERS             | Intentional self-harm by other and unspecified firearm discharge    |
| 17          | MALE   | AMERICAN INDIAN         | ROOSEVELT           | Intentional self-harm by hanging, strangulation and suffocation     |
| 17          | MALE   | ASIAN/ PACIFIC ISLANDER | CASCADE             | Intentional self-harm by jumping or lying before moving object      |
| 17          | MALE   | WHITE                   | YELLOWSTONE         | Intentional self-harm by handgun discharge                          |
| 17          | FEMALE | WHITE                   | FLATHEAD            | Intentional self-harm by other and unspecified firearm discharge    |
| 17          | FEMALE | WHITE                   | SANDERS             | Intentional self-harm by hanging, strangulation and suffocation     |
| 17          | MALE   | AMERICAN INDIAN         | LINCOLN             | Intentional self-harm by hanging, strangulation and suffocation     |
| 17          | FEMALE | WHITE                   | FLATHEAD            | Intentional self-harm by hanging, strangulation and suffocation     |
| 17          | MALE   | WHITE                   | FLATHEAD            | Intentional self-harm by hanging, strangulation and suffocation     |
| 17          | MALE   | AMERICAN INDIAN         | BIG HORN            | Intentional self-harm by hanging, strangulation and suffocation     |
| 18          | MALE   | WHITE                   | CASCADE             | Intentional self-harm by other and unspecified firearm discharge    |
| 18          | MALE   | AMERICAN INDIAN         | LAKE                | Intentional self-harm by jumping or lying before moving object      |
| 18          | MALE   | WHITE                   | FLATHEAD            | Intentional self-harm by crashing of motor vehicle                  |
| 18          | MALE   | WHITE                   | DAWSON              | Intentional self-harm by handgun discharge                          |
| 18          | FEMALE | AMERICAN INDIAN         | BLAINE              | Intentional self-harm by other and unspecified firearm discharge    |
| 18          | MALE   | WHITE                   | PARK                | Intentional self-poisoning by and exposure to nonopioid analgesics, |
| 18          | FEMALE | AMERICAN INDIAN         | CHOUTEAU            | Intentional self-harm by hanging, strangulation and suffocation     |

#### N=29

White-20,AI-8, Asian-1 Males-22, Female-7 Firearm-15, Hanging-10, Jump-2, OD=-1, Auto-1

White 69%, AI 26% 76% Male 52% Firearm, 34% Hang

Flathead-5 L&C-3 \* Cascade-3

### Montana Data for Suicides by those who served in the Armed Forces, 2020-2021

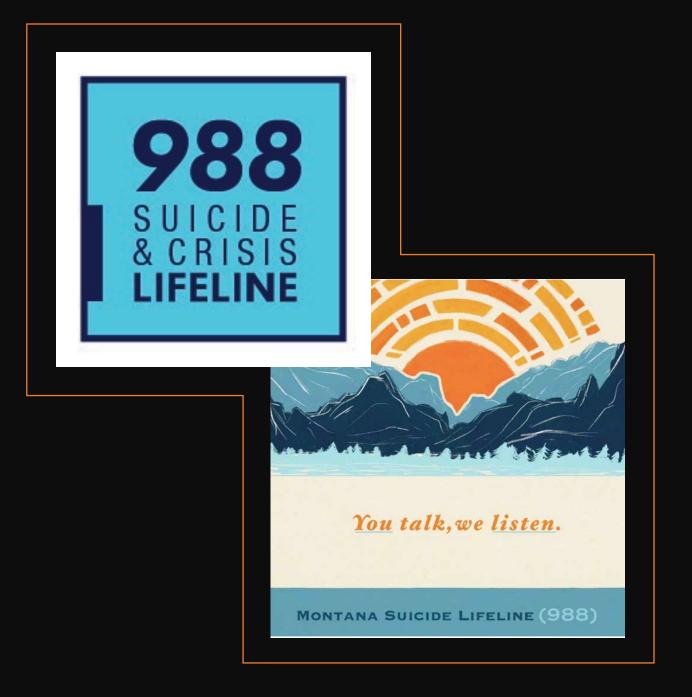
(Source: Montana DPHHS-Office of Epidemiology and Scientific Support)

Montana saw a reduction in suicides by those who serviced in the Armed Forces between 2020 and 2021. The number of suicides dropped from 70 in 2020 to 56 in 2021, **a 20% decrease**. Over the 2-year period, 98% of the suicides were by males. 94% of the of the suicides were identified as white. 46% of the suicides were over the age of 70 and 81% of the suicides were by firearm.

| 2020 Montana Suicides by those who served in the Armed Forces |               |              |           |    |  |
|---|---------------|--------------|-----------|----|--|
|   | N= <b>7</b> 0 | , Rate-82/10 | 0,000     |    |  |
| Gender  | 70 males      | 0 females    |           |    |  |
| Race  | 66 white      | 4 Al         |           |    |  |
|   |               |              |           |    |  |
| Age Range   | #             |              | Means     | #  |  |
| 18-29   | 8             |              | Firearm   | 55 |  |
| 30-39   | 6             |              | Hanging   | 6  |  |
| 40-49   | 4             |              | Jumping   | 1  |  |
| 50-59   | 6             |              | Sharp Obj | 2  |  |
| 60-69   | 12            |              | Poison    | 5  |  |
| 70-79   | 18            |              | Fire      | 1  |  |
| 80+   | 16            |              |           |    |  |

| 2021 Montana Suicides by those |                                |            |            |    |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|------------|----|--|--|--|
|                                | who served in the Armed Forces |            |            |    |  |  |  |
|                                | N=56,                          | Rate-66/10 | 00,000     |    |  |  |  |
| Gender                         | 54 males                       | 2 females  |            |    |  |  |  |
| Race                           | 52 white                       | 1 AI       | 1 Hispanic |    |  |  |  |
|                                |                                |            |            |    |  |  |  |
| Age Range                      | #                              |            | Means      | #  |  |  |  |
| 18-29                          | 5                              |            | Firearm    | 47 |  |  |  |
| 30-39                          | 5                              |            | Hanging    | 3  |  |  |  |
| 40-49                          | 7                              |            | Jumping    | 1  |  |  |  |
| 50-59                          | 10                             |            | Sharp Obj  | 1  |  |  |  |
| 60-69                          | 5                              |            | Poison     | 4  |  |  |  |
| 70-79                          | 70-79 11                       |            |            |    |  |  |  |
| 80+                            | 13                             |            |            |    |  |  |  |

Montana's Suicide Prevention and Mental Health Crisis Lifeline



# Background

 Congress passes the National Suicide Hotline Designation Act on October 17, 2020, beginning the process of replacing the ten-digit lifeline with the three-digit 988.

• Vibrant Emotional Health inc. is given the national grant to implement 988 nationwide.

 Vibrant offers planning grants to states to begin the process of planning for implementation by 16 July 2022.

# **Eight Planning Considerations**

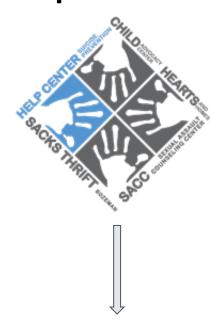
- 24/7 Statewide coverage
- Strategies for supporting funding streams
- Capacity building
- Operational, clinical and performance standards
- 9-8-8 Implementation Coalition
- Maintaining and updating local Resource and Referral listings
- Follow-up Services
- Consistency in Public Messaging

### Montana Crisis Call Centers

**Voice of Hope** 



Local Number Lifeline 211 **Help Center 211** 



Local Number
Lifeline
211

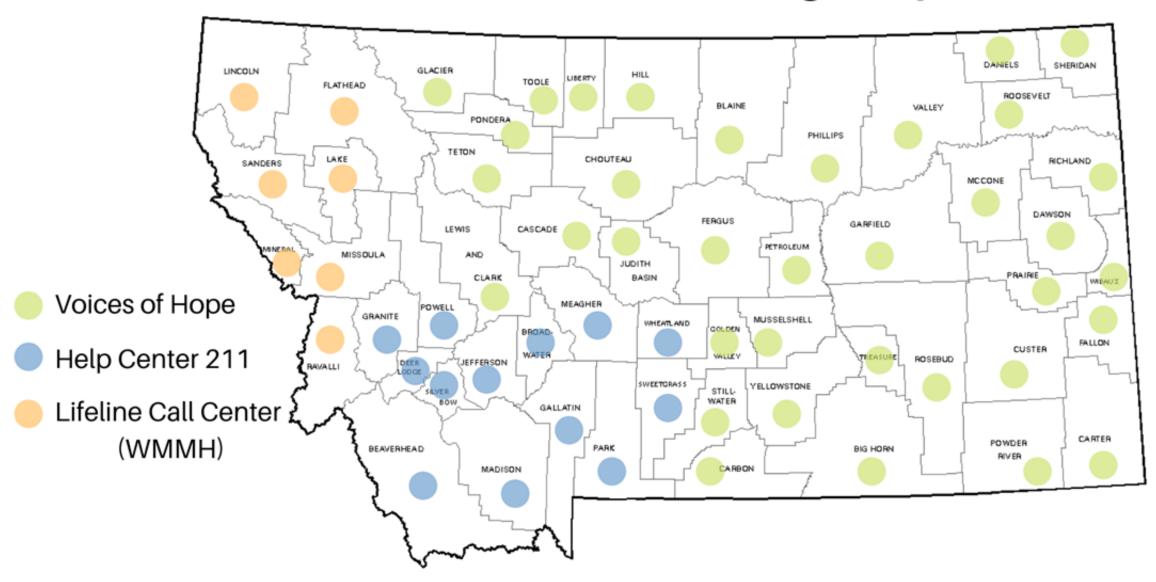
**Lifeline Call Center** 





Lifeline

### Lifeline Call Center Coverage Map





# Montana Zero Suicide Grant

- Focus on American Indian Adults
- Grant from SAMHSA
- September 30, 2020 through September 29, 2023
- Total amount: \$2,800,000; \$700,000 per year



### Main Goals:

- 1. Establish a suicide care policy promoting suicide safe care as an organizational priority.
- 2. Create a confident and competent workforce where at-risk individuals are identified.
- 3. Ensure all patients who are at risk receive immediate, safe and personalized treatment



### **Partners**

- 1. All Nations Health Center Missoula
- 2. Billings Urban Indian Health and Wellness Center Billings\*
- 3. Blackfeet Tribal Health Center Browning
- 4. Butte Native Wellness Center Butte
- 5. Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribal Health Ronan
- 6. Fort Belknap Tribal Health Harlem
- 7. Fort Peck Tribal Health Poplar
- 8. Northern Cheyenne Tribal Health Lame Deer\*

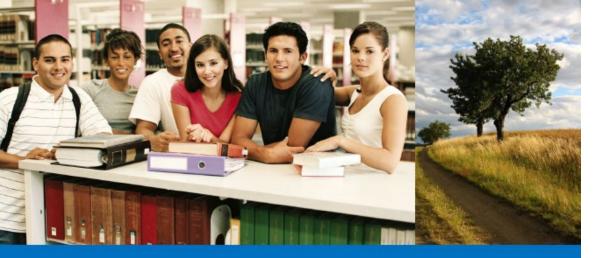
\*only participating in training



### Accomplishments:

- All-site calls have led to a good exchange of information between Tribal Health Facilities and Urban Indian Health Centers.
- Trainings have been done with all partners
- Tribal Consultation has led to increased collaboration between the state and Tribal Partners, which has led to more partners
- NativeWellness Life, a Native owned magazine, has been a strong conduit of education, outreach and support
- Facilities have been creative: having Zoom classes in ribbon skirt making and beading, supporting individual patients with the ability to have fresh food grown at home, and the development of community gardens.
- Partners have developed clear policies and procedures and trained all staff to support their patients that may be at risk of suicide.

# Resources and Trainings



### **MONTANA'S CAST-S**

Crisis Action School Toolkit on Suicide 2017

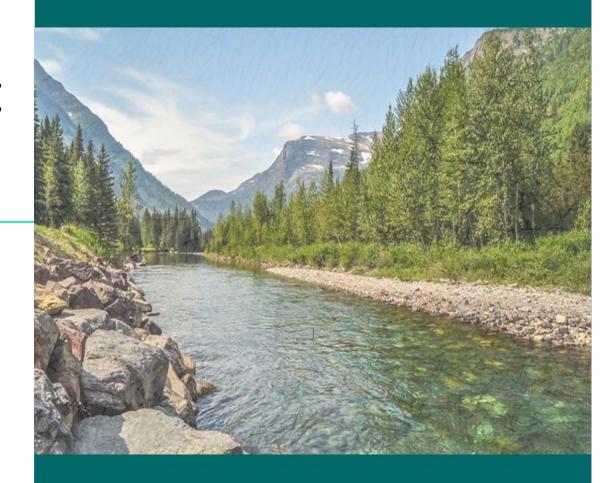


# Other Suicide Prevention Resources for Schools

- Assists high schools and school districts in designing and implementing strategies to prevent and respond to suicides and promote behavioral health. Includes tools to implement a multi-faceted suicide prevention program that responds to the needs and cultures of students and postvention guidelines.
- Available free at www.dphhs.mt.gov/suicideprevention

### Montana Postvention Toolkit

This toolkit is meant to be used after a suicide occurs in your community. It provides a series of action steps that you can take to safely offer support and reduce the risk of additional suicides from occurring in your community. These efforts are collectively referred to as suicide postvention because the response occurs after a suicide has happened. This toolkit was specifically designed to be used in communities in Montana and pulls together helpful community, state-wide, and national postvention resources. Having a community-wide response has been found to be helpful in prevention efforts.



### Responding After a Suicide:

A Toolkit for Communities in Montana

# Evidenced-Based Suicide Prevention Programs



### **QPR**

 A two-hour training that provides anybody the basic tools on how to intervene with a suicidal person

### Other Evidenced-Based Suicide Prevention Programs



### **SOS: Signs of Suicide**

School-based program which aims to raise awareness of suicide and reduce stigma of depression There is also a brief screening for depression and other factors associated with suicidal behavior.

### Mental Health Promotion in our high schools



### **Youth Aware of Mental Health (YAM)**

YAM is an interactive program for adolescents promoting increased discussion and knowledge about mental health, suicide prevention, and the development of problem-solving skills and emotional intelligence.

# Other Evidenced-Based Prevention Programs



### **Good Behavior Game**

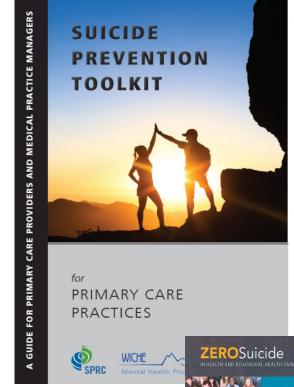
The classroom management strategy is designed to improve aggressive/disruptive classroom behavior. It is implemented when children are in 1<sup>st</sup> or 2<sup>nd</sup> grade in order to provide students with the skills they need to respond to later, possibly negative, life experiences and societal influences. Studies have suggested that implementing the "Good Behavior Game" may delay or prevent onset of suicidal ideations and attempts in early adulthood.

### Other Resources

# **Suicide Prevention Toolkit for Primary Care Physicians**

Suicide assessment and intervention kit designed for healthcare providers practicing in rural communities.

- Training provided every semester for college students in nursing, P.A., social work, counselors, psychology.
- Project ECHO for pediatricians
- Training at numerous medical conferences
- Training for the Montana Medical Association



WHAT IS ZERO SUICIDE

Zero Suicide is a commitment to suicide prevention in health and behavioral health care systems, and also a specific set of tools and strategies. It is both a concept and a practice.



Its core propositions are that suicide deaths for people under care are preventable, and that the bold goal of zero suicides among persons receiving care is an aspirational dhallenge that health systems should accept. The Zero Suicides perposals into to improve care and outcomes for individuals at risk of suicides in health care systems. It represents a commitment to paints safety—the most informatival suppossible of health care and also to the safety and support of clinical staff, who do the demanding work of treating and supporting suicided patients.

The challenge of Zero Suicide is not one to be borne solely by those provising clinical care. Zero Suicide relies on a system-wide approach to improve outcomes and close to great rather than on the heroic efforts of individual practitionisms. This initiative in heating care systems also requires the engagement of the busider community, expossibly suicide steeps surviviors, family members, policymalains, and researchers. Thus, Zero Suicide is a cull to reletinissty pursue a reduction in suicide for those who come to us for cert.

The programmatic approach of Zero Suicide is based on the realization that suicidal individuals other fall firvough multiple cracks in a fragmented and sometimes distracted health ours system, and on the premise that a systematic approach to quality improvement in noisessay. The approach tolks on work done in reversil health care organizations, including the Herly Fold Health System (HFFS) in Michigan, Lie hories leading health care systems, HFFIS applied a riginous quality improvement process to problems each an injection falls and medication envir. HFFIS eached in make and exhaust health care could be similarly improved. This insight led to the development of HFHIS's Perfect Depression Care model, a comprehensive approach that includes suicide prevention as an english quality for providence in quality improved to the development of HFHIS's Perfect Depression Care model, a comprehensive approach that includes suicide prevention as an english quality for providence and evidence development of the providence of the providen





# Skill Building in Healthcare Providers

- Collaboration with the NCMW to provide train-the-trainer in Suicide Safe Care
- Working with CPI @ Columbia to allow licensed behavior health providers in Montana to have access to training modules to earn CEUs.
- DLI (Board of Behavioral Health) and DPHHS collaborated to require all licensed behavior health providers in Montana to have 2 hours of suicide prevention every year.

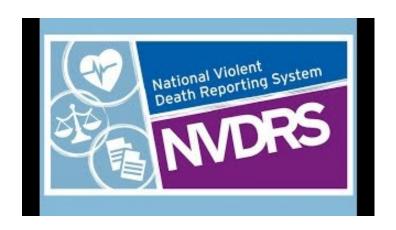
council for Mental Wellbeing



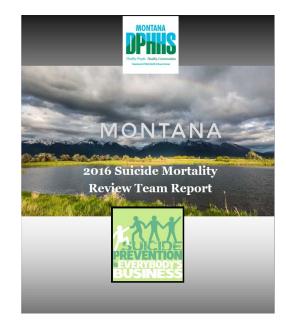


### Data Surveillance

- Montana is now part of the CDC's National Violent Death Reporting System, reviewing every suicide that occurs in the state to better understand the demographics and factors in order to better focus prevention efforts.
- Grief resources provided to the next of kin for every suicide.
- The Suicide Prevention Coordinator is part of the State FICMMR team reviewing youth suicides and the state domestic violence mortality review (murder suicides).







### **HB118 Grants**

(Starting July 1, 2022)

Tamarack Grief Resource Center (Missoula, Browning, CSKT, NW Montana)

Rural Behavioral Health Institute (School screenings and crisis intervention)

Dog Tag Buddies (Veterans)

Guided Healing (Faith-based organizations and healthcare)

RiverStone Health (RSH) (Billings School District and the Native American youth advisory council )

Lewis & Clark County (LOSS Teams)

Cedar Creek Integrated Health (Vet organizations and the MT Consortium of Urban Indian Health)

# ANY QUESTIONS

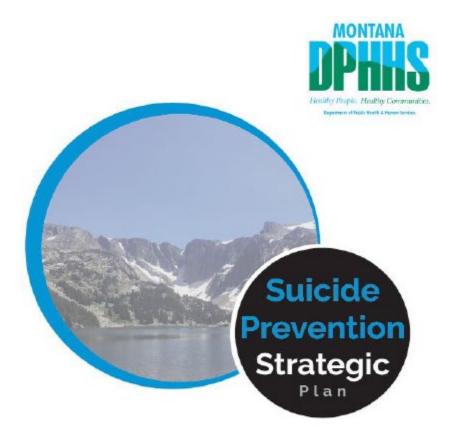
Karl Rosston, LCSW John Tabb, MSW Terrance LaFromboise, MSW-ITR krosston@mt.gov john.tabb@mt.gov terrance.lafromboise@mt.gov



# Goal 1 Implement a suicide prevention program at the department based upon the best available evidence

- Goal 2
   Develop a comprehensive communication plan
- Goal 3
   Identify and use available resources needed to guide state, tribal, county, and localefforts, including crisis response efforts
- Goal 4
   Build a multi-faceted, lifespan approach to suicide prevention
- Goal 5
   Support high quality, privacy-protected suicide morbidity and mortality data collection and analysis

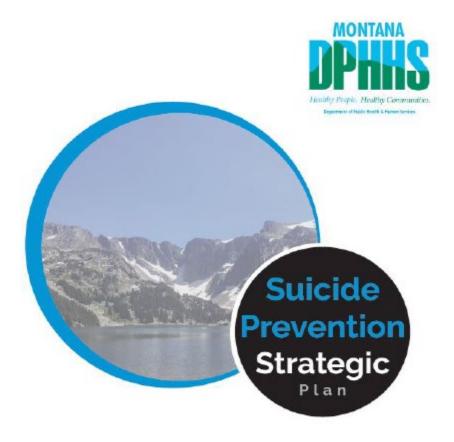




#### Goal 1

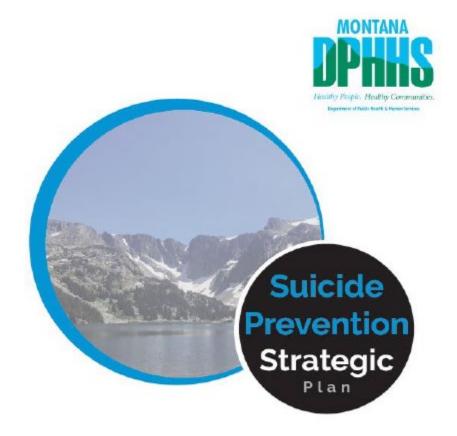
Implement a suicide prevention program at the department based upon the best available evidence

- Implement a biannual suicide prevention action plan
- Coordinate and integrate DPHHS's suicide prevention activities through the Suicide Prevention Program, encouraging crossdepartment collaboration and integration of programs across funding sources
- Provide policy recommendations based on published data, best practices, and statespecific data analysis to DPHHS (as the lead agency) with an eye towards state law and/or policies where relevant



# Goal 2 Develop a comprehensive communication plan

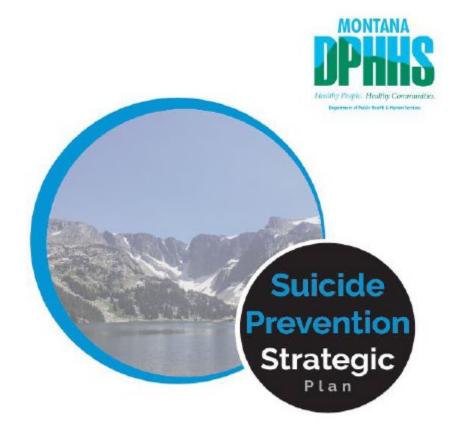
- Research effective suicide prevention messaging and explore resources to create and disseminate public awareness messaging
- Direct resources towards identifying and implementing evidence-based strategies to prevent lethal means through messaging for target groups



#### Goal 3

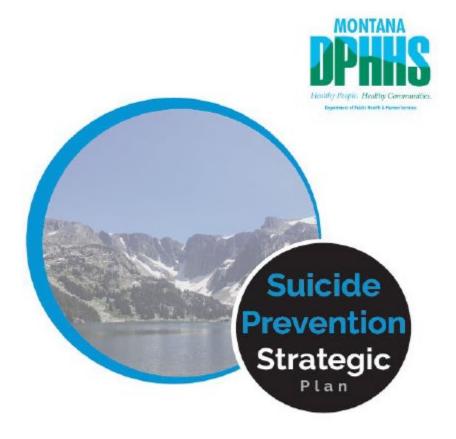
Identify and use available resources needed to guide state, tribal, county, and local efforts, including crisis response efforts<sup>7</sup>

- Oversee an overall suicide prevention training plan for prevention and intervention trainings within communities
- Strengthen the crisis response system infrastructure in Montana
- Engage AI/AN stakeholders in planning for training both in planning for targeted trainings and delivery of these trainings
- Engage AI/AN representation in planning for crisis response system supports including 988 for both urban and reservation based Indian health centers (RESOURCE VERIFICATION)



### Goal 4 Build a multi-faceted, lifespan approach to suicide prevention

- Support efforts to ensure a systematic approach to provide suicide safer care by partnering with healthcare and behavioral health programs in Montana's university settings
- Establish policies, model practices, and develop resources in preparation for post-suicide response (postvention), including in the event of a suicide cluster.
- Develop and support suicide prevention programs for Native Americans
  - Support the PAX Good Behavior Game in all tribal schools.
  - Develop advisory councils on all reservations and in urban Indian centers with a state-wide coordinating group
- Establish a Suicide Prevention Task Force at the state level and receive feedback on actions taken to-date and the Suicide Prevention Strategic Plan
- Encourage tribal and urban health centers to use universal depression and anxiety screening, SUD screening, risk assessment, safety planning, lethal means counseling, and follow up.



### Goal 5

Support high quality, privacy-protected suicide morbidity and mortality data collection and analysis

- Increase the use of data to understand the problem of suicide and effectively target interventions
- Establish a system for using and communicating data