

Unofficial Draft Copy

As of: June 24, 2004 (11:52am)

LC9896

**** Bill No. ****

Introduced By *****

By Request of the *****

A Bill for an Act entitled: "An Act revising the definitions of employee for workers' compensation purposes; providing that neither a sole proprietor, a direct seller, or a real estate, securities, or insurance salesperson paid solely by commission without a minimum earnings guarantee is an employee although each may elect workers' compensation coverage; clarifying the process for various types of employers to elect coverage; amending sections 39-71-118, 39-71-123, and 39-71-401, MCA; and providing an effective date."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Montana:

Section 1. Section 39-71-118, MCA, is amended to read:

"39-71-118. Employee, worker, volunteer, and volunteer firefighter defined. (1) The term "employee" or "worker" means:

(a) each person in this state, including a contractor other than an independent contractor, who is in the service of an employer, as defined by 39-71-117, under any appointment or contract of hire, expressed or implied, oral or written. The terms include:

~~(i) aliens and minors, whether lawfully or unlawfully employed,~~
~~and;~~

~~(ii) all of the elected and appointed paid public officers and;~~

(iii) officers and members of boards of directors of quasi-public or private corporations while rendering actual service for the corporations for pay, except those officers identified in 39-71-401(2), ~~while rendering actual service for the corporations for pay.~~ ; and

(iv) ~~Casual~~ casual employees, as defined by 39-71-116, ~~are included as employees if they are not otherwise covered by workers' compensation and if an employer has elected to be bound by the provisions of the compensation law for these casual employments, as provided in 39-71-401(2). Household or domestic employment is excluded.~~

(b) any juvenile who is performing work under authorization of a district court judge in a delinquency prevention or rehabilitation program;

(c) a person who is receiving on-the-job vocational rehabilitation training or other on-the-job training under a state or federal vocational training program, whether or not under an appointment or contract of hire with an employer, as defined in this chapter, and, except as provided in subsection (9), whether or not receiving payment from a third party. However, this subsection does not apply to students enrolled in vocational training programs, as outlined in this subsection, while they are on the premises of a public school or community college.

(d) an aircrew member or other person who is employed as a volunteer under 67-2-105;

(e) a person, other than a juvenile as defined in

subsection (1)(b), who is performing community service for a nonprofit organization or association or for a federal, state, or local government entity under a court order, or an order from a hearings officer as a result of a probation or parole violation, whether or not under appointment or contract of hire with an employer, as defined in this chapter, and whether or not receiving payment from a third party. For a person covered by the definition in this subsection (1)(e):

(i) compensation benefits must be limited to medical expenses pursuant to 39-71-704 and an impairment award pursuant to 39-71-703 that is based upon the minimum wage established under Title 39, chapter 3, part 4, for a full-time employee at the time of the injury; and

(ii) premiums must be paid by the employer, as defined in 39-71-117(3), and must be based upon the minimum wage established under Title 39, chapter 3, part 4, for the number of hours of community service required under the order from the court or hearings officer.

(f) an inmate working in a federally certified prison industries program authorized under 53-1-301;

(g) a person who is an enrolled member of a volunteer fire department, as described in 7-33-4109, or a person who provides ambulance services under Title 7, chapter 34, part 1; and

(h) a person placed at a public or private entity's worksite pursuant to 53-4-704 is considered an employee for workers' compensation purposes only. The department of public health and human services shall provide workers' compensation

coverage for recipients of financial assistance, as defined in 53-4-201, or for participants in the food stamp program, as defined in 53-2-902, who are placed at public or private worksites through an endorsement to the department of public health and human services' workers' compensation policy naming the public or private worksite entities as named insureds under the policy. The endorsement may cover only the entity's public assistance participants and may only be for the duration of each participant's training while receiving financial assistance or while participating in the food stamp program under a written agreement between the department of public health and human services and each public or private entity. The department of public health and human services may not provide workers' compensation coverage for individuals who are covered for workers' compensation purposes by another state or federal employment training program. Premiums and benefits must be based upon the wage that a probationary employee is paid for work of a similar nature at the assigned worksite.

(2) The terms defined in subsection (1) do not include a person who is:

(a) participating in recreational activity and who at the time is relieved of and is not performing prescribed duties, regardless of whether the person is using, by discount or otherwise, a pass, ticket, permit, device, or other emolument of employment;

(b) performing voluntary service at a recreational facility and who receives no compensation for those services other than

meals, lodging, or the use of the recreational facilities;

(c) performing services as a volunteer, except for a person who is otherwise entitled to coverage under the laws of this state. As used in this subsection (2)(c), "volunteer" means a person who performs services on behalf of an employer, as defined in 39-71-117, but who does not receive wages as defined in 39-71-123.

(d) serving as a foster parent, licensed as a foster care provider in accordance with 52-2-621, and providing care without wage compensation to no more than six foster children in the provider's own residence. The person may receive reimbursement for providing room and board, obtaining training, respite care, leisure and recreational activities, and providing for other needs and activities arising in the provision of in-home foster care.

(e) operating as a sole proprietor, a direct seller as defined by 26 U.S.C. 3508, or a real estate, securities, or insurance salesperson paid solely by commission and without a guarantee of minimum earnings, except that each of these may elect individually to be bound by coverage under this chapter.

(3) With the approval of the insurer, an employer may elect to include as an employee under the provisions of this chapter any volunteer as defined in subsection (2)(c).

(4) (a) The term "volunteer firefighter" means a firefighter who is an enrolled and active member of a fire company organized and funded by a county, a rural fire district, or a fire service area.

Unofficial Draft Copy

As of: June 24, 2004 (11:52am)

LC9896

(b) The term "volunteer hours" means all the time spent by a volunteer firefighter in the service of an employer, including but not limited to training time, response time, and time spent at the employer's premises.

~~(5) (a) If the employer is a partnership, limited liability partnership, sole proprietor, or a member-managed limited liability company, the employer may elect to include as an employee within the provisions of this chapter any member of the partnership or limited liability partnership, the owner of the sole proprietorship, or any member of the limited liability company devoting full time to the partnership, limited liability partnership, proprietorship, or limited liability company business.~~

~~(b) In the event of an election, the employer shall serve upon the employer's insurer written notice naming the partners, sole proprietor, or members to be covered and stating the level of compensation coverage desired by electing the amount of wages to be reported, subject to the limitations in subsection (5) (d). A partner, sole proprietor, or member is not considered an employee within this chapter until notice has been given.~~

~~(c) A change in elected wages must be in writing and is effective at the start of the next quarter following notification.~~

~~(d) All weekly compensation benefits must be based on the amount of elected wages, subject to the minimum and maximum limitations of this subsection. For premium ratemaking and for the determination of the weekly wage for weekly compensation~~

Unofficial Draft Copy

As of: June 24, 2004 (11:52am)

LC9896

~~benefits, the electing employer may elect not less than \$900 a month and not more than 1 1/2 times the average weekly wage, as defined in this chapter.~~

~~—— (6) (a) If the employer is a quasi-public or a private corporation or a manager-managed limited liability company, the employer may elect to include as an employee within the provisions of this chapter any corporate officer or manager exempted under 39-71-401(2).~~

~~—— (b) In the event of an election, the employer shall serve upon the employer's insurer written notice naming the corporate officer or manager to be covered and stating the level of compensation coverage desired by electing the amount of wages to be reported, subject to the limitations in subsection (5)(d). A corporate officer or manager is not considered an employee within this chapter until notice has been given.~~

~~—— (c) A change in elected wages must be in writing and is effective at the start of the next quarter following notification.~~

~~—— (d) All weekly compensation benefits must be based on the amount of elected wages, subject to the minimum and maximum limitations of this subsection. For premium ratemaking and for the determination of the weekly wage for weekly compensation benefits, the electing employer may elect not less than \$200 a week and not more than 1 1/2 times the average weekly wage, as defined in this chapter.~~

~~—— (7) (a) (5) (a) The trustees of a rural fire district, a county governing body providing rural fire protection, or the~~

county commissioners or trustees for a fire service area may elect to include as an employee within the provisions of this chapter any volunteer firefighter. A volunteer firefighter who receives workers' compensation coverage under this section may not receive disability benefits under Title 19, chapter 17.

(b) In the event of an election, the employer shall report payroll for all volunteer firefighters for premium and weekly benefit purposes based on the number of volunteer hours of each firefighter times the average weekly wage divided by 40 hours, subject to a maximum of 1 1/2 times the average weekly wage.

(c) A self-employed sole proprietor or partner who has elected not to be covered under this chapter, but who is covered as a volunteer firefighter pursuant to subsection ~~(7)(a)~~ (5)(a) and when injured in the course and scope of employment as a volunteer firefighter, may in addition to the benefits described in subsection ~~(7)(b)~~ (5)(b) be eligible for benefits at an assumed wage of the minimum wage established under Title 39, chapter 3, part 4, for 2,080 hours a year. The trustees of a rural fire district, a county governing body providing rural fire protection, or the county commissioners or trustees for a fire service area may make an election for benefits. If an election is made, payrolls must be reported and premiums must be assessed on the assumed wage.

~~(8)(6)~~ Except as provided in chapter 8 of this title, an employee or worker in this state whose services are furnished by a person, association, contractor, firm, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or corporation, other

than a temporary service contractor, to an employer, as defined in 39-71-117, is presumed to be under the control and employment of the employer. This presumption may be rebutted as provided in 39-71-117(3).

~~(9)~~(7) A student currently enrolled in an elementary, secondary, or postsecondary educational institution who is participating in work-based learning activities and who is paid wages by the educational institution or business partner is the employee of the entity that pays the student's wages for all purposes under this chapter. A student who is not paid wages by the business partner or the educational institution is a volunteer and is subject to the provisions of this chapter.

~~(10)~~(8) For purposes of this section, an "employee or worker in this state" means:

(a) a resident of Montana who is employed by an employer and whose employment duties are primarily carried out or controlled within this state;

(b) a nonresident of Montana whose principal employment duties are conducted within this state on a regular basis for an employer;

(c) a nonresident employee of an employer from another state engaged in the construction industry, as defined in 39-71-116, within this state; or

(d) a nonresident of Montana who does not meet the requirements of subsection ~~(10)~~(8)(b) and whose employer elects coverage with an insurer that allows an election for an employer whose:

- (i) nonresident employees are hired in Montana;
- (ii) nonresident employees' wages are paid in Montana;
- (iii) nonresident employees are supervised in Montana; and
- (iv) business records are maintained in Montana.

(11) An insurer may require coverage for all nonresident employees of a Montana employer who do not meet the requirements of subsection ~~(10)(b)~~ (8)(b) or ~~(10)(d)~~ (8)(d) as a condition of approving the election under subsection ~~(10)(d)~~ (8)(d)."

{ *Internal References to 39-71-118:*

39-71-117 x	39-71-123 a	39-71-401 a	39-71-401 a
39-71-744 x	39-72-102 x	50-71-102 x	

Section 2. Section , MCA, is amended to read:

"39-71-123. Wages defined. (1) "Wages" means all remuneration paid for services performed by an employee for an employer, or income provided for in subsection (1)(d). Wages include the cash value of all remuneration paid in any medium other than cash. The term includes but is not limited to:

(a) commissions, bonuses, and remuneration at the regular hourly rate for overtime work, holidays, vacations, and periods of sickness;

(b) backpay or any similar pay made for or in regard to previous service by the employee for the employer, other than retirement or pension benefits from a qualified plan;

(c) tips or other gratuities received by the employee, to the extent that tips or gratuities are documented by the employee to the employer for tax purposes;

(d) income or payment in the form of a draw, wage, net

profit, or substitute for money received or taken by a sole proprietor or partner, regardless of whether the sole proprietor or partner has performed work or provided services for that remuneration;

(e) board, lodging, rent, or housing if it constitutes a part of the employee's remuneration and is based on its actual value; and

(f) payments made to an employee on any basis other than time worked, including but not limited to piecework, an incentive plan, or profit-sharing arrangement.

(2) The term "wages" does not include any of the following:

(a) employee expense reimbursements or allowances for meals, lodging, travel, subsistence, and other expenses, as set forth in department rules;

(b) the amount of the payment made by the employer for employees, if the payment was made for:

(i) retirement or pension pursuant to a qualified plan as defined under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code;

(ii) sickness or accident disability under a workers' compensation policy;

(iii) medical or hospitalization expenses in connection with sickness or accident disability, including health insurance for the employee or the employee's immediate family;

(iv) death, including life insurance for the employee or the employee's immediate family;

(c) vacation or sick leave benefits accrued but not paid;

(d) special rewards for individual invention or discovery;

or

(e) monetary and other benefits paid to a person as part of public assistance, as defined in 53-4-201.

(3) (a) Except as provided in subsection (3)(b), for compensation benefit purposes, the average actual earnings for the four pay periods immediately preceding the injury are the employee's wages, except that if the term of employment for the same employer is less than four pay periods, the employee's wages are the hourly rate times the number of hours in a week for which the employee was hired to work.

(b) For good cause shown, if the use of the last four pay periods does not accurately reflect the claimant's employment history with the employer, the wage may be calculated by dividing the total earnings for an additional period of time, not to exceed 1 year prior to the date of injury, by the number of weeks in that period, including periods of idleness or seasonal fluctuations.

(4) (a) For the purpose of calculating compensation benefits for an employee working concurrent employments, the average actual wages must be calculated as provided in subsection (3). As used in this subsection, "concurrent employment" means employment in which the employee was actually employed at the time of the injury and would have continued to be employed without a break in the term of employment if not for the injury.

(b) Except as provided in ~~39-71-118(7)(c)~~39-71-118(5)(c), the compensation benefits for a covered volunteer must be based on the average actual wages in the volunteer's regular

employment, except self-employment as a sole proprietor or partner who elected not to be covered, from which the volunteer is disabled by the injury incurred.

(c) The compensation benefits for an employee working at two or more concurrent remunerated employments must be based on the aggregate of average actual wages of all employments, except for the wages earned by individuals while engaged in the employments outlined in 39-71-401(3)(a) who elected not to be covered, from which the employee is disabled by the injury incurred."

{ Internal References to 39-71-123:

39-71-116 * 39-71-118 * 39-71-302 * 39-72-102 * }

Section 3. Section 39-71-401, MCA, is amended to read:

"39-71-401. Employments covered and employments exempted.

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2), the Workers' Compensation Act applies to all employers, as defined in 39-71-117, and to all employees, as defined in 39-71-118. An employer who has any employee in service under any appointment or contract of hire, expressed or implied, oral or written, shall elect to be bound by the provisions of compensation plan No. 1, 2, or 3. Each employee whose employer is bound by the Workers' Compensation Act is subject to and bound by the compensation plan that has been elected by the employer.

(2) Unless the employer elects coverage for these employments under this chapter and an insurer allows an election, the Workers' Compensation Act does not apply to any of the

following employments:

(a) household and domestic employment as defined in 39-71-116;

(b) casual employment as defined in 39-71-116;

(c) employment of a dependent member of an employer's family for whom an exemption may be claimed by the employer under the federal Internal Revenue Code;

(d) (i) employment of sole proprietors, working members of a partnership, working members of a limited liability partnership, or working members of a member-managed limited liability company who devote full time to the partnership, limited liability partnership, or limited liability company business, except as provided in subsection (3);

(ii) If the partnership, limited liability partnership or member-managed liability company elects to include as an employee within the provisions of this chapter any person listed in subsection (2)(d)(i), that person is not considered an employee within this chapter until notice has been given pursuant to subsection (4);

~~(e) employment of a real estate, securities, or insurance salesperson paid solely by commission and without a guarantee of minimum earnings;~~

~~(f) employment as a direct seller as defined by 26 U.S.C. 3508;~~

~~(g)(e) employment for which a rule of liability for injury, occupational disease, or death is provided under the laws of the United States;~~

Unofficial Draft Copy

As of: June 24, 2004 (11:52am)

LC9896

~~(h)(f)~~ employment of a person performing ~~services~~ voluntary service as described in 39-71-118(2)(b) ~~in return for aid or sustenance only~~, except employment of a volunteer under 67-2-105;

~~(i)(g)~~ employment with a railroad engaged in interstate commerce, except that railroad construction work is included in and subject to the provisions of this chapter;

~~(j)(h)~~ employment as an official, including a timer, referee, umpire, or judge, at an amateur athletic event;

~~(k)(i)~~ employment of a person performing services as a newspaper carrier or freelance correspondent if the person performing the services or a parent or guardian of the person performing the services in the case of a minor has acknowledged in writing that the person performing the services and the services are not covered. As used in this subsection, "freelance correspondent" is a person who submits articles or photographs for publication and is paid by the article or by the photograph. As used in this subsection, "newspaper carrier":

(i) is a person who provides a newspaper with the service of delivering newspapers singly or in bundles; but

(ii) does not include an employee of the paper who, incidentally to the employee's main duties, carries or delivers papers.

~~(l)(j)~~ cosmetologist's services and barber's services as defined in 39-51-204(1)(e);

~~(m)(k)~~ a person who is employed by an enrolled tribal member or an association, business, corporation, or other entity that is at least 51% owned by an enrolled tribal member or

members, whose business is conducted solely within the exterior boundaries of an Indian reservation;

~~(n)~~(l) employment of a jockey who is performing under a license issued by the board of horseracing from the time that the jockey reports to the scale room prior to a race through the time that the jockey is weighed out after a race if the jockey has acknowledged in writing, as a condition of licensing by the board of horseracing, that the jockey is not covered under the Workers' Compensation Act while performing services as a jockey;

~~(o)~~(m) employment of a trainer, assistant trainer, exercise person, or pony person who is performing services under a license issued by the board of horseracing while on the grounds of a licensed race meet;

~~(p)~~(n) employment of an employer's spouse for whom an exemption based on marital status may be claimed by the employer under 26 U.S.C. 7703;

~~(q)~~(o) a person who performs services as a petroleum land professional. As used in this subsection, a "petroleum land professional" is a person who:

(i) is engaged primarily in negotiating for the acquisition or divestiture of mineral rights or in negotiating a business agreement for the exploration or development of minerals;

(ii) is paid for services that are directly related to the completion of a contracted specific task rather than on an hourly wage basis; and

(iii) performs all services as an independent contractor pursuant to a written contract.

~~(r)~~(p) an officer of a quasi-public or a private corporation or manager of a manager-managed limited liability company who qualifies under one or more of the following provisions:

(i) the officer or manager is not engaged in the ordinary duties of a worker for the corporation or the limited liability company and does not receive any pay from the corporation or the limited liability company for performance of the duties;

(ii) the officer or manager is engaged primarily in household employment for the corporation or the limited liability company;

(iii) the officer or manager either:

(A) owns 20% or more of the number of shares of stock in the corporation or owns 20% or more of the limited liability company; or

(B) owns less than 20% of the number of shares of stock in the corporation or limited liability company if the officer's or manager's shares when aggregated with the shares owned by a person or persons listed in subsection (2)(r)(iv) total 20% or more of the number of shares in the corporation or limited liability company; or

(iv) the officer or manager is the spouse, child, adopted child, stepchild, mother, father, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, nephew, niece, brother, or sister of a corporate officer who meets the requirements of subsection (2)(r)(iii)(A) or (2)(r)(iii)(B).

~~(s)~~(q) a person who is an officer or a manager of a ditch

company as defined in 27-1-731;

~~(t)~~(r) service performed by an ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister of a church in the exercise of the church's ministry or by a member of a religious order in the exercise of duties required by the order;

~~(u)~~(s) service performed to provide companionship services, as defined in 29 CFR 552.6, or respite care for individuals who, because of age or infirmity, are unable to care for themselves when the person providing the service is employed directly by a family member or an individual who is a legal guardian;

~~(v)~~(t) employment of a person who is not an employee or worker in this state as defined in ~~39-71-118(10)~~ 39-71-118(8).

(3) (a) A sole proprietor, a working member of a partnership, a working member of a limited liability partnership, or a working member of a member-managed limited liability company who represents to the public that the person is an independent contractor shall elect to be bound personally and individually by the provisions of compensation plan No. 1, 2, or 3 but may apply to the department for an exemption from the Workers' Compensation Act.

(b) The application must be made in accordance with the rules adopted by the department. There is a \$17 fee for the initial application. Any subsequent application renewal must be accompanied by a \$17 application fee. The application fee must be deposited in the administration fund established in 39-71-201 to offset the costs of administering the program.

(c) When an application is approved by the department, it

is conclusive as to the status of an independent contractor and precludes the applicant from obtaining benefits under this chapter.

(d) The exemption, if approved, remains in effect for 2 years following the date of the department's approval. To maintain the independent contractor status, an independent contractor shall submit a renewal application every 2 years. The renewal application and the \$17 renewal application fee must be received by the department at least 30 days before the anniversary date of the previously approved exemption.

(e) A person who makes a false statement or misrepresentation concerning that person's status as an exempt independent contractor is subject to a civil penalty of \$1,000. The department may impose the penalty for each false statement or misrepresentation. The penalty must be paid to the uninsured employers' fund. The lien provisions of 39-71-506 apply to the penalty imposed by this section.

(f) If the department denies the application for exemption, the applicant may, after mediation pursuant to department rules, contest the denial by petitioning the workers' compensation court.

(4) (a) ~~A corporation or a manager-managed limited liability company shall provide coverage for its employees under the provisions of compensation plan No. 1, 2, or 3.~~ A quasi-public corporation, a private corporation, or a manager-managed limited liability company may elect coverage for its corporate officers or managers, who are otherwise exempt

under subsection (2), by giving a written notice in the following manner:

(i) if the employer has elected to be bound by the provisions of compensation plan No. 1, by delivering ~~the notice~~ to the board of directors of the corporation or to the management organization of the manager-managed limited liability company; ~~or~~ written notice containing:

(A) the name of the employee to be covered; and

(B) the level of coverage desired by electing the amount of wages to be reported. All weekly indemnity benefits must be based on the amount of elected wages, subject to the minimum and maximum limitations of this subsection (4) (a) (i) (B). For premium ratemaking and for the determination of the weekly wage for weekly indemnity benefits, the electing employer may elect not less than \$200 a week and not more than 1 1/2 times the state's average weekly wage, as defined in this chapter.

(ii) if the employer has elected to be bound by the provisions of compensation plan No. 2 or 3, by delivering ~~the~~ written notice to the board of directors of the corporation or to the management organization of the manager-managed limited liability company and to the insurer with the same information listed in subsection (4) (a) (i) (B).

(b) A sole proprietor, partnership, limited liability partnership, or a member-managed liability company may elect coverage for employees who are otherwise exempt under subsection (2) by serving upon the employer's insurer written notice naming the sole proprietor, partners, or members to be covered and

stating the level of indemnity coverage desired by electing the amount of wages to be reported, subject to the limitations in subsection (4)(b)(i).

(i) All weekly indemnity benefits must be based on the amount of elected wages, subject to the minimum and maximum limitations of this subsection. For premium ratemaking and for the determination of the weekly wage for weekly indemnity benefits, the electing employer may elect not less than \$900 a month and not more than 1 1/2 times the state's average weekly wage, as defined in this chapter.

(ii) A sole proprietor, partner or member is not considered an employee within this chapter until notice has been given.

(c) A change in elected wages must be in writing and is effective at the start of the next quarter following notification.

(d) If the employer changes plans or insurers, the employer's previous election is not effective and the employer shall again serve notice to its insurer and to its board of directors or the employer's management organization of the ~~manager-managed limited liability company~~ if the employer elects to be bound.

(5) The appointment or election of an employee as an officer of a corporation, a partner in a partnership, a partner in a limited liability partnership, or a member in or a manager of a limited liability company for the purpose of exempting the employee from coverage under this chapter does not entitle the officer, partner, member, or manager to exemption from coverage.

(6) Each employer shall post a sign in the workplace at the locations where notices to employees are normally posted, informing employees about the employer's current provision of workers' compensation insurance. A workplace is any location where an employee performs any work-related act in the course of employment, regardless of whether the location is temporary or permanent, and includes the place of business or property of a third person while the employer has access to or control over the place of business or property for the purpose of carrying on the employer's usual trade, business, or occupation. The sign must be provided by the department, distributed through insurers or directly by the department, and posted by employers in accordance with rules adopted by the department. An employer who purposely or knowingly fails to post a sign as provided in this subsection is subject to a \$50 fine for each citation."

{Internal References to 39-71-401:

3-5-601x	27-1-520 x	39-8-207 x	39-51-204 x
39-51-604 x	39-71-117 x	39-71-118 a	39-71-118 a
39-71-118 a	39-71-123 a	39-71-201 x	39-71-415 x
39-71-501 x	45-7-501 x}		

NEW SECTION. **Section 4.** {standard} **Effective date.** [This act] is effective July 1, 2005.

{Name : Pat Murdo
 Title : Legislative Research Analyst
 Agency : Legislative Services Division
 Phone : 444-3594
 E-Mail : pmurdo@mt.gov}