

Unofficial Draft Copy - CJOC 5.3

For review by the Criminal Justice Oversight Council on 11/15/2022

67th Legislature

To submit public comment on this draft, click here

CJOC 5.3

Drafter: Milly Allen, 406-444-9280

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

**** BILL NO. ****

INTRODUCED BY ****

BY REQUEST OF THE ****

A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT MAKING THEFT OF A LIGHT VEHICLE A FELONY;
REVISING SENTENCING LAWS FOR THEFT; AND AMENDING SECTION 45-6-301, MCA; AMENDING
SECTION 45-6-301, MCA."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:

Section 1. Section 45-6-301, MCA, is amended to read:

"45-6-301. Theft. (1) A person commits the offense of theft when the person purposely or knowingly obtains or exerts unauthorized control over property of the owner and:

(a) has the purpose of depriving the owner of the property;

(b) purposely or knowingly uses, conceals, or abandons the property in a manner that deprives the owner of the property; or

(c) uses, conceals, or abandons the property knowing that the use, concealment, or abandonment probably will deprive the owner of the property.

(2) A person commits the offense of theft when the person purposely or knowingly obtains by threat or deception control over property of the owner and:

(a) has the purpose of depriving the owner of the property;

(b) purposely or knowingly uses, conceals, or abandons the property in a manner that deprives the owner of the property; or

(c) uses, conceals, or abandons the property knowing that the use, concealment, or abandonment probably will deprive the owner of the property.

(3) A person commits the offense of theft when the person purposely or knowingly obtains control over stolen property knowing the property to have been stolen by another and:

(a) has the purpose of depriving the owner of the property;

Unofficial Draft Copy - CJOC 5.3

For review on 11/15/2022

Drafter: Milly Allen, 406-444-9280

67th Legislature

CJOC 5.3

1 (b) purposely or knowingly uses, conceals, or abandons the property in a manner that deprives the
2 owner of the property; or

3 (c) uses, conceals, or abandons the property knowing that the use, concealment, or abandonment
4 probably will deprive the owner of the property.

5 (4) A person commits the offense of theft when the person purposely or knowingly obtains or exerts
6 unauthorized control over any part of any public assistance provided under Title 52 or 53 by a state or county
7 agency, regardless of the original source of assistance, by means of:

8 (a) a knowingly false statement, representation, or impersonation; or

9 (b) a fraudulent scheme or device.

10 (5) A person commits the offense of theft when the person purposely or knowingly obtains or exerts or
11 helps another obtain or exert unauthorized control over any part of any benefits provided under Title 39, chapter
12 71, by means of:

13 (a) a knowingly false statement, representation, or impersonation; or

14 (b) deception or other fraudulent action.

15 (6) A person commits the offense of theft of property by embezzlement when, with the purpose to
16 deprive the owner of the property, the person:

17 (a) purposely or knowingly obtains or exerts unauthorized control over property of the person's
18 employer or over property entrusted to the person; or

19 (b) purposely or knowingly obtains by deception control over property of the person's employer or
20 over property entrusted to the person.

21 (7) (a) Except as provided in subsections (7)(b), ~~(7)(d)~~, and (7)(~~ed~~), a person convicted of a first
22 offense of the offense of theft of property not exceeding \$1,500 in value shall be fined an amount not to exceed
23 \$500. A person convicted of a second offense shall be fined an amount not to exceed \$500 or be imprisoned in
24 the county jail for a term not to exceed 6 months, or both. A person convicted of a third or subsequent offense
25 shall be fined an amount not to exceed \$500 and be imprisoned in the county jail for a term of not less than 5
26 days or more than 1 year.

27 (b) (i) Except as provided in subsections (7)(c) and (7)(e), a person convicted of the offense of theft
28 of property that exceeds \$1,500 in value and does not exceed \$5,000 in value shall be fined an amount not to

Unofficial Draft Copy - CJOC 5.3

For review on 11/15/2022

Drafter: Milly Allen, 406-444-9280

67th Legislature

CJOC 5.3

1 exceed \$1,500 or be imprisoned in the state prison for a term not to exceed 3 years, or both. A person
2 convicted of a second offense shall be fined an amount not to exceed \$1,500 or be imprisoned in the state
3 prison for a term not to exceed 5 years, or both. A person convicted of a third or subsequent offense shall be
4 imprisoned in the state prison for a term of not less than 2 years or more than 5 years and may be fined an
5 amount not to exceed \$5,000.

6 (ii) A person convicted of the theft of property exceeding \$5,000 in value or as part of a common
7 scheme as defined in 45-2-101, or the theft of any amount of anhydrous ammonia for the purpose of
8 manufacturing dangerous drugs, shall be fined an amount not to exceed \$10,000 or be imprisoned in a state
9 prison for a term not to exceed 10 years, or both.

10 (iii) A person convicted of the theft of any commonly domesticated hoofed animal shall be fined an
11 amount of not less than \$5,000 or more than \$50,000 or be imprisoned in a state prison for a term not to
12 exceed 10 years, or both. If a prison term is deferred, the court shall order the offender to perform 416 hours of
13 community service during a 1-year period, in the offender's county of residence. In addition to the fine and
14 imprisonment, the offender's property is subject to criminal forfeiture pursuant to 45-6-328 and 45-6-329.

15 (c) A person convicted of the offense of theft of property exceeding \$10,000 in value by
16 embezzlement shall be imprisoned in a state prison for a term of not less than 1 year or more than 10 years
17 and may be fined an amount not to exceed \$50,000. The court may, in its discretion, place the person on
18 probation with the requirement that restitution be made under terms set by the court. If the terms are not met,
19 the required prison term may be ordered.

20 (d) A person convicted of a first offense for the offense of theft of property not exceeding \$1,500 in
21 value and who utilized an emergency exit in furtherance of that offense shall be fined an amount not to exceed
22 \$500 or be imprisoned in the county jail for a term not to exceed 6 months, or both. On a second conviction, the
23 offender shall be fined an amount not to exceed \$1,000 or be imprisoned in the county jail for a term not to
24 exceed 1 year, or both. On a third conviction, the offender shall be fined an amount not to exceed \$5,000 and
25 be imprisoned in the county jail for a term of not less than 5 days or more than 1 year.

26 (e) A person convicted of the offense of theft of property of a light vehicle of any value shall be fined
27 an amount not to exceed \$50,000 or be imprisoned in a state prison for a term not to exceed 10 years, or both.

28 (8) Amounts involved in thefts committed pursuant to a common scheme or the same transaction,

Unofficial Draft Copy - CJOC 5.3

For review on 11/15/2022

Drafter: Milly Allen, 406-444-9280

67th Legislature

CJOC 5.3

1 whether from the same person or several persons, may be aggregated in determining the value of the property.

2 (9) A person convicted of the offense of theft of property not exceeding \$100 in value is presumed to
3 qualify for a deferred imposition of sentence as long as the person has not been convicted of a misdemeanor or
4 felony offense in the past 5 years."

5

6

- END -

DRAFT